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## (54) Title: HUMAN TRANSCRIPTIONAL REGULATOR MOLECULES

## (57) Abstract

The invention provides human transcriptional regulator molecules (HTRM) and polynucleotides which identify and encode HTRM. The invention also provides expression vectors, host cells, antibodies, agonists and antagonists. The invention also provides methods for diagnosing, treating or preventing disorders associated with expression of HTRM.

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#### **HUMAN TRANSCRIPTIONAL REGULATOR MOLECULES**

## **TECHNICAL FIELD**

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This invention relates to nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of human transcriptional regulator molecules and to the use of these sequences in the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of cell proliferative and immune disorders.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Differential control of gene expression is essential to the growth and development of all multicellular organisms. Although gene expression can be controlled at many steps along the path from DNA to protein, the major control point for most genes is at the initiation of transcription. This critical step is regulated both positively and negatively by a combination of general and tissue specific transcription factors, the majority of which function to regulate transcription of one or more target genes.

Mutations in transcription factors (TFs) contribute to oncogenesis. This is probably due to the role of transcription factors on the expression of genes involved in cell proliferation. For example, mutations in transcription factors encoded by proto-oncogenes, such as Fos, Jun. Myc, Rel, and Spi-1, may be oncogenic due to increased stimulation of cell proliferation. Conversely, mutations in transcription factors encoded by tumor suppressor genes, such as p53, RB1, and WT1, may be oncogenic due to decreased inhibition of cell proliferation. (Latchman, D. (1995) Gene Regulation: A Eukaryotic Perspective, Chapman and Hall, London, UK, pp 242-255.)

Many transcription factors are modular proteins that contain separate domains for DNA binding and transcriptional regulation. The DNA binding domain interacts with specific DNA sequences (control elements) near to or within the promoter region of the gene. This interaction brings the regulatory domain of the TF into a position where it can interact with other proteins to stimulate or repress transcription. Many TFs require dimerization or multimerization to be fully functional. Five different types of transcription factors have been described based on five well characterized structural motifs. These five types are the helix-turn-helix, zinc finger, leucine zipper, and helix-loop-helix (HLH) proteins and the steroid-hormone receptors.

The helix-turn-helix motif consists of two  $\alpha$  helices held at a fixed angle. The two helices are connected by a short chain of amino acids, which represents the "turn". The more carboxylterminal helix is called the recognition helix and fits into the major groove of the DNA double helix. The recognition helix, whose amino acid side chains differ from protein to protein, plays an

important role in recognizing the specific DNA sequence to which the protein binds. All of the helix-turn-helix proteins bind DNA as dimers in which the two copies of the recognition helix are separated by exactly one turn of the DNA helix. Homeodomain proteins are a special class of helix-turn-helix protein. The homeodomain is folded into three  $\alpha$  helices which are packed tightly together by hydrophobic interactions. Helices two and three closely resemble the helix-turn-helix motif, with the third helix acting as the recognition helix. Proteins containing homeodomain motifs often function as developmental switches.

The zinc finger motif consists of an  $\alpha$  helix and antiparallel  $\beta$  sheet held together by a zinc atom. The zinc finger motif is usually repeated in a tandem array within a protein, such that the  $\alpha$  helix of each zinc finger in the protein makes contact with the major groove of the DNA double helix. This repeated contact between the protein and the DNA produces a strong and specific DNA-protein interaction. The strength and specificity of the interaction can be regulated by the number of zinc finger motifs within the protein.

The leucine zipper motif consists of a single  $\alpha$  helix which is involved in both protein dimerization and DNA binding. Two proteins containing leucine zippers can dimerize by interactions between hydrophobic amino acid residues, commonly leucines, that extend from one side of their respective  $\alpha$  helices. In this way, the  $\alpha$  helices of each protein monomer dimerize to form a short coiled-coil. Just beyond this coiled-coil, the two  $\alpha$  helices separate to form a Y-shaped structure which contacts the major groove of the DNA. Leucine zipper proteins may form homodimers, in which the two protein monomers are identical, or heterodimers, in which the two protein monomers are different. The specificity of DNA binding depends on the dimer formed, since each protein monomer has distinct DNA-binding specificities.

The helix-loop-helix (HLH) motif consists of a short α helix connected by a loop to a second, longer α helix. The flexible loop allows the two helices to fold back and pack together.

25 As with the leucine zipper, the HLH motif is involved in both protein dimerization and DNA binding. The dimers can be homodimers or heterodimers, thus increasing the repertoire of DNA-binding sites to which HLH proteins can bind.

The steroid-hormone receptors contain a motif composed of two perpendicular α helices. In the absence of ligand the steroid-hormone receptors assume a conformation which sequesters the α helices. Binding of ligand, commonly steroid hormones, thyroid hormones, retinoids, or vitamin D, to the receptor causes a conformational change which exposes the α helices. The first α helix contains about seventy residues and includes eight conserved cysteines. This helix fits into the major groove of the DNA double helix and enables DNA-receptor binding. The second α helix provides for protein dimerization. As with leucine zipper and HLH proteins, both

Hundreds of regulatory proteins from a wide variety of organisms have been identified.

Most of these proteins have at least one of the common structural motifs described. However, several important regulatory proteins, including the p53 tumor suppressor, have a unique structure not shared with other known regulatory molecules. (Faisst, S. and S. Meyer (1992) Nucl. Acids

Res. 20:3-26.) Moreover, other domains of the regulatory proteins often form crucial contacts with the DNA, thereby affecting binding specificity. Accessory proteins can also provide important interactions which may convert a particular regulatory protein from an activator to a repressor. from a repressor to an activator, or it may prevent DNA binding by the regulatory protein completely.

The discovery of new human transcriptional regulator molecules and the polynucleotides encoding them satisfies a need in the art by providing new compositions which are useful in the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of cell proliferative and immune disorders.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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The invention features substantially purified polypeptides, human transcriptional regulator molecules, referred to collectively as "HTRM". In one aspect, the invention provides a substantially purified polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of

20 SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof.

The invention further provides a substantially purified variant having at least 90% amino acid identity to at least one of the amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID

NO:1-65, and fragments thereof. The invention also provides an isolated and purified
polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the
group consisting of

SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof. The invention also includes an isolated and purified polynucleotide variant having at least 70% polynucleotide sequence identity to the polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting

SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof.

Additionally, the invention provides an isolated and purified polynucleotide which hybridizes under stringent conditions to the polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof. The invention also provides an isolated and purified polynucleotide having a sequence which is complementary to the polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide comprising the amino

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acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof.

The invention also provides an isolated and purified polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:66-130, and fragments thereof. The invention further provides an isolated and purified polynucleotide variant having at 5 least 70% polynucleotide sequence identity to the polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:66-130, and fragments thereof. The invention also provides an isolated and purified polynucleotide having a sequence which is complementary to the polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:66-130, and fragments thereof.

The invention also provides a method for detecting a polynucleotide in a sample containing nucleic acids, the method comprising the steps of (a) hybridizing the complement of the polynucleotide sequence to at least one of the polynucleotides of the sample, thereby forming a hybridization complex; and (b) detecting the hybridization complex, wherein the presence of the hybridization complex correlates with the presence of a polynucleotide in the sample. In one aspect, the method further comprises amplifying the polynucleotide prior to hybridization.

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The invention further provides an expression vector containing at least a fragment of the polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof. In another aspect, the expression vector is contained within a host cell.

The invention also provides a method for producing a polypeptide, the method comprising the steps of: (a) culturing the host cell containing an expression vector containing at least a fragment of a polynucleotide under conditions suitable for the expression of the polypeptide; and (b) recovering the polypeptide from the host cell culture.

The invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a substantially 25 purified polypeptide having the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof, in conjunction with a suitable pharmaceutical carrier.

The invention further includes a purified antibody which binds to a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof. The invention also provides a purified agonist and a purified antagonist to the polypeptide.

The invention also provides a method for treating or preventing a disorder of cell proliferation associated with decreased expression or activity of HTRM, the method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising a substantially purified polypeptide having the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof, in conjunction 35 with a suitable pharmaceutical carrier.

The invention also provides a method for treating or preventing a disorder of cell proliferation associated with increased expression or activity of HTRM, the method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment an effective amount of an antagonist of a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-5 65, and fragments thereof.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE TABLES

Table 1 shows nucleotide and polypeptide sequence identification numbers (SEQ ID NO), clone identification numbers (clone ID), cDNA libraries, and cDNA fragments used to assemble full-length sequences encoding HTRM.

Table 2 shows features of each polypeptide sequence including potential motifs. homologous sequences, and methods and algorithms used for identification of HTRM.

Table 3 shows the tissue-specific expression patterns of each nucleic acid sequence as determined by northern analysis, diseases, disorders, or conditions associated with these tissues, and the vector into which each cDNA was cloned.

Table 4 describes the tissues used to construct the cDNA libraries from which Incyte cDNA clones encoding HTRM were isolated.

Table 5 shows the programs, their descriptions, references, and threshold parameters used to analyze HTRM.

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### DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Before the present proteins, nucleotide sequences, and methods are described, it is understood that this invention is not limited to the particular machines, materials and methods described, as these may vary. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only, and is not intended to limit the scope of the present invention which will be limited only by the appended claims.

It must be noted that as used herein and in the appended claims, the singular forms "a,"

"an," and "the" include plural reference unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Thus, for
example, a reference to "a host cell" includes a plurality of such host cells, and a reference to "an
antibody" is a reference to one or more antibodies and equivalents thereof known to those skilled
in the art, and so forth.

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meanings as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. Although any machines, materials, and methods similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used to practice or test the present invention, the preferred machines, materials and

methods are now described. All publications mentioned herein are cited for the purpose of describing and disclosing the cell lines, protocols, reagents and vectors which are reported in the publications and which might be used in connection with the invention. Nothing herein is to be construed as an admission that the invention is not entitled to antedate such disclosure by virtue of prior invention.

## **DEFINITIONS**

"HTRM" refers to the amino acid sequences of substantially purified HTRM obtained from any species, particularly a mammalian species, including bovine, ovine, porcine, murine, equine, and preferably the human species, from any source, whether natural, synthetic,

10 semi-synthetic, or recombinant.

The term "agonist" refers to a molecule which, when bound to HTRM, increases or prolongs the duration of the effect of HTRM. Agonists may include proteins, nucleic acids, carbohydrates, or any other molecules which bind to and modulate the effect of HTRM.

An "allelic variant" is an alternative form of the gene encoding HTRM. Allelic variants

may result from at least one mutation in the nucleic acid sequence and may result in altered

mRNAs or in polypeptides whose structure or function may or may not be altered. Any given

natural or recombinant gene may have none, one, or many allelic forms. Common mutational

changes which give rise to allelic variants are generally ascribed to natural deletions, additions, or

substitutions of nucleotides. Each of these types of changes may occur alone, or in combination

with the others, one or more times in a given sequence.

"Altered" nucleic acid sequences encoding HTRM include those sequences with deletions, insertions. or substitutions of different nucleotides, resulting in a polynucleotide the same as HTRM or a polypeptide with at least one functional characteristic of HTRM. Included within this definition are polymorphisms which may or may not be readily detectable using a particular oligonucleotide probe of the polynucleotide encoding HTRM, and improper or unexpected hybridization to allelic variants, with a locus other than the normal chromosomal locus for the polynucleotide sequence encoding HTRM. The encoded protein may also be "altered," and may contain deletions, insertions, or substitutions of amino acid residues which produce a silent change and result in a functionally equivalent HTRM. Deliberate amino acid substitutions may be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity, and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues, as long as the biological or immunological activity of HTRM is retained. For example, negatively charged amino acids may include aspartic acid and glutamic acid, positively charged amino acids may include lysine and arginine, and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values may include leucine, isoleucine, and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine: serine and threonine; and

phenylalanine and tyrosine.

The terms "amino acid" or "amino acid sequence" refer to an oligopeptide, peptide, polypeptide, or protein sequence, or a fragment of any of these, and to naturally occurring or synthetic molecules. In this context, "fragments," "immunogenic fragments," or "antigenic fragments" refer to fragments of HTRM which are preferably at least 5 to about 15 amino acids in length, most preferably at least 14 amino acids, and which retain some biological activity or immunological activity of HTRM. Where "amino acid sequence" is recited to refer to an amino acid sequence of a naturally occurring protein molecule, "amino acid sequence" and like terms are not meant to limit the amino acid sequence to the complete native amino acid sequence associated with the recited protein molecule.

"Amplification" relates to the production of additional copies of a nucleic acid sequence.

Amplification is generally carried out using polymerase chain reaction (PCR) technologies well known in the art.

The term "antagonist" refers to a molecule which, when bound to HTRM, decreases the amount or the duration of the effect of the biological or immunological activity of HTRM.

Antagonists may include proteins, nucleic acids, carbohydrates, antibodies, or any other molecules which decrease the effect of HTRM.

The term "antibody" refers to intact molecules as well as to fragments thereof, such as Fab, F(ab)<sub>2</sub>, and Fv fragments, which are capable of binding the epitopic determinant. Antibodies that bind HTRM polypeptides can be prepared using intact polypeptides or using fragments containing small peptides of interest as the immunizing antigen. The polypeptide or oligopeptide used to immunize an animal (e.g., a mouse, a rat, or a rabbit) can be derived from the translation of RNA, or synthesized chemically, and can be conjugated to a carrier protein if desired. Commonly used carriers that are chemically coupled to peptides include bovine serum albumin, thyroglobulin, and keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH). The coupled peptide is then used to immunize the animal.

The term "antigenic determinant" refers to that fragment of a molecule (i.e., an epitope) that makes contact with a particular antibody. When a protein or a fragment of a protein is used to immunize a host animal, numerous regions of the protein may induce the production of antibodies which bind specifically to antigenic determinants (given regions or three-dimensional structures on the protein). An antigenic determinant may compete with the intact antigen (i.e., the immunogen used to elicit the immune response) for binding to an antibody.

The term "antisense" refers to any composition containing a nucleic acid sequence which is complementary to the "sense" strand of a specific nucleic acid sequence. Antisense molecules may be produced by any method including synthesis or transcription. Once introduced into a cell, the complementary nucleotides combine with natural sequences produced by the cell to form

duplexes and to block either transcription or translation. The designation "negative" can refer to the antisense strand, and the designation "positive" can refer to the sense strand.

The term "biologically active," refers to a protein having structural, regulatory, or biochemical functions of a naturally occurring molecule. Likewise, "immunologically active" refers to the capability of the natural, recombinant, or synthetic HTRM, or of any oligopeptide thereof, to induce a specific immune response in appropriate animals or cells and to bind with specific antibodies.

The terms "complementary" or "complementarity" refer to the natural binding of polynucleotides by base pairing. For example, the sequence "5' A-G-T 3" bonds to the complementary sequence "3' T-C-A 5'." Complementarity between two single-stranded molecules may be "partial," such that only some of the nucleic acids bind, or it may be "complete." such that total complementarity exists between the single stranded molecules. The degree of complementarity between nucleic acid strands has significant effects on the efficiency and strength of the hybridization between the nucleic acid strands. This is of particular importance in amplification reactions, which depend upon binding between nucleic acids strands, and in the design and use of peptide nucleic acid (PNA) molecules.

A "composition comprising a given polynucleotide sequence" or a "composition comprising a given amino acid sequence" refer broadly to any composition containing the given polynucleotide or amino acid sequence. The composition may comprise a dry formulation or an aqueous solution. Compositions comprising polynucleotide sequences encoding HTRM or fragments of HTRM may be employed as hybridization probes. The probes may be stored in freeze-dried form and may be associated with a stabilizing agent such as a carbohydrate. In hybridizations, the probe may be deployed in an aqueous solution containing salts (e.g., NaCl), detergents (e.g., sodium dodecyl sulfate; SDS), and other components (e.g., Denhardt's solution, dry milk, salmon sperm DNA, etc.).

"Consensus sequence" refers to a nucleic acid sequence which has been resequenced to resolve uncalled bases, extended using XL-PCR kit (Perkin-Elmer, Norwalk CT) in the 5' and/or the 3' direction, and resequenced, or which has been assembled from the overlapping sequences of more than one Incyte Clone using a computer program for fragment assembly, such as the

30 GELVIEW Fragment Assembly system (GCG, Madison WI). Some sequences have been both extended and assembled to produce the consensus sequence.

The term "correlates with expression of a polynucleotide" indicates that the detection of the presence of nucleic acids, the same or related to a nucleic acid sequence encoding HTRM, by northern analysis is indicative of the presence of nucleic acids encoding HTRM in a sample, and thereby correlates with expression of the transcript from the polynucleotide encoding HTRM.

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A "deletion" refers to a change in the amino acid or nucleotide sequence that results in the absence of one or more amino acid residues or nucleotides.

The term "derivative" refers to the chemical modification of a polypeptide sequence, or a polynucleotide sequence. Chemical modifications of a polynucleotide sequence can include, for 5 example, replacement of hydrogen by an alkyl, acyl, or amino group. A derivative polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide which retains at least one biological or immunological function of the natural molecule. A derivative polypeptide is one modified by glycosylation, pegylation, or any similar process that retains at least one biological or immunological function of the polypeptide from which it was derived.

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The term "similarity" refers to a degree of complementarity. There may be partial similarity or complete similarity. The word "identity" may substitute for the word "similarity." A partially complementary sequence that at least partially inhibits an identical sequence from hybridizing to a target nucleic acid is referred to as "substantially similar." The inhibition of hybridization of the completely complementary sequence to the target sequence may be examined 15 using a hybridization assay (Southern or northern blot, solution hybridization, and the like) under conditions of reduced stringency. A substantially similar sequence or hybridization probe will compete for and inhibit the binding of a completely similar (identical) sequence to the target sequence under conditions of reduced stringency. This is not to say that conditions of reduced stringency are such that non-specific binding is permitted, as reduced stringency conditions 20 require that the binding of two sequences to one another be a specific (i.e., a selective) interaction. The absence of non-specific binding may be tested by the use of a second target sequence which lacks even a partial degree of complementarity (e.g., less than about 30% similarity or identity). In the absence of non-specific binding, the substantially similar sequence or probe will not hybridize to the second non-complementary target sequence.

The phrases "percent identity" or "% identity" refer to the percentage of sequence similarity found in a comparison of two or more amino acid or nucleic acid sequences. Percent identity can be determined electronically, e.g., by using the MEGALIGN program (DNASTAR, Madison WI) which creates alignments between two or more sequences according to methods selected by the user, e.g., the clustal method. (See, e.g., Higgins, D.G. and P.M. Sharp (1988) 30 Gene 73:237-244.) The clustal algorithm groups sequences into clusters by examining the distances between all pairs. The clusters are aligned pairwise and then in groups. The percentage similarity between two amino acid sequences, e.g., sequence A and sequence B, is calculated by dividing the length of sequence A, minus the number of gap residues in sequence A, minus the number of gap residues in sequence B, into the sum of the residue matches between sequence A 35 and sequence B, times one hundred. Gaps of low or of no similarity between the two amino acid

sequences are not included in determining percentage similarity. Percent identity between nucleic acid sequences can also be counted or calculated by other methods known in the art, e.g., the Jotun Hein method. (See, e.g., Hein, J. (1990) Methods Enzymol. 183:626-645.) Identity between sequences can also be determined by other methods known in the art, e.g., by varying hybridization conditions.

"Human artificial chromosomes" (HACs) are linear microchromosomes which may contain DNA sequences of about 6 kb to 10 Mb in size, and which contain all of the elements required for stable mitotic chromosome segregation and maintenance.

The term "humanized antibody" refers to antibody molecules in which the amino acid sequence in the non-antigen binding regions has been altered so that the antibody more closely resembles a human antibody, and still retains its original binding ability.

"Hybridization" refers to any process by which a strand of nucleic acid binds with a complementary strand through base pairing.

The term "hybridization complex" refers to a complex formed between two nucleic acid sequences by virtue of the formation of hydrogen bonds between complementary bases. A hybridization complex may be formed in solution (e.g., Cot or Rot analysis) or formed between one nucleic acid sequence present in solution and another nucleic acid sequence immobilized on a solid support (e.g., paper, membranes, filters, chips, pins or glass slides, or any other appropriate substrate to which cells or their nucleic acids have been fixed).

The words "insertion" or "addition" refer to changes in an amino acid or nucleotide sequence resulting in the addition of one or more amino acid residues or nucleotides, respectively, to the sequence found in the naturally occurring molecule.

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"Immune response" can refer to conditions associated with inflammation, trauma, immune disorders, or infectious or genetic disease, etc. These conditions can be characterized by

25 expression of various factors, e.g., cytokines, chemokines, and other signaling molecules, which may affect cellular and systemic defense systems.

The term "microarray" refers to an arrangement of distinct polynucleotides on a substrate.

The terms "element" or "array element" in a microarray context, refer to hybridizable polynucleotides arranged on the surface of a substrate.

The term "modulate" refers to a change in the activity of HTRM. For example, modulation may cause an increase or a decrease in protein activity, binding characteristics, or any other biological, functional, or immunological properties of HTRM.

The phrases "nucleic acid" or "nucleic acid sequence" refer to a nucleotide, oligonucleotide, polynucleotide, or any fragment thereof. These phrases also refer to DNA or RNA of genomic or synthetic origin which may be single-stranded or double-stranded and may

represent the sense or the antisense strand, to peptide nucleic acid (PNA), or to any DNA-like or RNA-like material. In this context, "fragments" refers to those nucleic acid sequences which, when translated, would produce polypeptides retaining some functional characteristic, e.g., antigenicity, or structural domain characteristic, e.g., ATP-binding site, of the full-length 5 polypeptide.

The terms "operably associated" or "operably linked" refer to functionally related nucleic acid sequences. A promoter is operably associated or operably linked with a coding sequence if the promoter controls the translation of the encoded polypeptide. While operably associated or operably linked nucleic acid sequences can be contiguous and in the same reading frame, certain genetic elements, e.g., repressor genes, are not contiguously linked to the sequence encoding the polypeptide but still bind to operator sequences that control expression of the polypeptide.

The term "oligonucleotide" refers to a nucleic acid sequence of at least about 6 nucleotides to 60 nucleotides, preferably about 15 to 30 nucleotides, and most preferably about 20 to 25 nucleotides, which can be used in PCR amplification or in a hybridization assay or microarray. "Oligonucleotide" is substantially equivalent to the terms "amplimer," "primer," "oligomer," and "probe," as these terms are commonly defined in the art.

"Peptide nucleic acid" (PNA) refers to an antisense molecule or anti-gene agent which comprises an oligonucleotide of at least about 5 nucleotides in length linked to a peptide backbone of amino acid residues ending in lysine. The terminal lysine confers solubility to the composition.

20 PNAs preferentially bind complementary single stranded DNA or RNA and stop transcript elongation, and may be pegylated to extend their lifespan in the cell.

The term "sample" is used in its broadest sense. A sample suspected of containing nucleic acids encoding HTRM. or fragments thereof, or HTRM itself, may comprise a bodily fluid; an extract from a cell, chromosome, organelle, or membrane isolated from a cell; a cell; genomic DNA, RNA, or cDNA, in solution or bound to a substrate; a tissue; a tissue print; etc.

The terms "specific binding" or "specifically binding" refer to that interaction between a protein or peptide and an agonist, an antibody, or an antagonist. The interaction is dependent upon the presence of a particular structure of the protein, e.g., the antigenic determinant or epitope, recognized by the binding molecule. For example, if an antibody is specific for epitope "A." the presence of a polypeptide containing the epitope A, or the presence of free unlabeled A. in a reaction containing free labeled A and the antibody will reduce the amount of labeled A that binds to the antibody.

The term "stringent conditions" refers to conditions which permit hybridization between polynucleotides and the claimed polynucleotides. Stringent conditions can be defined by salt concentration, the concentration of organic solvent, e.g., formamide, temperature, and other

conditions well known in the art. In particular, stringency can be increased by reducing the concentration of salt, increasing the concentration of formamide, or raising the hybridization temperature.

The term "substantially purified" refers to nucleic acid or amino acid sequences that are removed from their natural environment and are isolated or separated, and are at least about 60% free, preferably about 75% free, and most preferably about 90% free from other components with which they are naturally associated.

A "substitution" refers to the replacement of one or more amino acids or nucleotides by different amino acids or nucleotides, respectively.

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"Substrate" refers to any suitable rigid or semi-rigid support including membranes, filters, chips, slides, wafers, fibers, magnetic or nonmagnetic beads, gels, tubing, plates, polymers, microparticles and capillaries. The substrate can have a variety of surface forms, such as wells, trenches. pins, channels and pores, to which polynucleotides or polypeptides are bound.

"Transformation" describes a process by which exogenous DNA enters and changes a

15 recipient cell. Transformation may occur under natural or artificial conditions according to
various methods well known in the art, and may rely on any known method for the insertion of
foreign nucleic acid sequences into a prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cell. The method for
transformation is selected based on the type of host cell being transformed and may include, but is
not limited to, viral infection, electroporation, heat shock, lipofection, and particle bombardment.

20 The term "transformed" cells includes stably transformed cells in which the inserted DNA is
capable of replication either as an autonomously replicating plasmid or as part of the host

chromosome, as well as transiently transformed cells which express the inserted DNA or RNA for limited periods of time.

A "variant" of HTRM polypeptides refers to an amino acid sequence that is altered by one or more amino acid residues. The variant may have "conservative" changes, wherein a substituted amino acid has similar structural or chemical properties (e.g., replacement of leucine with isoleucine). More rarely, a variant may have "nonconservative" changes (e.g., replacement of

glycine with tryptophan). Analogous minor variations may also include amino acid deletions or insertions, or both. Guidance in determining which amino acid residues may be substituted, inserted, or deleted without abolishing biological or immunological activity may be found using

computer programs well known in the art, for example, LASERGENE software (DNASTAR).

The term "variant," when used in the context of a polynucleotide sequence, may encompass a polynucleotide sequence related to HTRM. This definition may also include, for example, "allelic" (as defined above), "splice," "species," or "polymorphic" variants. A splice variant may have significant identity to a reference molecule, but will generally have a greater or

lesser number of polynucleotides due to alternate splicing of exons during mRNA processing. The corresponding polypeptide may possess additional functional domains or an absence of domains. Species variants are polynucleotide sequences that vary from one species to another. The resulting polypeptides generally will have significant amino acid identity relative to each other. A 5 polymorphic variant is a variation in the polynucleotide sequence of a particular gene between individuals of a given species. Polymorphic variants also may encompass "single nucleotide polymorphisms" (SNPs) in which the polynucleotide sequence varies by one base. The presence of SNPs may be indicative of, for example, a certain population, a disease state, or a propensity for a disease state.

#### THE INVENTION 10

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The invention is based on the discovery of new human transcriptional regulator molecules (HTRM), the polynucleotides encoding HTRM, and the use of these compositions for the diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of cell proliferative and immune disorders.

Table 1 lists the Incyte Clones used to derive full length nucleotide sequences encoding 15 HTRM. Columns 1 and 2 show the sequence identification numbers (SEQ ID NO) of the amino acid and nucleic acid sequences, respectively. Column 3 shows the Clone ID of the Incyte Clone in which nucleic acids encoding each HTRM were identified, and column 4, the cDNA libraries from which these clones were isolated. Column 5 shows Incyte clones, their corresponding cDNA libraries, and shotgun sequences. The clones and shotgun sequences are part of the consensus nucleotide sequence of each HTRM and are useful as fragments in hybridization technologies.

The columns of Table 2 show various properties of the polypeptides of the invention: column 1 references the SEQ ID NO; column 2 shows the number of amino acid residues in each polypeptide: column 3. potential phosphorylation sites; column 4, potential glycosylation sites; column 5, the amino acid residues comprising signature sequences and motifs; column 6, the 25 identity of each protein; and column 7, analytical methods used to identify each protein through sequence homology and protein motifs.

The columns of Table 3 show the tissue-specificity and diseases, disorders, or conditions associated with nucleotide sequences encoding HTRM. The first column of Table 3 lists the nucleotide sequence identifiers. The second column lists tissue categories which express HTRM as 30 a fraction of total tissue categories expressing HTRM. The third column lists the diseases, disorders, or conditions associated with those tissues expressing HTRM. The fourth column lists the vectors used to subclone the cDNA library.

The following fragments of the nucleotide sequences encoding HTRM are useful in hybridization or amplification technologies to identify SEQ ID NO:110-130 and to distinguish between SEQ ID NO:110-130 and related polynucleotide sequences. The useful fragments are the

fragment of SEQ ID NO:110 from about nucleotide 273 to about nucleotide 317; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:111 from about nucleotide 217 to about nucleotide 261 the fragment of SEQ ID NO:112 from about nucleotide 273 to about nucleotide 308; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:113 from about nucleotide 163 to about nucleotide 207; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:114 from about 5 nucleotide 433 to about nucleotide 477; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:115 from about nucleotide 597 to about nucleotide 641; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:116 from about nucleotide 111 to about nucleotide 146; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:117 from about nucleotide 217 to about nucleotide 261; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:118 from about nucleotide 867 to about nucleotide 911; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:119 from about nucleotide 1082 to about nucleotide 1126; the fragment 10 of SEQ ID NO:120 from about nucleotide 702 to about nucleotide 748; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:121 from about nucleotide 380 to about nucleotide 424; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:122 from about nucleotide 352 to about nucleotide 396; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:123 from about nucleotide 219 to about nucleotide 263; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:124 from about nucleotide 326 to about nucleotide 370; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:125 from about nucleotide 595 to about nucleotide 639; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:126 from about nucleotide 272 to about nucleotide 316; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:127 from about nucleotide 163 to about nucleotide 207; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:128 from about nucleotide 271 to about nucleotide 315; the fragment of SEQ ID NO:129 from about nucleotide 866 to about nucleotide 910; and the fragment of SEQ ID NO:130 from about nucleotide 487 to about nucleotide 531.

The invention also encompasses HTRM variants. A preferred HTRM variant is one which has at least about 80%, more preferably at least about 90%, and most preferably at least about 95% amino acid sequence identity to the HTRM amino acid sequence, and which contains at least one functional or structural characteristic of HTRM.

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The invention also encompasses polynucleotides which encode HTRM. In a particular embodiment, the invention encompasses a polynucleotide sequence comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:66-130, which encodes HTRM.

The invention also encompasses a variant of a polynucleotide sequence encoding HTRM. In particular, such a variant polynucleotide sequence will have at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 85%, and most preferably at least about 95% polynucleotide sequence identity to the polynucleotide sequence encoding HTRM. A particular aspect of the invention encompasses a variant of a polynucleotide sequence comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID

NO:66-130 which has at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 85%, and most preferably at least about 95% polynucleotide sequence identity to a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:66-130. Any one of the polynucleotide variants described above

can encode an amino acid sequence which contains at least one functional or structural characteristic of HTRM.

It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, a multitude of polynucleotide sequences encoding HTRM, some bearing minimal similarity to the polynucleotide sequences of any known and naturally occurring gene, may be produced. Thus, the invention contemplates each and every possible variation of polynucleotide sequence that could be made by selecting combinations based on possible codon choices. These combinations are made in accordance with the standard triplet genetic code as applied to the polynucleotide sequence of naturally occurring HTRM, and all such variations are to be considered as being specifically disclosed.

Although nucleotide sequences which encode HTRM and its variants are preferably capable of hybridizing to the nucleotide sequence of the naturally occurring HTRM under appropriately selected conditions of stringency, it may be advantageous to produce nucleotide sequences encoding HTRM or its derivatives possessing a substantially different codon usage, e.g., inclusion of non-naturally occurring codons. Codons may be selected to increase the rate at which expression of the peptide occurs in a particular prokaryotic or eukaryotic host in accordance with the frequency with which particular codons are utilized by the host. Other reasons for substantially altering the nucleotide sequence encoding HTRM and its derivatives without altering the encoded amino acid sequences include the production of RNA transcripts having more desirable properties, such as a greater half-life, than transcripts produced from the naturally occurring sequence.

The invention also encompasses production of DNA sequences which encode HTRM and HTRM derivatives, or fragments thereof, entirely by synthetic chemistry. After production, the synthetic sequence may be inserted into any of the many available expression vectors and cell systems using reagents well known in the art. Moreover, synthetic chemistry may be used to introduce mutations into a sequence encoding HTRM or any fragment thereof.

Also encompassed by the invention are polynucleotide sequences that are capable of hybridizing to the claimed polynucleotide sequences, and, in particular, to those shown in SEQ ID NO:66-130 and fragments thereof under various conditions of stringency. (See. e.g., Wahl, G.M. and S.L. Berger (1987) Methods Enzymol. 152:399-407; Kimmel, A.R. (1987) Methods Enzymol. 152:507-511.) For example, stringent salt concentration will ordinarily be less than about 750 mM NaCl and 75 mM trisodium citrate, preferably less than about 500 mM NaCl and 50 mM trisodium citrate, and most preferably less than about 250 mM NaCl and 25 mM trisodium citrate. Low stringency hybridization can be obtained in the absence of organic solvent, e.g., formamide, while high stringency hybridization can be obtained in the presence of at least about 35% formamide.

and most preferably at least about 50% formamide. Stringent temperature conditions will ordinarily include temperatures of at least about 30°C, more preferably of at least about 37°C, and most preferably of at least about 42°C. Varying additional parameters, such as hybridization time, the concentration of detergent, e.g., sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), and the inclusion or exclusion 5 of carrier DNA, are well known to those skilled in the art. Various levels of stringency are accomplished by combining these various conditions as needed. In a preferred embodiment, hybridization will occur at 30°C in 750 mM NaCl, 75 mM trisodium citrate, and 1% SDS. In a more preferred embodiment, hybridization will occur at 37°C in 500 mM NaCl, 50 mM trisodium citrate, 1% SDS, 35% formamide, and 100  $\mu$ g/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA (ssDNA). In a 10 most preferred embodiment, hybridization will occur at 42°C in 250 mM NaCl, 25 mM trisodium citrate, 1% SDS, 50 % formamide, and 200  $\mu$ g/ml ssDNA. Useful variations on these conditions will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art.

The washing steps which follow hybridization can also vary in stringency. Wash stringency conditions can be defined by salt concentration and by temperature. As above, wash 15 stringency can be increased by decreasing salt concentration or by increasing temperature. For example, stringent salt concentration for the wash steps will preferably be less than about 30 mM NaCl and 3 mM trisodium citrate, and most preferably less than about 15 mM NaCl and 1.5 mM trisodium citrate. Stringent temperature conditions for the wash steps will ordinarily include temperature of at least about 25°C, more preferably of at least about 42°C, and most preferably of at least about 68°C. In a preferred embodiment, wash steps will occur at 25°C in 30 mM NaCl, 3 mM trisodium citrate, and 0.1% SDS. In a more preferred embodiment, wash steps will occur at 42°C in 15 mM NaCl, 1.5 mM trisodium citrate, and 0.1% SDS. In a most preferred embodiment, wash steps will occur at 68°C in 15 mM NaCl, 1.5 mM trisodium citrate, and 0.1% SDS. Additional variations on these conditions will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art.

Methods for DNA sequencing are well known in the art and may be used to practice any of the embodiments of the invention. The methods may employ such enzymes as the Klenow fragment of DNA polymerase I, SEQUENASE (US Biochemical, Cleveland OH), Taq polymerase (Perkin-Elmer), thermostable T7 polymerase (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech, Piscataway NJ), or combinations of polymerases and proofreading exonucleases such as those found in the 30 ELONGASE amplification system (Life Technologies, Gaithersburg MD). Preferably, sequence preparation is automated with machines such as the Hamilton MICROLAB 2200 (Hamilton, Reno NV), Peltier Thermal Cycler 200 (PTC200; MJ Research, Watertown MA) and the ABI CATALYST 800 (Perkin-Elmer). Sequencing is then carried out using either ABI 373 or 377 DNA sequencing systems (Perkin-Elmer) or the MEGABACE 1000 DNA sequencing system 35 (Molecular Dynamics, Sunnyvale CA). The resulting sequences are analyzed using a variety of

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algorithms which are well known in the art. (See, e.g., Ausubel, F.M. (1997) Short Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, New York NY, unit 7.7; Meyers, R.A. (1995) Molecular Biology and Biotechnology, Wiley VCH, New York NY, pp. 856-853.)

The nucleic acid sequences encoding HTRM may be extended utilizing a partial nucleotide sequence and employing various PCR-based methods known in the art to detect upstream sequences, such as promoters and regulatory elements. For example, one method which may be employed, restriction-site PCR, uses universal and nested primers to amplify unknown sequence from genomic DNA within a cloning vector. (See, e.g., Sarkar, G. (1993) PCR Methods Applic. 2:318-322.) Another method, inverse PCR, uses primers that extend in divergent 10 directions to amplify unknown sequence from a circularized template. The template is derived from restriction fragments comprising a known genomic locus and surrounding sequences. (See, e.g., Triglia, T. et al. (1988) Nucleic Acids Res. 16:8186.) A third method, capture PCR, involves PCR amplification of DNA fragments adjacent to known sequences in human and yeast artificial chromosome DNA. (See, e.g., Lagerstrom, M. et al. (1991) PCR Methods Applic. 1:111-119.) In 15 this method, multiple restriction enzyme digestions and ligations may be used to insert an engineered double-stranded sequence into a region of unknown sequence before performing PCR. Other methods which may be used to retrieve unknown sequences are known in the art. (See, e.g., Parker, J.D. et al. (1991) Nucleic Acids Res. 19:3055-306). Additionally, one may use PCR, nested primers, and PROMOTERFINDER libraries (Clontech, Palo Alto CA) to walk genomic 20 DNA. This procedure avoids the need to screen libraries and is useful in finding intron/exon junctions. For all PCR-based methods, primers may be designed using commercially available software, such as OLIGO 4.06 Primer Analysis software (National Biosciences, Plymouth MN) or another appropriate program, to be about 22 to 30 nucleotides in length, to have a GC content of about 50% or more, and to anneal to the template at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C.

When screening for full-length cDNAs, it is preferable to use libraries that have been size-selected to include larger cDNAs. In addition, random-primed libraries, which often include sequences containing the 5' regions of genes, are preferable for situations in which an oligo d(T) library does not yield a full-length cDNA. Genomic libraries may be useful for extension of sequence into 5' non-transcribed regulatory regions.

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Capillary electrophoresis systems which are commercially available may be used to analyze the size or confirm the nucleotide sequence of sequencing or PCR products. In particular, capillary sequencing may employ flowable polymers for electrophoretic separation, four different nucleotide-specific, laser-stimulated fluorescent dyes, and a charge coupled device camera for detection of the emitted wavelengths. Output/light intensity may be converted to electrical signal 35 using appropriate software (e.g., GENOTYPER and SEQUENCE NAVIGATOR, Perkin-Elmer),

and the entire process from loading of samples to computer analysis and electronic data display may be computer controlled. Capillary electrophoresis is especially preferable for sequencing small DNA fragments which may be present in limited amounts in a particular sample.

In another embodiment of the invention, polynucleotide sequences or fragments thereof which encode HTRM may be cloned in recombinant DNA molecules that direct expression of HTRM. or fragments or functional equivalents thereof, in appropriate host cells. Due to the inherent degeneracy of the genetic code, other DNA sequences which encode substantially the same or a functionally equivalent amino acid sequence may be produced and used to express HTRM.

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The nucleotide sequences of the present invention can be engineered using methods generally known in the art in order to alter HTRM-encoding sequences for a variety of purposes including, but not limited to, modification of the cloning, processing, and/or expression of the gene product. DNA shuffling by random fragmentation and PCR reassembly of gene fragments and synthetic oligonucleotides may be used to engineer the nucleotide sequences. For example, 15 oligonucleotide-mediated site-directed mutagenesis may be used to introduce mutations that create new restriction sites, alter glycosylation patterns, change codon preference, produce splice variants, and so forth.

In another embodiment, sequences encoding HTRM may be synthesized, in whole or in part, using chemical methods well known in the art. (See, e.g., Caruthers, M.H. et al. (1980) Nucl. 20 Acids Res. Symp. Ser. 215-223, and Horn, T. et al. (1980) Nucl. Acids Res. Symp. Ser. 225-232.) Alternatively, HTRM itself or a fragment thereof may be synthesized using chemical methods. For example, peptide synthesis can be performed using various solid-phase techniques. (See. e.g., Roberge, J.Y. et al. (1995) Science 269:202-204.) Automated synthesis may be achieved using the ABI 431A Peptide Synthesizer (Perkin-Elmer). Additionally, the amino acid sequence of 25 HTRM, or any part thereof, may be altered during direct synthesis and/or combined with sequences from other proteins, or any part thereof, to produce a variant polypeptide.

The peptide may be substantially purified by preparative high performance liquid chromatography. (See, e.g, Chiez, R.M. and F.Z. Regnier (1990) Methods Enzymol. 182:392-421.) The composition of the synthetic peptides may be confirmed by amino acid analysis or by sequencing. (See. e.g., Creighton, T. (1984) Proteins, Structures and Molecular Properties, WH Freeman, New York NY.)

In order to express a biologically active HTRM, the nucleotide sequences encoding HTRM or derivatives thereof may be inserted into an appropriate expression vector, i.e., a vector which contains the necessary elements for transcriptional and translational control of the inserted 35 coding sequence in a suitable host. These elements include regulatory sequences, such as

enhancers, constitutive and inducible promoters, and 5' and 3' untranslated regions in the vector and in polynucleotide sequences encoding HTRM. Such elements may vary in their strength and specificity. Specific initiation signals may also be used to achieve more efficient translation of sequences encoding HTRM. Such signals include the ATG initiation codon and adjacent sequences, e.g. the Kozak sequence. In cases where sequences encoding HTRM and its initiation codon and upstream regulatory sequences are inserted into the appropriate expression vector, no additional transcriptional or translational control signals may be needed. However, in cases where only coding sequence, or a fragment thereof, is inserted, exogenous translational control signals including an in-frame ATG initiation codon should be provided by the vector. Exogenous translational elements and initiation codons may be of various origins, both natural and synthetic. The efficiency of expression may be enhanced by the inclusion of enhancers appropriate for the particular host cell system used. (See, e.g., Scharf, D. et al. (1994) Results Probl. Cell Differ. 20:125-162.)

Methods which are well known to those skilled in the art may be used to construct

15 expression vectors containing sequences encoding HTRM and appropriate transcriptional and translational control elements. These methods include in vitro recombinant DNA techniques, synthetic techniques, and in vivo genetic recombination. (See, e.g., Sambrook, J. et al. (1989)

Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, Plainview NY, ch. 4, 8, and 16-17; Ausubel, F.M. et al. (1995) Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons,

20 New York NY, ch. 9, 13, and 16.)

A variety of expression vector/host systems may be utilized to contain and express sequences encoding HTRM. These include, but are not limited to, microorganisms such as bacteria transformed with recombinant bacteriophage, plasmid. or cosmid DNA expression vectors: yeast transformed with yeast expression vectors; insect cell systems infected with viral expression vectors (e.g., baculovirus): plant cell systems transformed with viral expression vectors (e.g., cauliflower mosaic virus, CaMV, or tobacco mosaic virus, TMV) or with bacterial expression vectors (e.g., Ti or pBR322 plasmids); or animal cell systems. The invention is not limited by the host cell employed.

In bacterial systems, a number of cloning and expression vectors may be selected

depending upon the use intended for polynucleotide sequences encoding HTRM. For example, routine cloning, subcloning, and propagation of polynucleotide sequences encoding HTRM can be achieved using a multifunctional <a href="Ec.coli">E. coli</a> vector such as PBLUESCRIPT (Stratagene, La Jolla CA) or pSPORT1 plasmid (Life Technologies). Ligation of sequences encoding HTRM into the vector's multiple cloning site disrupts the <a href="LacZ">lacZ</a> gene. allowing a colorimetric screening procedure

for identification of transformed bacteria containing recombinant molecules. In addition, these

vectors may be useful for in vitro transcription, dideoxy sequencing, single strand rescue with helper phage, and creation of nested deletions in the cloned sequence. (See, e.g., Van Heeke, G. and S.M. Schuster (1989) J. Biol. Chem. 264:5503-5509.) When large quantities of HTRM are needed, e.g. for the production of antibodies, vectors which direct high level expression of HTRM may be used. For example, vectors containing the strong, inducible T5 or T7 bacteriophage promoter may be used.

Yeast expression systems may be used for production of HTRM. A number of vectors containing constitutive or inducible promoters, such as alpha factor, alcohol oxidase, and PGH, may be used in the yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae or Pichia pastoris. In addition, such vectors direct either the secretion or intracellular retention of expressed proteins and enable integration of foreign sequences into the host genome for stable propagation. (See, e.g., Ausubel, 1995. <a href="supprace">supprace</a>; Grant et al. (1987) Methods Enzymol. 153:516-54; and Scorer, C. A. et al. (1994) Bio/Technology 12:181-184.)

Plant systems may also be used for expression of HTRM. Transcription of sequences
15 encoding HTRM may be driven viral promoters, e.g., the 35S and 19S promoters of CaMV used
alone or in combination with the omega leader sequence from TMV (Takamatsu, N. (1987)
EMBO J. 6:307-311). Alternatively, plant promoters such as the smail subunit of RUBISCO or
heat shock promoters may be used. (See, e.g., Coruzzi, G. et al. (1984) EMBO J. 3:1671-1680;
Broglie, R. et al. (1984) Science 224:838-843; and Winter, J. et al. (1991) Results Probl. Cell
20 Differ. 17:85-105.) These constructs can be introduced into plant cells by direct DNA
transformation or pathogen-mediated transfection. (See, e.g., The McGraw Hill Yearbook of
Science and Technology (1992) McGraw Hill, New York NY, pp. 191-196.)

In mammalian cells, a number of viral-based expression systems may be utilized. In cases where an adenovirus is used as an expression vector, sequences encoding HTRM may be ligated into an adenovirus transcription/translation complex consisting of the late promoter and tripartite leader sequence. Insertion in a non-essential E1 or E3 region of the viral genome may be used to obtain infective virus which expresses HTRM in host cells. (See, e.g., Logan, J. and T. Shenk (1984) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 81:3655-3659.) In addition, transcription enhancers, such as the Rous sarcoma virus (RSV) enhancer, may be used to increase expression in mammalian host cells. SV40 or EBV-based vectors may also be used for high-level protein expression.

Human artificial chromosomes (HACs) may also be employed to deliver larger fragments of DNA than can be contained in and expressed from a plasmid. HACs of about 6 kb to 10 Mb are constructed and delivered via conventional delivery methods (liposomes, polycationic amino polymers, or vesicles) for therapeutic purposes. (See, e.g., Harrington, J.J. et al. (1997) Nat Genet. 15:345-355.)

35 15:345-355.)

For long term production of recombinant proteins in mammalian systems, stable expression of HTRM in cell lines is preferred. For example, sequences encoding HTRM can be transformed into cell lines using expression vectors which may contain viral origins of replication and/or endogenous expression elements and a selectable marker gene on the same or on a separate vector. Following the introduction of the vector, cells may be allowed to grow for about 1 to 2 days in enriched media before being switched to selective media. The purpose of the selectable marker is to confer resistance to a selective agent, and its presence allows growth and recovery of cells which successfully express the introduced sequences. Resistant clones of stably transformed cells may be propagated using tissue culture techniques appropriate to the cell type.

10 Any number of selection systems may be used to recover transformed cell lines. These include, but are not limited to, the herpes simplex virus thymidine kinase and adenine phosphoribosyltransferase genes, for use in tk or apr cells, respectively. (See, e.g., Wigler, M. et al. (1977) Cell 11:223-232; Lowy, I. et al. (1980) Cell 22:817-823.) Also. antimetabolite. antibiotic. or herbicide resistance can be used as the basis for selection. For example, dhfr confers 15 resistance to methotrexate; neo confers resistance to the aminoglycosides, neomycin and G-418; and als or pat confer resistance to chlorsulfuron and phosphinotricin acetyltransferase, respectively. (See, e.g., Wigler, M. et al. (1980) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 77:3567-3570; Colbere-Garapin, F. et al. (1981) J. Mol. Biol. 150:1-14.) Additional selectable genes have been described, e.g., trpB and hisD, which alter cellular requirements for metabolites. (See, e.g., 20 Hartman, S.C. and R.C. Mulligan (1988) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 85:8047-8051.) Visible markers, e.g., anthocyanins, green fluorescent proteins (GFP; Clontech), ß glucuronidase and its substrate ß-glucuronide, or luciferase and its substrate luciferin may be used. These markers can be used not only to identify transformants, but also to quantify the amount of transient or stable protein expression attributable to a specific vector system. (See, e.g., Rhodes, C.A. (1995) Methods Mol. 25 Biol. 55:121-131.)

Although the presence/absence of marker gene expression suggests that the gene of interest is also present, the presence and expression of the gene may need to be confirmed. For example, if the sequence encoding HTRM is inserted within a marker gene sequence, transformed cells containing sequences encoding HTRM can be identified by the absence of marker gene function. Alternatively, a marker gene can be placed in tandem with a sequence encoding HTRM under the control of a single promoter. Expression of the marker gene in response to induction or selection usually indicates expression of the tandem gene as well.

In general, host cells that contain the nucleic acid sequence encoding HTRM and that express HTRM may be identified by a variety of procedures known to those of skill in the art.

These procedures include, but are not limited to, DNA-DNA or DNA-RNA hybridizations, PCR

amplification, and protein bioassay or immunoassay techniques which include membrane. solution, or chip based technologies for the detection and/or quantification of nucleic acid or protein sequences.

Immunological methods for detecting and measuring the expression of HTRM using either specific polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies are known in the art. Examples of such techniques include enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs), radioimmunoassays (RIAs), and fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS). A two-site, monoclonal-based immunoassay utilizing monoclonal antibodies reactive to two non-interfering epitopes on HTRM is preferred, but a competitive binding assay may be employed. These and other assays are well known in the art.

(See, e.g., Hampton, R. et al. (1990) Serological Methods, a Laboratory Manual, APS Press, St Paul MN. Sect. IV; Coligan, J. E. et al. (1997) Current Protocols in Immunology, Greene Pub. Associates and Wiley-Interscience, New York NY; and Pound, J.D. (1998) Immunochemical Protocols. Humana Press. Totowa NJ).

A wide variety of labels and conjugation techniques are known by those skilled in the art
and may be used in various nucleic acid and amino acid assays. Means for producing labeled
hybridization or PCR probes for detecting sequences related to polynucleotides encoding HTRM
include oligolabeling, nick translation, end-labeling, or PCR amplification using a labeled
nucleotide. Alternatively, the sequences encoding HTRM, or any fragments thereof, may be
cloned into a vector for the production of an mRNA probe. Such vectors are known in the art, are
commercially available, and may be used to synthesize RNA probes in vitro by addition of an
appropriate RNA polymerase such as T7, T3, or SP6 and labeled nucleotides. These procedures
may be conducted using a variety of commercially available kits, such as those provided by
Amersham Pharmacia Biotech. Promega (Madison WI), and US Biochemical. Suitable reporter
molecules or labels which may be used for ease of detection include radionuclides, enzymes.

25 fluorescent, chemiluminescent, or chromogenic agents, as well as substrates, cofactors, inhibitors,
magnetic particles, and the like.

Host cells transformed with nucleotide sequences encoding HTRM may be cultured under conditions suitable for the expression and recovery of the protein from cell culture. The protein produced by a transformed cell may be secreted or retained intracellularly depending on the sequence and/or the vector used. As will be understood by those of skill in the art, expression vectors containing polynucleotides which encode HTRM may be designed to contain signal sequences which direct secretion of HTRM through a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell membrane.

In addition, a host cell strain may be chosen for its ability to modulate expression of the inserted sequences or to process the expressed protein in the desired fashion. Such modifications of the polypeptide include, but are not limited to, acetylation, carboxylation, glycosylation.

phosphorylation, lipidation, and acylation. Post-translational processing which cleaves a "prepro" form of the protein may also be used to specify protein targeting, folding, and/or activity. Different host cells which have specific cellular machinery and characteristic mechanisms for post-translational activities (e.g., CHO, HeLa, MDCK, HEK293, and WI38), are available from 5 the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC, Bethesda MD) and may be chosen to ensure the correct modification and processing of the foreign protein.

In another embodiment of the invention, natural, modified, or recombinant nucleic acid sequences encoding HTRM may be ligated to a heterologous sequence resulting in translation of a fusion protein in any of the aforementioned host systems. For example, a chimeric HTRM protein 10 containing a heterologous moiety that can be recognized by a commercially available antibody may facilitate the screening of peptide libraries for inhibitors of HTRM activity. Heterologous protein and peptide moieties may also facilitate purification of fusion proteins using commercially available affinity matrices. Such moieties include, but are not limited to, glutathione S-transferase (GST), maltose binding protein (MBP), thioredoxin (Trx), calmodulin binding peptide (CBP), 6-15 His, FLAG. c-myc, and hemagglutinin (HA). GST, MBP, Trx, CBP, and 6-His enable purification of their cognate fusion proteins on immobilized glutathione, maltose, phenylarsine oxide. calmodulin, and metal-chelate resins, respectively. FLAG, c-myc, and hemagglutinin (HA) enable immunoaffinity purification of fusion proteins using commercially available monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies that specifically recognize these epitope tags. A fusion protein may also be engineered to contain a proteolytic cleavage site located between the HTRM encoding sequence and the heterologous protein sequence, so that HTRM may be cleaved away from the heterologous moiety following purification. Methods for fusion protein expression and purification are discussed in Ausubel (1995, supra, ch 10). A variety of commercially available kits may also be used to facilitate expression and purification of fusion proteins.

In a further embodiment of the invention, synthesis of radiolabeled HTRM may be achieved in vitro using the TNT rabbit reticulocyte lysate or wheat germ extract systems (Promega). These systems couple transcription and translation of protein-coding sequences operably associated with the T7, T3, or SP6 promoters. Translation takes place in the presence of a radiolabeled amino acid precursor, preferably 35S-methionine.

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Fragments of HTRM may be produced not only by recombinant production, but also by direct peptide synthesis using solid-phase techniques. (See, e.g., Creighton, supra, pp. 55-60.) Protein synthesis may be performed by manual techniques or by automation. Automated synthesis may be achieved, for example, using the ABI 431A Peptide Synthesizer (Perkin-Elmer). Various fragments of HTRM may be synthesized separately and then combined to produce the full length 35 molecule.

#### **THERAPEUTICS**

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Chemical and structural similarity, e.g., in the context of sequences and motifs, exists between regions of HTRM and human transcriptional regulator molecules. In addition, the expression of HTRM is closely associated with cell proliferation, inflammation, and the immune 5 response. Therefore, HTRM appears to play a role in cell proliferative and immune disorders. In the treatment of disorders associated with increased HTRM expression or activity, it is desirable to decrease the expression or activity of HTRM. In the treatment of disorders associated with decreased HTRM expression or activity, it is desirable to increase the expression or activity of HTRM.

Therefore, in one embodiment, HTRM or a fragment or derivative thereof may be administered to a subject to treat or prevent a disorder associated with decreased expression or activity of HTRM. Examples of such disorders include, but are not limited to, a cell proliferative disorder such as actinic keratosis, arteriosclerosis, atherosclerosis, bursitis, cirrhosis, hepatitis, mixed connective tissue disease (MCTD), myelofibrosis, paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria, 15 polycythemia vera, psoriasis, primary thrombocythemia; cancers including adenocarcinoma, leukemia, lymphoma, melanoma, myeloma, sarcoma, teratocarcinoma, and, in particular, cancers of the adrenal gland, bladder, bone, bone marrow, brain, breast, cervix, gall bladder, ganglia, gastrointestinal tract, heart, kidney, liver, lung, muscle, ovary, pancreas, parathyroid, penis, prostate, salivary glands, skin, spleen, testis, thymus, thyroid, and uterus; and an immune disorder such as acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), Addison's disease, adult respiratory distress syndrome, allergies, ankylosing spondylitis, amyloidosis, anemia, asthma, atherosclerosis, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, autoimmune thyroiditis, bronchitis, cholecystitis, contact dermatitis. Crohn's disease, atopic dermatitis, dermatomyositis, diabetes mellitus, emphysema, episodic lymphopenia with lymphocytotoxins, erythroblastosis fetalis, erythema nodosum. 25 atrophic gastritis, glomerulonephritis, Goodpasture's syndrome, gout, Graves' disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, hypereosinophilia, irritable bowel syndrome, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, myocardial or pericardial inflammation, osteoarthritis, osteoporosis. pancreatitis, polymyositis, psoriasis. Reiter's syndrome, rheumatoid arthritis, scleroderma. Sjögren's syndrome, systemic anaphylaxis, systemic lupus erythematosus, systemic sclerosis, thrombocytopenic purpura, ulcerative colitis, uveitis, Werner syndrome, complications of cancer, hemodialysis, and extracorporeal circulation, viral, bacterial, fungal, parasitic, protozoal, and helminthic infections, and trauma

In another embodiment, a vector capable of expressing HTRM or a fragment or derivative thereof may be administered to a subject to treat or prevent a disorder associated with decreased 35 expression or activity of HTRM including, but not limited to, those described above.

In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical composition comprising a substantially purified HTRM in conjunction with a suitable pharmaceutical carrier may be administered to a subject to treat or prevent a disorder associated with decreased expression or activity of HTRM including, but not limited to, those provided above.

In still another embodiment, an agonist which modulates the activity of HTRM may be administered to a subject to treat or prevent a disorder associated with decreased expression or activity of HTRM including, but not limited to, those listed above.

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In a further embodiment, an antagonist of HTRM may be administered to a subject to treat or prevent a disorder associated with increased expression or activity of HTRM. Examples of such disorders include, but are not limited to, those described above. In one aspect, an antibody which specifically binds HTRM may be used directly as an antagonist or indirectly as a targeting or delivery mechanism for bringing a pharmaceutical agent to cells or tissue which express HTRM.

In an additional embodiment, a vector expressing the complement of the polynucleotide encoding HTRM may be administered to a subject to treat or prevent a disorder associated with increased expression or activity of HTRM including, but not limited to, those described above.

In other embodiments, any of the proteins, antagonists, antibodies, agonists, complementary sequences, or vectors of the invention may be administered in combination with other appropriate therapeutic agents. Selection of the appropriate agents for use in combination therapy may be made by one of ordinary skill in the art, according to conventional pharmaceutical principles. The combination of therapeutic agents may act synergistically to effect the treatment or prevention of the various disorders described above. Using this approach, one may be able to achieve therapeutic efficacy with lower dosages of each agent, thus reducing the potential for adverse side effects.

An antagonist of HTRM may be produced using methods which are generally known in the art. In particular, purified HTRM may be used to produce antibodies or to screen libraries of pharmaceutical agents to identify those which specifically bind HTRM. Antibodies to HTRM may also be generated using methods that are well known in the art. Such antibodies may include, but are not limited to, polyclonal, monoclonal, chimeric, and single chain antibodies, Fab fragments, and fragments produced by a Fab expression library. Neutralizing antibodies (i.e., those which inhibit dimer formation) are especially preferred for therapeutic use.

For the production of antibodies, various hosts including goats, rabbits, rats, mice. humans, and others may be immunized by injection with HTRM or with any fragment or oligopeptide thereof which has immunogenic properties. Depending on the host species, various adjuvants may be used to increase immunological response. Such adjuvants include, but are not

limited to. Freund's, mineral gels such as aluminum hydroxide, and surface active substances such as lysolecithin, pluronic polyols, polyanions, peptides, oil emulsions, KLH, and dinitrophenol. Among adjuvants used in humans, BCG (bacilli Calmette-Guerin) and <u>Corynebacterium parvum</u> are especially preferable.

It is preferred that the oligopeptides, peptides, or fragments used to induce antibodies to HTRM have an amino acid sequence consisting of at least about 5 amino acids, and, more preferably, of at least about 10 amino acids. It is also preferable that these oligopeptides, peptides, or fragments are identical to a portion of the amino acid sequence of the natural protein and contain the entire amino acid sequence of a small, naturally occurring molecule. Short stretches of HTRM amino acids may be fused with those of another protein, such as KLH, and antibodies to the chimeric molecule may be produced.

Monoclonal antibodies to HTRM may be prepared using any technique which provides for the production of antibody molecules by continuous cell lines in culture. These include, but are not limited to, the hybridoma technique, the human B-cell hybridoma technique, and the EBV-hybridoma technique. (See, e.g., Kohler, G. et al. (1975) Nature 256:495-497; Kozbor, D. et al. (1985) J. Immunol. Methods 81:31-42; Cote, R.J. et al. (1983) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 80:2026-2030; and Cole, S.P. et al. (1984) Mol. Cell Biol. 62:109-120.)

In addition, techniques developed for the production of "chimeric antibodies," such as the splicing of mouse antibody genes to human antibody genes to obtain a molecule with appropriate antigen specificity and biological activity, can be used. (See, e.g., Morrison, S.L. et al. (1984) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 81:6851-6855; Neuberger, M.S. et al. (1984) Nature 312:604-608; and Takeda. S. et al. (1985) Nature 314:452-454.) Alternatively, techniques described for the production of single chain antibodies may be adapted, using methods known in the art, to produce HTRM-specific single chain antibodies. Antibodies with related specificity, but of distinct idiotypic composition, may be generated by chain shuffling from random combinatorial immunoglobulin libraries. (See, e.g., Burton D.R. (1991) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 88:10134-10137.)

Antibodies may also be produced by inducing in vivo production in the lymphocyte population or by screening immunoglobulin libraries or panels of highly specific binding reagents as disclosed in the literature. (See, e.g., Orlandi, R. et al. (1989) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 86: 3833-3837: Winter, G. et al. (1991) Nature 349:293-299.)

Antibody fragments which contain specific binding sites for HTRM may also be generated. For example, such fragments include, but are not limited to, F(ab')2 fragments produced by pepsin digestion of the antibody molecule and Fab fragments generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of the F(ab')2 fragments. Alternatively, Fab expression libraries may be constructed to allow rapid and easy identification of monoclonal Fab fragments with the desired

specificity. (See, e.g., Huse, W.D. et al. (1989) Science 246:1275-1281.)

Various immunoassays may be used for screening to identify antibodies having the desired specificity. Numerous protocols for competitive binding or immunoradiometric assays using either polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies with established specificities are well known in the art. Such immunoassays typically involve the measurement of complex formation between HTRM and its specific antibody. A two-site, monoclonal-based immunoassay utilizing monoclonal antibodies reactive to two non-interfering HTRM epitopes is preferred, but a competitive binding assay may also be employed (Pound, supra).

Various methods such as Scatchard analysis in conjunction with radioimmunoassay 10 techniques may be used to assess the affinity of antibodies for HTRM. Affinity is expressed as an association constant, Ka, which is defined as the molar concentration of HTRM-antibody complex divided by the molar concentrations of free antigen and free antibody under equilibrium conditions. The K, determined for a preparation of polyclonal antibodies, which are heterogeneous in their affinities for multiple HTRM epitopes, represents the average affinity, or 15 avidity, of the antibodies for HTRM. The K<sub>a</sub> determined for a preparation of monoclonal antibodies, which are monospecific for a particular HTRM epitope, represents a true measure of affinity. High-affinity antibody preparations with K, ranging from about 109 to 1012 L/mole are preferred for use in immunoassays in which the HTRM-antibody complex must withstand rigorous manipulations. Low-affinity antibody preparations with K<sub>a</sub> ranging from about 10° to 10° L/mole 20 are preferred for use in immunopurification and similar procedures which ultimately require dissociation of HTRM, preferably in active form, from the antibody (Catty, D. (1988) Antibodies, Volume I: A Practical Approach, IRL Press, Washington, DC; Liddell, J. E. and Cryer, A. (1991) A Practical Guide to Monoclonal Antibodies, John Wiley & Sons, New York NY).

The titer and avidity of polyclonal antibody preparations may be further evaluated to

25 determine the quality and suitability of such preparations for certain downstream applications. For
example, a polyclonal antibody preparation containing at least 1-2 mg specific antibody/ml,
preferably 5-10 mg specific antibody/ml, is preferred for use in procedures requiring precipitation
of HTRM-antibody complexes. Procedures for evaluating antibody specificity, titer, and avidity,
and guidelines for antibody quality and usage in various applications, are generally available.

30 (See, e.g., Catty, supra, and Coligan et al. supra.)

In another embodiment of the invention, the polynucleotides encoding HTRM, or any fragment or complement thereof, may be used for therapeutic purposes. In one aspect, the complement of the polynucleotide encoding HTRM may be used in situations in which it would be desirable to block the transcription of the mRNA. In particular, cells may be transformed with sequences complementary to polynucleotides encoding HTRM. Thus, complementary molecules

or fragments may be used to modulate HTRM activity, or to achieve regulation of gene function. Such technology is now well known in the art, and sense or antisense oligonucleotides or larger fragments can be designed from various locations along the coding or control regions of sequences encoding HTRM.

Expression vectors derived from retroviruses, adenoviruses, or herpes or vaccinia viruses, 5 . or from various bacterial plasmids, may be used for delivery of nucleotide sequences to the targeted organ, tissue, or cell population. Methods which are well known to those skilled in the art can be used to construct vectors to express nucleic acid sequences complementary to the polynucleotides encoding HTRM. (See, e.g., Sambrook, supra; Ausubel, 1995, supra.)

Genes encoding HTRM can be turned off by transforming a cell or tissue with expression vectors which express high levels of a polynucleotide, or fragment thereof, encoding HTRM. Such constructs may be used to introduce untranslatable sense or antisense sequences into a cell. Even in the absence of integration into the DNA, such vectors may continue to transcribe RNA molecules until they are disabled by endogenous nucleases. Transient expression may last for a 15 month or more with a non-replicating vector, and may last even longer if appropriate replication elements are part of the vector system.

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As mentioned above, modifications of gene expression can be obtained by designing complementary sequences or antisense molecules (DNA, RNA, or PNA) to the control, 5', or regulatory regions of the gene encoding HTRM. Oligonucleotides derived from the transcription initiation site, e.g., between about positions -10 and +10 from the start site, are preferred. Similarly, inhibition can be achieved using triple helix base-pairing methodology. Triple helix pairing is useful because it causes inhibition of the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors, or regulatory molecules. Recent therapeutic advances using triplex DNA have been described in the literature. (See, e.g., Gee, J.E. et al. 25 (1994) in Huber, B.E. and B.I. Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches, Futura Publishing, Mt. Kisco NY, pp. 163-177.) A complementary sequence or antisense molecule may also be designed to block translation of mRNA by preventing the transcript from binding to ribosomes.

Ribozymes, enzymatic RNA molecules, may also be used to catalyze the specific cleavage of RNA. The mechanism of ribozyme action involves sequence-specific hybridization of the 30 ribozyme molecule to complementary target RNA, followed by endonucleolytic cleavage. For example, engineered hammerhead motif ribozyme molecules may specifically and efficiently catalyze endonucleolytic cleavage of sequences encoding HTRM.

Specific ribozyme cleavage sites within any potential RNA target are initially identified by scanning the target molecule for ribozyme cleavage sites, including the following sequences: 35 GUA, GUU, and GUC. Once identified, short RNA sequences of between 15 and 20

ribonucleotides, corresponding to the region of the target gene containing the cleavage site, may be evaluated for secondary structural features which may render the oligonucleotide inoperable. The suitability of candidate targets may also be evaluated by testing accessibility to hybridization with complementary oligonucleotides using ribonuclease protection assays.

5 · Complementary ribonucleic acid molecules and ribozymes of the invention may be prepared by any method known in the art for the synthesis of nucleic acid molecules. These include techniques for chemically synthesizing oligonucleotides such as solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by in vitro and in vivo transcription of DNA sequences encoding HTRM. Such DNA sequences may be incorporated into a wide variety of vectors with suitable RNA polymerase promoters such as T7 or SP6. Alternatively, these cDNA constructs that synthesize complementary RNA, constitutively or inducibly, can be introduced into cell lines, cells, or tissues.

RNA molecules may be modified to increase intracellular stability and half-life. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' 15 ends of the molecule, or the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages within the backbone of the molecule. This concept is inherent in the production of PNAs and can be extended in all of these molecules by the inclusion of nontraditional bases such as inosine, queosine, and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-, methyl-, thio-, and similarly modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine, and uridine which are not as easily recognized by endogenous endonucleases.

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Many methods for introducing vectors into cells or tissues are available and equally suitable for use in vivo, in vitro, and ex vivo. For ex vivo therapy, vectors may be introduced into stem cells taken from the patient and clonally propagated for autologous transplant back into that same patient. Delivery by transfection, by liposome injections, or by polycationic amino polymers 25 may be achieved using methods which are well known in the art. (See, e.g., Goldman, C.K. et al. (1997) Nature Biotechnology 15:462-466.)

Any of the therapeutic methods described above may be applied to any subject in need of such therapy, including, for example, mammals such as dogs, cats, cows, horses, rabbits. monkeys, and most preferably, humans.

An additional embodiment of the invention relates to the administration of a pharmaceutical or sterile composition, in conjunction with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, for any of the therapeutic effects discussed above. Such pharmaceutical compositions may consist of HTRM. antibodies to HTRM, and mimetics, agonists, antagonists, or inhibitors of HTRM. The compositions may be administered alone or in combination with at least one other agent, such as a stabilizing compound, which may be administered in any sterile, biocompatible pharmaceutical

carrier including, but not limited to, saline, buffered saline, dextrose, and water. The compositions may be administered to a patient alone, or in combination with other agents, drugs, or hormones.

The pharmaceutical compositions utilized in this invention may be administered by any number of routes including, but not limited to, oral, intravenous, intramuscular, intra-arterial,

5 intramedullary, intrathecal, intraventricular, transdermal, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal, intranasal, enteral, topical, sublingual, or rectal means.

In addition to the active ingredients, these pharmaceutical compositions may contain suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers comprising excipients and auxiliaries which facilitate processing of the active compounds into preparations which can be used pharmaceutically. Further details on techniques for formulation and administration may be found in the latest edition of Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences (Maack Publishing, Easton PA).

Pharmaceutical compositions for oral administration can be formulated using pharmaceutically acceptable carriers well known in the art in dosages suitable for oral administration. Such carriers enable the pharmaceutical compositions to be formulated as tablets, pills, dragees, capsules, liquids, gels, syrups, slurries, suspensions, and the like, for ingestion by the patient.

Pharmaceutical preparations for oral use can be obtained through combining active compounds with solid excipient and processing the resultant mixture of granules (optionally, after grinding) to obtain tablets or dragee cores. Suitable auxiliaries can be added, if desired. Suitable excipients include carbohydrate or protein fillers, such as sugars, including lactose, sucrose, mannitol, and sorbitol; starch from corn, wheat, rice, potato, or other plants; cellulose, such as methyl cellulose, hydroxypropylmethyl-cellulose, or sodium carboxymethylcellulose; gums, including arabic and tragacanth; and proteins, such as gelatin and collagen. If desired, disintegrating or solubilizing agents may be added, such as the cross-linked polyvinyl pyrrolidone, agar, and alginic acid or a salt thereof, such as sodium alginate.

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Dragee cores may be used in conjunction with suitable coatings, such as concentrated sugar solutions, which may also contain gum arabic, talc, polyvinylpyrrolidone, carbopol gel, polyethylene glycol, and/or titanium dioxide, lacquer solutions, and suitable organic solvents or solvent mixtures. Dyestuffs or pigments may be added to the tablets or dragee coatings for product identification or to characterize the quantity of active compound, i.e., dosage.

Pharmaceutical preparations which can be used orally include push-fit capsules made of gelatin, as well as soft, sealed capsules made of gelatin and a coating, such as glycerol or sorbitol. Push-fit capsules can contain active ingredients mixed with fillers or binders, such as lactose or starches, lubricants, such as talc or magnesium stearate, and, optionally, stabilizers. In soft capsules, the active compounds may be dissolved or suspended in suitable liquids, such as fatty

oils, liquid, or liquid polyethylene glycol with or without stabilizers.

Pharmaceutical formulations suitable for parenteral administration may be formulated in aqueous solutions, preferably in physiologically compatible buffers such as Hanks' solution, Ringer's solution, or physiologically buffered saline. Aqueous injection suspensions may contain substances which increase the viscosity of the suspension, such as sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, sorbitol, or dextran. Additionally, suspensions of the active compounds may be prepared as appropriate oily injection suspensions. Suitable lipophilic solvents or vehicles include fatty oils, such as sesame oil, or synthetic fatty acid esters, such as ethyl oleate, triglycerides, or liposomes. Non-lipid polycationic amino polymers may also be used for delivery. Optionally, the suspension may also contain suitable stabilizers or agents to increase the solubility of the compounds and allow for the preparation of highly concentrated solutions.

For topical or nasal administration, penetrants appropriate to the particular barrier to be permeated are used in the formulation. Such penetrants are generally known in the art.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention may be manufactured in a manner that is known in the art. e.g., by means of conventional mixing, dissolving, granulating, dragee-making, levigating, emulsifying, encapsulating, entrapping, or lyophilizing processes.

The pharmaceutical composition may be provided as a salt and can be formed with many acids, including but not limited to, hydrochloric, sulfuric, acetic, lactic, tartaric, malic, and succinic acid. Salts tend to be more soluble in aqueous or other protonic solvents than are the corresponding free base forms. In other cases, the preferred preparation may be a lyophilized powder which may contain any or all of the following: 1 mM to 50 mM histidine, 0.1% to 2% sucrose, and 2% to 7% mannitol, at a pH range of 4.5 to 5.5, that is combined with buffer prior to use.

After pharmaceutical compositions have been prepared, they can be placed in an
appropriate container and labeled for treatment of an indicated condition. For administration of
HTRM, such labeling would include amount, frequency, and method of administration.

Pharmaceutical compositions suitable for use in the invention include compositions wherein the active ingredients are contained in an effective amount to achieve the intended purpose. The determination of an effective dose is well within the capability of those skilled in the art.

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For any compound, the therapeutically effective dose can be estimated initially either in cell culture assays, e.g., of neoplastic cells or in animal models such as mice, rats, rabbits, dogs, or pigs. An animal model may also be used to determine the appropriate concentration range and route of administration. Such information can then be used to determine useful doses and routes for administration in humans.

A therapeutically effective dose refers to that amount of active ingredient, for example HTRM or fragments thereof, antibodies of HTRM, and agonists, antagonists or inhibitors of HTRM, which ameliorates the symptoms or condition. Therapeutic efficacy and toxicity may be determined by standard pharmaceutical procedures in cell cultures or with experimental animals, such as by calculating the ED<sub>50</sub> (the dose therapeutically effective in 50% of the population) or LD<sub>50</sub> (the dose lethal to 50% of the population) statistics. The dose ratio of toxic to therapeutic effects is the therapeutic index, and it can be expressed as the LD<sub>50</sub>/ED<sub>50</sub> ratio. Pharmaceutical compositions which exhibit large therapeutic indices are preferred. The data obtained from cell culture assays and animal studies are used to formulate a range of dosage for human use. The dosage contained in such compositions is preferably within a range of circulating concentrations that includes the ED<sub>50</sub> with little or no toxicity. The dosage varies within this range depending upon the dosage form employed, the sensitivity of the patient, and the route of administration.

The exact dosage will be determined by the practitioner, in light of factors related to the subject requiring treatment. Dosage and administration are adjusted to provide sufficient levels of the active moiety or to maintain the desired effect. Factors which may be taken into account include the severity of the disease state, the general health of the subject, the age, weight, and gender of the subject, time and frequency of administration, drug combination(s), reaction sensitivities, and response to therapy. Long-acting pharmaceutical compositions may be administered every 3 to 4 days, every week, or biweekly depending on the half-life and clearance rate of the particular formulation.

Normal dosage amounts may vary from about 0.1 µg to 100,000 µg, up to a total dose of about 1 gram, depending upon the route of administration. Guidance as to particular dosages and methods of delivery is provided in the literature and generally available to practitioners in the art. Those skilled in the art will employ different formulations for nucleotides than for proteins or their inhibitors. Similarly, delivery of polynucleotides or polypeptides will be specific to particular cells, conditions, locations, etc.

## **DIAGNOSTICS**

In another embodiment, antibodies which specifically bind HTRM may be used for the diagnosis of disorders characterized by expression of HTRM, or in assays to monitor patients

30 being treated with HTRM or agonists, antagonists, or inhibitors of HTRM. Antibodies useful for diagnostic purposes may be prepared in the same manner as described above for therapeutics.

Diagnostic assays for HTRM include methods which utilize the antibody and a label to detect HTRM in human body fluids or in extracts of cells or tissues. The antibodies may be used with or without modification, and may be labeled by covalent or non-covalent attachment of a reporter molecule. A wide variety of reporter molecules, several of which are described above, are known

in the art and may be used.

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A variety of protocols for measuring HTRM, including ELISAs, RIAs, and FACS, are known in the art and provide a basis for diagnosing altered or abnormal levels of HTRM expression. Normal or standard values for HTRM expression are established by combining body 5 fluids or cell extracts taken from normal mammalian subjects, preferably human, with antibody to HTRM under conditions suitable for complex formation. The amount of standard complex formation may be quantitated by various methods, preferably by photometric means. Quantities of HTRM expressed in subject, control, and disease samples from biopsied tissues are compared with the standard values. Deviation between standard and subject values establishes the parameters for 10 diagnosing disease.

In another embodiment of the invention, the polynucleotides encoding HTRM may be used for diagnostic purposes. The polynucleotides which may be used include oligonucleotide sequences, complementary RNA and DNA molecules, and PNAs. The polynucleotides may be used to detect and quantitate gene expression in biopsied tissues in which expression of HTRM 15 may be correlated with disease. The diagnostic assay may be used to determine absence. presence. and excess expression of HTRM, and to monitor regulation of HTRM levels during therapeutic intervention.

In one aspect, hybridization with PCR probes which are capable of detecting polynucleotide sequences, including genomic sequences, encoding HTRM or closely related molecules may be used to identify nucleic acid sequences which encode HTRM. The specificity of the probe, whether it is made from a highly specific region, e.g., the 5' regulatory region, or from a less specific region, e.g., a conserved motif, and the stringency of the hybridization or amplification (maximal, high, intermediate, or low), will determine whether the probe identifies only naturally occurring sequences encoding HTRM, allelic variants, or related sequences.

Probes may also be used for the detection of related sequences, and should preferably have at least 50% sequence identity to any of the HTRM encoding sequences. The hybridization probes of the subject invention may be DNA or RNA and may be derived from the sequence of SEQ ID NO:66-130 or from genomic sequences including promoters, enhancers, and introns of the HTRM gene.

Means for producing specific hybridization probes for DNAs encoding HTRM include the cloning of polynucleotide sequences encoding HTRM or HTRM derivatives into vectors for the production of mRNA probes. Such vectors are known in the art, are commercially available, and may be used to synthesize RNA probes in vitro by means of the addition of the appropriate RNA polymerases and the appropriate labeled nucleotides. Hybridization probes may be labeled by a 35 variety of reporter groups, for example, by radionuclides such as <sup>32</sup>P or <sup>35</sup>S, or by enzymatic labels,

such as alkaline phosphatase coupled to the probe via avidin/biotin coupling systems, and the like.

Polynucleotide sequences encoding HTRM may be used for the diagnosis of disorders associated with expression of HTRM. Examples of such disorders include, but are not limited to, a cell proliferative disorder such as actinic keratosis, arteriosclerosis, atherosclerosis, bursitis, 5 cirrhosis, hepatitis, mixed connective tissue disease (MCTD), myelofibrosis, paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria, polycythemia vera, psoriasis, primary thrombocythemia; cancers including adenocarcinoma, leukemia, lymphoma, melanoma, myeloma, sarcoma, teratocarcinoma, and, in particular, cancers of the adrenal gland, bladder, bone, bone marrow, brain, breast, cervix, gall bladder, ganglia, gastrointestinal tract, heart, kidney, liver, lung, muscle, ovary, pancreas, parathyroid, penis, prostate, salivary glands, skin, spleen, testis, thymus, thyroid, and uterus; and an immune disorder such as acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Addison's disease, adult respiratory distress syndrome, allergies, ankylosing spondylitis, amyloidosis, anemia, asthma, atherosclerosis, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, autoimmune thyroiditis, bronchitis. cholecystitis. contact dermatitis, Crohn's disease, atopic dermatitis, dermatomyositis, diabetes 15 mellitus, emphysema, episodic lymphopenia with lymphocytotoxins, erythroblastosis fetalis, erythema nodosum, atrophic gastritis, glomerulonephritis, Goodpasture's syndrome, gout, Graves' disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, hypereosinophilia, irritable bowel syndrome, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, myocardial or pericardial inflammation, osteoarthritis, osteoporosis, pancreatitis, polymyositis, psoriasis, Reiter's syndrome, rheumatoid arthritis, scleroderma. Sjögren's syndrome, systemic anaphylaxis, systemic lupus erythematosus, systemic sclerosis, thrombocytopenic purpura, ulcerative colitis, uveitis, Werner syndrome, complications of cancer, hemodialysis, and extracorporeal circulation, viral, bacterial, fungal, parasitic, protozoal, and helminthic infections, and trauma. The polynucleotide sequences encoding HTRM may be used in Southern or northern analysis, dot blot, or other membrane-based technologies; in PCR 25 technologies; in dipstick, pin, and multiformat ELISA-like assays; and in microarrays utilizing fluids or tissues from patients to detect altered HTRM expression. Such qualitative or quantitative methods are well known in the art.

In a particular aspect, the nucleotide sequences encoding HTRM may be useful in assays that detect the presence of associated disorders, particularly those mentioned above. The nucleotide sequences encoding HTRM may be labeled by standard methods and added to a fluid or tissue sample from a patient under conditions suitable for the formation of hybridization complexes. After a suitable incubation period, the sample is washed and the signal is quantitated and compared with a standard value. If the amount of signal in the patient sample is significantly altered in comparison to a control sample then the presence of altered levels of nucleotide sequences encoding HTRM in the sample indicates the presence of the associated disorder. Such

assays may also be used to evaluate the efficacy of a particular therapeutic treatment regimen in animal studies, in clinical trials, or to monitor the treatment of an individual patient.

In order to provide a basis for the diagnosis of a disorder associated with expression of HTRM, a normal or standard profile for expression is established. This may be accomplished by combining body fluids or cell extracts taken from normal subjects, either animal or human, with a sequence, or a fragment thereof, encoding HTRM, under conditions suitable for hybridization or amplification. Standard hybridization may be quantified by comparing the values obtained from normal subjects with values from an experiment in which a known amount of a substantially purified polynucleotide is used. Standard values obtained in this manner may be compared with values obtained from samples from patients who are symptomatic for a disorder. Deviation from standard values is used to establish the presence of a disorder.

Once the presence of a disorder is established and a treatment protocol is initiated, hybridization assays may be repeated on a regular basis to determine if the level of expression in the patient begins to approximate that which is observed in the normal subject. The results 15 obtained from successive assays may be used to show the efficacy of treatment over a period ranging from several days to months.

With respect to cancer, the presence of an abnormal amount of transcript (either under- or overexpressed) in biopsied tissue from an individual may indicate a predisposition for the development of the disease, or may provide a means for detecting the disease prior to the appearance of actual clinical symptoms. A more definitive diagnosis of this type may allow health professionals to employ preventative measures or aggressive treatment earlier thereby preventing the development or further progression of the cancer.

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Additional diagnostic uses for oligonucleotides designed from the sequences encoding HTRM may involve the use of PCR. These oligomers may be chemically synthesized, generated 25 enzymatically, or produced in vitro. Oligomers will preferably contain a fragment of a polynucleotide encoding HTRM, or a fragment of a polynucleotide complementary to the polynucleotide encoding HTRM, and will be employed under optimized conditions for identification of a specific gene or condition. Oligomers may also be employed under less stringent conditions for detection or quantitation of closely related DNA or RNA sequences.

Methods which may also be used to quantitate the expression of HTRM include radiolabeling or biotinylating nucleotides, coamplification of a control nucleic acid, and interpolating results from standard curves. (See, e.g., Melby, P.C. et al. (1993) J. Immunol. Methods 159:235-244; Duplaa. C. et al. (1993) Anal. Biochem. 229-236.) The speed of quantitation of multiple samples may be accelerated by running the assay in an ELISA format 35 where the oligomer of interest is presented in various dilutions and a spectrophotometric or

colorimetric response gives rapid quantitation.

In further embodiments, oligonucleotides or longer fragments derived from any of the polynucleotide sequences described herein may be used as targets in a microarray. The microarray can be used to monitor the expression level of large numbers of genes simultaneously and to identify genetic variants, mutations, and polymorphisms. This information may be used to determine gene function, to understand the genetic basis of a disorder, to diagnose a disorder, and to develop and monitor the activities of therapeutic agents.

Microarrays may be prepared, used, and analyzed using methods known in the art. (See, e.g., Brennan, T.M. et al. (1995) U.S. Patent No. 5,474,796; Schena, M. et al. (1996) Proc. Natl.

Acad. Sci. 93:10614-10619; Baldeschweiler et al. (1995) PCT application WO95/251116: Shalon, D. et al. (1995) PCT application WO95/35505; Heller, R.A. et al. (1997) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 94:2150-2155; and Heller, M.J. et al. (1997) U.S. Patent No. 5,605,662.)

In another embodiment of the invention, nucleic acid sequences encoding HTRM may be used to generate hybridization probes useful in mapping the naturally occurring genomic sequence. The sequences may be mapped to a particular chromosome, to a specific region of a chromosome, or to artificial chromosome constructions, e.g., human artificial chromosomes (HACs), yeast artificial chromosomes (YACs), bacterial artificial chromosomes (BACs), bacterial P1 constructions, or single chromosome cDNA libraries. (See, e.g., Harrington, J.J. et al. (1997) Nat Genet. 15:345-355; Price, C.M. (1993) Blood Rev. 7:127-134; and Trask, B.J. (1991) Trends Genet. 7:149-154.)

Fluorescent in situ hybridization (FISH) may be correlated with other physical chromosome mapping techniques and genetic map data. (See, e.g., Heinz-Ulrich, et al. (1995) in Meyers. <a href="supra">supra</a>, pp. 965-968.) Examples of genetic map data can be found in various scientific journals or at the Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man (OMIM) site. Correlation between the location of the gene encoding HTRM on a physical chromosomal map and a specific disorder, or a predisposition to a specific disorder, may help define the region of DNA associated with that disorder. The nucleotide sequences of the invention may be used to detect differences in gene sequences among normal, carrier, and affected individuals.

In situ hybridization of chromosomal preparations and physical mapping techniques, such as linkage analysis using established chromosomal markers, may be used for extending genetic maps. Often the placement of a gene on the chromosome of another mammalian species, such as mouse, may reveal associated markers even if the number or arm of a particular human chromosome is not known. New sequences can be assigned to chromosomal arms by physical mapping. This provides valuable information to investigators searching for disease genes using positional cloning or other gene discovery techniques. Once the disease or syndrome has been

crudely localized by genetic linkage to a particular genomic region, e.g., ataxia-telangiectasia to 11q22-23, any sequences mapping to that area may represent associated or regulatory genes for further investigation. (See, e.g., Gatti. R.A. et al. (1988) Nature 336:577-580.) The nucleotide sequence of the subject invention may also be used to detect differences in the chromosomal location due to translocation, inversion, etc., among normal, carrier, or affected individuals.

In another embodiment of the invention, HTRM, its catalytic or immunogenic fragments, or oligopeptides thereof can be used for screening libraries of compounds in any of a variety of drug screening techniques. The fragment employed in such screening may be free in solution, affixed to a solid support, borne on a cell surface, or located intracellularly. The formation of binding complexes between HTRM and the agent being tested may be measured.

Another technique for drug screening provides for high throughput screening of compounds having suitable binding affinity to the protein of interest. (See, e.g., Geysen, et al. (1984) PCT application WO84/03564.) In this method, large numbers of different small test compounds are synthesized on a solid substrate. The test compounds are reacted with HTRM, or fragments thereof, and washed. Bound HTRM is then detected by methods well known in the art. Purified HTRM can also be coated directly onto plates for use in the aforementioned drug screening techniques. Alternatively, non-neutralizing antibodies can be used to capture the peptide and immobilize it on a solid support.

In another embodiment, one may use competitive drug screening assays in which neutralizing antibodies capable of binding HTRM specifically compete with a test compound for binding HTRM. In this manner, antibodies can be used to detect the presence of any peptide which shares one or more antigenic determinants with HTRM.

In additional embodiments, the nucleotide sequences which encode HTRM may be used in any molecular biology techniques that have yet to be developed, provided the new techniques rely on properties of nucleotide sequences that are currently known, including, but not limited to, such properties as the triplet genetic code and specific base pair interactions.

Without further elaboration, it is believed that one skilled in the art can, using the preceding description, utilize the present invention to its fullest extent. The following preferred specific embodiments are, therefore, to be construed as merely illustrative, and not limitative of the remainder of the disclosure in any was whatsoever.

The entire disclosure of all applications, patents, and publications, cited above and below, and of US provisional applications 60/084,254 (filed May 5, 1998), 60/095.827 (filed August 7, 1998), and 60/102,745 (filed Oct. 2, 1998) are hereby incorporated by reference.

### **EXAMPLES**

### 35 I. Construction of cDNA Libraries

RNA was purchased from Clontech or isolated from tissues described in Table 4. Some tissues were homogenized and lysed in guanidinium isothiocyanate, while others were homogenized and lysed in phenol or in a suitable mixture of denaturants, such as TRIZOL (Life Technologies), a monophasic solution of phenol and guanidine isothiocyanate. The resulting lysates were centrifuged over CsCl cushions or extracted with chloroform. RNA was precipitated from the lysates with either isopropanol or sodium acetate and ethanol, or by other routine methods.

Phenol extraction and precipitation of RNA were repeated as necessary to increase RNA purity. In some cases, RNA was treated with DNase. For most libraries, poly(A+) RNA was isolated using oligo d(T)-coupled paramagnetic particles (Promega), OLIGOTEX latex particles (QIAGEN. Valencia CA), or an OLIGOTEX mRNA purification kit (QIAGEN). Alternatively, RNA was isolated directly from tissue lysates using other RNA isolation kits, e.g., the POLY(A)PURE mRNA purification kit (Ambion, Austin TX).

In some cases, Stratagene was provided with RNA and constructed the corresponding cDNA libraries. Otherwise, cDNA was synthesized and cDNA libraries were constructed with the UNIZAP vector system (Stratagene) or SUPERSCRIPT plasmid system (Life Technologies), using the recommended procedures or similar methods known in the art. (See, e.g., Ausubel, 1997, supra, units 5.1-6.6). Reverse transcription was initiated using oligo d(T) or random primers. Synthetic oligonucleotide adapters were ligated to double stranded cDNA, and the cDNA was digested with the appropriate restriction enzyme or enzymes. For most libraries, the cDNA was size-selected (300-1000 bp) using SEPHACRYL S1000, SEPHAROSE CL2B, or SEPHAROSE CL4B column chromatography (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) or preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. cDNAs were ligated into compatible restriction enzyme sites of the polylinker of a suitable plasmid. e.g., PBLUESCRIPT plasmid (Stratagene), pSPORT1 plasmid (Life Technologies), or pINCY (Incyte Pharmaceuticals, Palo Alto CA). Recombinant plasmids were transformed into competent E. coli cells including XL1-Blue, XL1-BlueMRF, or SOLR from Stratagene or DH5α, DH10B, or ElectroMAX DH10B from Life Technologies.

### II. Isolation of cDNA Clones

Plasmids were recovered from host cells by in vivo excision, using the UNIZAP vector

system (Stratagene) or cell lysis. Plasmids were purified using at least one of the following: a

Magic or WIZARD Minipreps DNA purification system (Promega); an AGTC Miniprep

purification kit (Edge Biosystems, Gaithersburg MD); and QIAWELL 8 Plasmid, QIAWELL 8

Plus Plasmid, QIAWELL 8 Ultra Plasmid purification systems or the REAL Prep 96 plasmid kit

from QIAGEN. Following precipitation, plasmids were resuspended in 0.1 ml of distilled water

and stored, with or without lyophilization, at 4°C.

Alternatively, plasmid DNA was amplified from host cell lysates using direct link PCR in a high-throughput format (Rao, V.B. (1994) Anal. Biochem. 216:1-14). Host cell lysis and thermal cycling steps were carried out in a single reaction mixture. Samples were processed and stored in 384-well plates, and the concentration of amplified plasmid DNA was quantified fluorometrically using PICOGREEN dye (Molecular Probes, Eugene OR) and a Fluoroskan II fluorescence scanner (Labsystems Oy, Helsinki, Finland).

### III. Sequencing and Analysis

The cDNAs were prepared for sequencing using the ABI CATALYST 800 (Perkin-Elmer) or the HYDRA microdispenser (Robbins Scientific) or MICROLAB 2200 (Hamilton) systems in combination with the PTC-200 thermal cyclers (MJ Research). The cDNAs were sequenced using the ABI PRISM 373 or 377 sequencing systems (Perkin-Elmer) and standard ABI protocols, base calling software, and kits. In one alternative, cDNAs were sequenced using the MEGABACE 1000 DNA sequencing system (Molecular Dynamics). In another alternative, the cDNAs were amplified and sequenced using the ABI PRISM BIGDYE Terminator cycle sequencing ready reaction kit (Perkin-Elmer). In yet another alternative, cDNAs were sequenced using solutions and dyes from Amersham Pharmacia Biotech. Reading frames for the ESTs were determined using standard methods (reviewed in Ausubel, 1997, supra, unit 7.7). Some of the cDNA sequences were selected for extension using the techniques disclosed in Example V.

The polynucleotide sequences derived from cDNA, extension, and shotgun sequencing
were assembled and analyzed using a combination of software programs which utilize algorithms
well known to those skilled in the art. Table 5 summarizes the software programs, descriptions,
references, and threshold parameters used. The first column of Table 5 shows the tools, programs,
and algorithms used, the second column provides a brief description thereof, the third column
presents the references which are incorporated by reference herein, and the fourth column
presents, where applicable, the scores, probability values, and other parameters used to evaluate
the strength of a match between two sequences (the higher the probability the greater the
homology). Sequences were analyzed using MACDNASIS PRO software (Hitachi Software
Engineering, S. San Francisco CA) and LASERGENE software (DNASTAR).

as a search algorithm developed by Applied Biosystems and incorporated into the INHERIT™ 670 sequence analysis system. In this algorithm, Pattern Specification Language (TRW Inc, Los Angeles, CA) was used to determine regions of homology. The three parameters that determine how the sequence comparisons run were window size, window offset, and error tolerance. Using a combination of these three parameters, the DNA database was searched for sequences containing regions of homology to the query sequence, and the appropriate sequences were scored with an initial value.

Subsequently, these homologous regions were examined using dot matrix homology plots to distinguish regions of homology from chance matches. Smith-Waterman alignments were used to display the results of the homology search.

Peptide and protein sequence homologies were ascertained using the INHERIT- 670 sequence analysis system using the methods similar to those used in DNA sequence homologies. Pattern Specification Language and parameter windows were used to search protein databases for sequences containing regions of homology which were scored with an initial value. Dot-matrix homology plots were examined to distinguish regions of significant homology from chance matches.

The polynucleotide sequences were validated by removing vector, linker, and polyA sequences and by masking ambiguous bases, using algorithms and programs based on BLAST, dynamic programing, and dinucleotide nearest neighbor analysis. The sequences were then queried against a selection of public databases such as GenBank primate, rodent, mammalian, vertebrate, and eukaryote databases, and BLOCKS to acquire annotation, using programs based on BLAST, FASTA, and BLIMPS. The sequences were assembled into full length polynucleotide sequences using programs based on Phred, Phrap, and Consed, and were screened for open reading frames using programs based on GeneMark, BLAST, and FASTA. The full length polynucleotide sequences were translated to derive the corresponding full length amino acid sequences, and these full length sequences were subsequently analyzed by querying against databases such as the GenBank databases (described above), SwissProt, BLOCKS, PRINTS, PFAM, and Prosite.

The programs described above for the assembly and analysis of full length polynucleotide and amino acid sequences were also used to identify polynucleotide sequence fragments from SEQ ID NO:110-130 Fragments from about 20 to about 4000 nucleotides which are useful in hybridization and amplification technologies were described in The Invention section above.

### IV. Northern Analysis

Northern analysis is a laboratory technique used to detect the presence of a transcript of a gene and involves the hybridization of a labeled nucleotide sequence to a membrane on which RNAs from a particular cell type or tissue have been bound. (See, e.g., Sambrook, supra, ch. 7;

30 Ausubel, 1995, supra, ch. 4 and 16.)

Analogous computer techniques applying BLAST were used to search for identical or related molecules in nucleotide databases such as GenBank or LIFESEQ database (Incyte Pharmaceuticals). This analysis is much faster than multiple membrane-based hybridizations. In addition, the sensitivity of the computer search can be modified to determine whether any particular match is categorized as exact or similar. The basis of the search is the product score,

which is defined as:

### % sequence identity x % maximum BLAST score

100

The product score takes into account both the degree of similarity between two sequences and the length of the sequence match. For example, with a product score of 40, the match will be exact within a 1% to 2% error, and, with a product score of 70, the match will be exact. Similar molecules are usually identified by selecting those which show product scores between 15 and 40, although lower scores may identify related molecules.

The results of northern analyses are reported a percentage distribution of libraries in which
the transcript encoding HTRM occurred. Analysis involved the categorization of cDNA libraries
by organ/tissue and disease. The organ/tissue categories included cardiovascular, dermatologic,
developmental, endocrine, gastrointestinal, hematopoietic/immune, musculoskeletal, nervous,
reproductive, and urologic. The disease categories included cancer, inflammation/trauma, fetal,
neurological, and pooled. For each category, the number of libraries expressing the sequence of
interest was counted and divided by the total number of libraries across all categories. Percentage
values of tissue-specific and disease expression are reported in Table 3.

### V. Extension of HTRM Encoding Polynucleotides

The full length nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:66-130 was produced by extension of an appropriate fragment of the full length molecule using oligonucleotide primers designed from this fragment. One primer was synthesized to initiate 5' extension of the known fragment, and the other primer, to initiate 3' extension of the known fragment. The initial primers were designed using OLIGO 4.06 software (National Biosciences), or another appropriate program, to be about 22 to 30 nucleotides in length, to have a GC content of about 50% or more, and to anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to about 72°C. Any stretch of nucleotides which would result in hairpin structures and primer-primer dimerizations was avoided.

Selected human cDNA libraries were used to extend the sequence. If more than one extension was necessary or desired, additional or nested sets of primers were designed.

High fidelity amplification was obtained by PCR using methods well known in the art.

PCR was performed in 96-well plates using the PTC-200 thermal cycler (MJ Research, Inc.). The
reaction mix contained DNA template, 200 nmol of each primer, reaction buffer containing Mg<sup>2-</sup>,
(NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and β-mercaptoethanol, Taq DNA polymerase (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech),
ELONGASE enzyme (Life Technologies), and Pfu DNA polymerase (Stratagene), with the
following parameters for primer pair PCI A and PCI B: Step 1: 94°C, 3 min: Step 2: 94°C. 15 sec;
Step 3: 60°C, 1 min; Step 4: 68°C, 2 min: Step 5: Steps 2, 3, and 4 repeated 20 times; Step 6:
35 68°C, 5 min: Step 7: storage at 4°C. In the alternative, the parameters for primer pair T7 and SK+

were as follows: Step 1: 94°C, 3 min; Step 2: 94°C, 15 sec; Step 3: 57°C, 1 min; Step 4: 68°C, 2 min; Step 5: Steps 2, 3, and 4 repeated 20 times; Step 6: 68°C, 5 min; Step 7: storage at 4°C.

The concentration of DNA in each well was determined by dispensing 100 µl PICOGREEN quantitation reagent (0.25% (v/v) PICOGREEN; Molecular Probes, Eugene OR) dissolved in 1X TE and 0.5 µl of undiluted PCR product into each well of an opaque fluorimeter plate (Corning Costar, Acton MA), allowing the DNA to bind to the reagent. The plate was scanned in a Fluoroskan II (Labsystems Oy, Helsinki, Finland) to measure the fluorescence of the sample and to quantify the concentration of DNA. A 5 µl to 10 µl aliquot of the reaction mixture was analyzed by electrophoresis on a 1 % agarose mini-gel to determine which reactions were 0 successful in extending the sequence.

The extended nucleotides were desalted and concentrated, transferred to 384-well plates, digested with CviJI cholera virus endonuclease (Molecular Biology Research, Madison WI), and sonicated or sheared prior to religation into pUC 18 vector (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech). For shotgun sequencing, the digested nucleotides were separated on low concentration (0.6 to 0.8%) agarose gels, fragments were excised, and agar digested with Agar ACE (Promega). Extended clones were religated using T4 ligase (New England Biolabs, Beverly MA) into pUC 18 vector (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech), treated with Pfu DNA polymerase (Stratagene) to fill-in restriction site overhangs, and transfected into competent <u>E. coli</u> cells. Transformed cells were selected on antibiotic-containing media, individual colonies were picked and cultured overnight at 37°C in 384-well plates in LB/2x carb liquid media.

The cells were lysed, and DNA was amplified by PCR using Taq DNA polymerase (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) and Pfu DNA polymerase (Stratagene) with the following parameters: Step 1: 94°C, 3 min; Step 2: 94°C, 15 sec; Step 3: 60°C, 1 min: Step 4: 72°C, 2 min; Step 5: steps 2, 3, and 4 repeated 29 times; Step 6: 72°C, 5 min; Step 7: storage at 4°C. DNA was quantified by PICOGREEN reagent (Molecular Probes) as described above. Samples with low DNA recoveries were reamplified using the same conditions as described above. Samples were diluted with 20% dimethysulphoxide (1:2, v/v), and sequenced using DYENAMIC energy transfer sequencing primers and the DYENAMIC DIRECT kit (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) or the ABI PRISM BIGDYE Terminator cycle sequencing ready reaction kit (Perkin-Elmer).

In like manner, the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:66-130 is used to obtain 5' regulatory sequences using the procedure above, oligonucleotides designed for such extension, and an appropriate genomic library.

### VI. Labeling and Use of Individual Hybridization Probes

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Hybridization probes derived from SEQ ID NO:66-130 are employed to screen cDNAs, genomic DNAs, or mRNAs. Although the labeling of oligonucleotides, consisting of about 20

base pairs, is specifically described, essentially the same procedure is used with larger nucleotide fragments. Oligonucleotides are designed using state-of-the-art software such as OLIGO 4.06 software (National Biosciences) and labeled by combining 50 pmol of each oligomer, 250  $\mu$ Ci of [y-32P] adenosine triphosphate (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech), and T4 polynucleotide kinase 5 (DuPont NEN, Boston MA). The labeled oligonucleotides are substantially purified using a SEPHADEX G-25 superfine size exclusion dextran bead column (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech). An aliquot containing 10<sup>7</sup> counts per minute of the labeled probe is used in a typical membranebased hybridization analysis of human genomic DNA digested with one of the following endonucleases: Ase I, Bgl II, Eco RI, Pst I, Xba1, or Pvu II (DuPont NEN).

The DNA from each digest is fractionated on a 0.7% agarose gel and transferred to nylon membranes (Nytran Plus, Schleicher & Schuell, Durham NH). Hybridization is carried out for 16 hours at 40°C. To remove nonspecific signals, blots are sequentially washed at room temperature under increasingly stringent conditions up to 0.1 x saline sodium citrate and 0.5% sodium dodecyl sulfate. After XOMAT-AR film (Eastman Kodak, Rochester NY) is exposed to the blots to film 15 for several hours, hybridization patterns are compared visually.

### VII. Microarrays

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A chemical coupling procedure and an ink jet device can be used to synthesize array elements on the surface of a substrate. (See, e.g., Baldeschweiler, supra.) An array analogous to a dot or slot blot may also be used to arrange and link elements to the surface of a substrate using thermal, UV, chemical, or mechanical bonding procedures. A typical array may be produced by hand or using available methods and machines and contain any appropriate number of elements. After hybridization, nonhybridized probes are removed and a scanner used to determine the levels and patterns of fluorescence. The degree of complementarity and the relative abundance of each probe which hybridizes to an element on the microarray may be assessed through analysis of the 25 scanned images.

Full-length cDNAs, Expressed Sequence Tags (ESTs), or fragments thereof may comprise the elements of the microarray. Fragments suitable for hybridization can be selected using software well known in the art such as LASERGENE software (DNASTAR). Full-length cDNAs, ESTs, or fragments thereof corresponding to one of the nucleotide sequences of the 30 present invention, or selected at random from a cDNA library relevant to the present invention, are arranged on an appropriate substrate, e.g., a glass slide. The cDNA is fixed to the slide using, e.g., UV cross-linking followed by thermal and chemical treatments and subsequent drying. (See. e.g., Schena, M. et al. (1995) Science 270:467-470; Shalon, D. et al. (1996) Genome Res. 6:639-645.) Fluorescent probes are prepared and used for hybridization to the elements on the substrate. The 35 substrate is analyzed by procedures described above.

### VIII. Complementary Polynucleotides

Sequences complementary to the HTRM-encoding sequences, or any parts thereof, are used to detect, decrease, or inhibit expression of naturally occurring HTRM. Although use of oligonucleotides comprising from about 15 to 30 base pairs is described, essentially the same procedure is used with smaller or with larger sequence fragments. Appropriate oligonucleotides are designed using OLIGO 4.06 software (National Biosciences) and the coding sequence of HTRM. To inhibit transcription, a complementary oligonucleotide is designed from the most unique 5' sequence and used to prevent promoter binding to the coding sequence. To inhibit translation, a complementary oligonucleotide is designed to prevent ribosomal binding to the HTRM-encoding transcript.

### IX. Expression of HTRM

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Expression and purification of HTRM is achieved using bacterial or virus-based expression systems. For expression of HTRM in bacteria, cDNA is subcloned into an appropriate vector containing an antibiotic resistance gene and an inducible promoter that directs high levels 15 of cDNA transcription. Examples of such promoters include, but are not limited to, the trp-lac (tac) hybrid promoter and the T5 or T7 bacteriophage promoter in conjunction with the lac operator regulatory element. Recombinant vectors are transformed into suitable bacterial hosts, e.g., BL21(DE3). Antibiotic resistant bacteria express HTRM upon induction with isopropyl beta-D-thiogalactopyranoside (IPTG). Expression of HTRM in eukaryotic cells is achieved by infecting insect or mammalian cell lines with recombinant Autographica californica nuclear polyhedrosis virus (AcMNPV), commonly known as baculovirus. The nonessential polyhedrin gene of baculovirus is replaced with cDNA encoding HTRM by either homologous recombination or bacterial-mediated transposition involving transfer plasmid intermediates. Viral infectivity is maintained and the strong polyhedrin promoter drives high levels of cDNA transcription. 25 Recombinant baculovirus is used to infect Spodoptera frugiperda (Sf9) insect cells in most cases, or human hepatocytes, in some cases. Infection of the latter requires additional genetic modifications to baculovirus. (See Engelhard, E. K. et al. (1994) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:3224-3227; Sandig, V. et al. (1996) Hum. Gene Ther. 7:1937-1945.)

In most expression systems, HTRM is synthesized as a fusion protein with, e.g.,

glutathione S-transferase (GST) or a peptide epitope tag, such as FLAG or 6-His. permitting rapid, single-step, affinity-based purification of recombinant fusion protein from crude cell lysates.

GST, a 26-kilodalton enzyme from Schistosoma japonicum, enables the purification of fusion proteins on immobilized glutathione under conditions that maintain protein activity and antigenicity (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech). Following purification, the GST moiety can be proteolytically cleaved from HTRM at specifically engineered sites. FLAG, an 8-amino acid

peptide, enables immunoaffinity purification using commercially available monoclonal and polyclonal anti-FLAG antibodies (Eastman Kodak). 6-His, a stretch of six consecutive histidine residues, enables purification on metal-chelate resins (QIAGEN). Methods for protein expression and purification are discussed in Ausubel (1995, supra, ch 10 and 16). Purified HTRM obtained by these methods can be used directly in the following activity assay.

### X. Demonstration of HTRM Activity

HTRM activity is measured by its ability to stimulate transcription of a reporter gene, essentially as described in Liu, H.Y., et al (1997; EMBO J. 16:5289-5298.). The assay entails the use of a well characterized reporter gene construct, LexA<sub>op</sub>-LacZ, that consists of LexA DNA transcriptional control elements (LexA<sub>op</sub>) fused to sequences encoding the E. coli β-galactosidase enzyme (LacZ). The methods for fusion gene contruction, expression, and introduction into cells, and measurement of β-galactosidase enzyme activity, are well known to those skilled in the art. Sequences encoding HTRM are cloned into a plasmid that directs the synthesis of a fusion protein, LexA-HTRM, consisting of HTRM and a DNA binding domain derived from the LexA transcription factor. The plasmid encoding the LexA-HTRM fusion protein is introduced into yeast cells along with the plasmid containing the LexA<sub>op</sub>-LacZ reporter gene. The amount of β-galactosidase enzyme activity associated with LexA-HTRM transfected cells, relative to control cells, is proportional to the amount of transcription stimulated by the HTRM gene product.

### 20 XI. Functional Assays

HTRM function is assessed by expressing the sequences encoding HTRM at physiologically elevated levels in mammalian cell culture systems. cDNA is subcloned into a mammalian expression vector containing a strong promoter that drives high levels of cDNA expression. Vectors of choice include pCMV SPORT (Life Technologies) and pCR3.1
25 (Invitrogen, Carlsbad CA), both of which contain the cytomegalovirus promoter. 5-10 μg of recombinant vector are transiently transfected into a human cell line, preferably of endothelial or hematopoietic origin, using either liposome formulations or electroporation. 1-2 μg of an additional plasmid containing sequences encoding a marker protein are co-transfected. Expression of a marker protein provides a means to distinguish transfected cells from nontransfected cells and is a reliable predictor of cDNA expression from the recombinant vector. Marker proteins of choice include, e.g., Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP; Clontech), CD64, or a CD64-GFP fusion protein. Flow cytometry (FCM), an automated, laser optics-based technique, is used to identify transfected cells expressing GFP or CD64-GFP, and to evaluate properties. for example, their apoptotic state. FCM detects and quantifies the uptake of fluorescent molecules that diagnose events preceding or coincident with cell death. These events include changes in nuclear DNA

content as measured by staining of DNA with propidium iodide; changes in cell size and granularity as measured by forward light scatter and 90 degree side light scatter; down-regulation of DNA synthesis as measured by decrease in bromodeoxyuridine uptake; alterations in expression of cell surface and intracellular proteins as measured by reactivity with specific antibodies: and alterations in plasma membrane composition as measured by the binding of fluorescein-conjugated Annexin V protein to the cell surface. Methods in flow cytometry are discussed in Ormerod, M. G. (1994) Flow Cytometry, Oxford, New York NY.

The influence of HTRM on gene expression can be assessed using highly purified populations of cells transfected with sequences encoding HTRM and either CD64 or CD64-GFP. 10 CD64 and CD64-GFP are expressed on the surface of transfected cells and bind to conserved regions of human immunoglobulin G (IgG). Transfected cells are efficiently separated from nontransfected cells using magnetic beads coated with either human IgG or antibody against CD64 (DYNAL. Lake Success NY). mRNA can be purified from the cells using methods well known by those of skill in the art. Expression of mRNA encoding HTRM and other genes of interest can 15 be analyzed by northern analysis or microarray techniques.

### XII. Production of HTRM Specific Antibodies

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HTRM substantially purified using polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE; see, e.g., Harrington, M.G. (1990) Methods Enzymol. 182:488-495), or other purification techniques, is used to immunize rabbits and to produce antibodies using standard protocols.

Alternatively, the HTRM amino acid sequence is analyzed using LASERGENE software (DNASTAR) to determine regions of high immunogenicity, and a corresponding oligopeptide is synthesized and used to raise antibodies by means known to those of skill in the art. Methods for selection of appropriate epitopes, such as those near the C-terminus or in hydrophilic regions are well described in the art. (See, e.g., Ausubel, 1995, supra, ch. 11.)

Typically, oligopeptides 15 residues in length are synthesized using an ABI 431A Peptide Synthesizer (Perkin-Elmer) using fmoc-chemistry and coupled to KLH (Sigma-Aldrich, St. Louis MO) by reaction with N-maleimidobenzoyl-N-hydroxysuccinimide ester (MBS) to increase immunogenicity. (See, e.g., Ausubel, 1995, supra.) Rabbits are immunized with the oligopeptide-KLH complex in complete Freund's adjuvant. Resulting antisera are tested for 30 antipeptide activity by, for example, binding the peptide to plastic, blocking with 1% BSA. reacting with rabbit antisera, washing, and reacting with radio-iodinated goat anti-rabbit lgG.

### XIII. Purification of Naturally Occurring HTRM Using Specific Antibodies

Naturally occurring or recombinant HTRM is substantially purified by immunoaffinity chromatography using antibodies specific for HTRM. An immunoaffinity column is constructed 35 by covalently coupling anti-HTRM antibody to an activated chromatographic resin, such as

CNBr-activated SEPHAROSE (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech). After the coupling, the resin is blocked and washed according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Media containing HTRM are passed over the immunoaffinity column, and the column is washed under conditions that allow the preferential absorbance of HTRM (e.g., high ionic strength buffers in the presence of detergent). The column is eluted under conditions that disrupt antibody/HTRM binding (e.g., a buffer of pH 2 to pH 3, or a high concentration of a chaotrope, such as urea or thiocyanate ion), and HTRM is collected.

### XIV. Identification of Molecules Which Interact with HTRM

15

HTRM, or biologically active fragments thereof, are labeled with <sup>125</sup>I Bolton-Hunter reagent. (See, e.g., Bolton et al. (1973) Biochem. J. 133:529.) Candidate molecules previously arrayed in the wells of a multi-well plate are incubated with the labeled HTRM, washed, and any wells with labeled HTRM complex are assayed. Data obtained using different concentrations of HTRM are used to calculate values for the number, affinity, and association of HTRM with the candidate molecules.

Various modifications and variations of the described methods and systems of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention. Although the invention has been described in connection with specific preferred embodiments, it should be understood that the invention as claimed should not be unduly limited to such specific embodiments. Indeed, various modifications of the described modes for carrying out the invention which are obvious to those skilled in molecular biology or related fields are intended to be within the scope of the following claims.

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Protein SEQ ID NO:	Nucleotide SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Fragments
1	99	001106	U937NOT01	001106 (U937NOT01), 1291142 (BRAINOT11), 2590425 (LUNGNOT22), 1300570 (BRSINOT07)
2	29	004586	HMC1NOT01	004586 (HMCINOTOI), 3889843 (BRSTTUTI6), 1432988 (BEPINONOI), 788995 (PROSTUTO3), 1605475 (LUNGNOTI5)
E	89	052927	FIBRNOT01	052927 (FIBRNOT01), 2518848 (BRAITUT21), 3520218 (LUNGNOND3), 086878 (LIVRNOT01)
<b>T</b>	69	082843	HUVESTB01	082843 (HUVESTBO1), 4008105 (ENDCNOTO4), 2083528 (UTRSNOTO8), 2345764 (TESTTUTO2), 3771780 (BRSTNOT25), 190782 (CONNTUTO1), 2206259 (SPLNFET02), 2509193 (CONUTUTO1)
S	70	322349	EOSIHETO2	322349 (EOSIHETO2), 3686018 (HEAANOTO1), 1853592(LUNSFETO3), 815966 (OVARTUTO1), 1505002 (BRAITUTO7), 1511883 (LUNGNOT14), 2232826 (PROSNOT16)
9	11	397663	PITUNOT02	397663 (PITUNOTO2), 491141 (HMT2AGTO1), 3809879 (CONTTUTO1) 3562349 (SXINNOTO5), 1518413 (BLADTUTO4), 3600151 (DRGTNOTO1), 2474103 (THPINOTO3), 2105304 (BRAITUTO3), 2187330 (PROSNOT26), 1781572 (PGANNONO2), 2056258 (BEPINOTO1), 1888065 (BLADTUTO7)
7	72	673766	CRBLNOT01	673766 (CRBLANOTOl), 2494421 (ADRETUTOS), 3267748 (BRAINOT20) 2194042 (THYRIUTO3), 3186455 (THYRANONO4), 1712236 (PROSNOT16) 1844092 (COLANOTOS), 1602283 (BLADNOTO3), 033357 (THPINOBO1), 1995828 (BRSTIUTO3), 1485594 (CORPNOTO2)
8	73	1504753	BRAITUT07	1504753 (BRAITUT07), 633939 (NEUTCMT01), 2741379 (BRSTTUT14), 2959661 (ADRENOT09), 3483904 (KIDNNOT31), 999401 (KIDNTUT01), 1965504 (BRSTNOT04), 588535 (UTRSNOT01)
6	74	1760185	P1TUNOT03	1760085 (PITUNOTO3), 1914471 (PROSTUTO4), 836831(PROSNOTO7), 729798 (LUNGNOTO3), 1290847 (BRAINOT11), 1492387 (PROSNONO1),1368472 (SCORNONO2)

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Protein SEQ ID NO:	Nucleotide SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Fragments
10	75	1805061	SINTNOT13	1805061 (SINTNOT13), 1435949 (PANCNOT08), 086122(LIVRNOT01) 1482366 (CORPNOT02), 1835310 (BRAINON01), 1333758 (COLNNOT13), 3521449 (LUNGNON03)
11	76	1850120	LUNGFET03	1850120 (LUNGFET03), 3126350 (LUNGTUT12), 786916 (PROSNOT05) 2899740 (DRGCNOT01), 1259221 (MENITUT03), 1334740 (COLNNOT13), 2466350 (THYRNOT08)
12	77	1852290	LUNGFET03	1852290 (LUNGFET03), 2901081 (DRGCNOT01), 1384842(BRAITUT08) 1293541 (PGANNOT03), 1964126 (BRSINOT04)
13	78	1944530	PITUNOT01	1944530 (PITUNOTO1), 2808142 and 2809196 (BLADTUTO8), 2961779 (ADRENOTO9)
14	79	2019742	CONMOT01	2019742 (CONUNOTO1), 2968014 (SCORNOTO4), 168472 (LIVENOTO1) 1875993 (LEUKNOT02), 1522480 (BLADIUTO4), 1418496 (KIDANOTO9), 149730 (FIBRNGTO2)
15	80	2056042	BEPINOT01	2056042 (BEPINOT01), 3097391 (CERVNOT03), 1985203 (LUNGAST01) 1962619 (BRSTNOT04), 1335716 (COLANOT13)
16	81	2398682	THP1AZT01	2398682 (THPIAZTO1), 159706 (ADENINBO1), 2443910(THPINOTO3) 2382189 (ISLINOTO1), 2288661 (BRAINONO1), 1864422(PROSNOT19)
17	82	2518753	BRAITUT21	2518753 (BRAITUT21), 4001219 (HNT2AZSO7), 2606361 (LUNGTUTO7) 449043 (TLYMNOTO2), SAEA01390
18	83	2709055	PONSAZT01	2709055 (PONSAZT01), 2309703 (NGANNOT01), 1661042 (URETTUT01), 2761284 (ESOCTUT02), 2469634 (THPINOT03), SBLA03183, SBLA0349 SBLA0975
19	84	2724537	LUNGIUF10	2724537 (LUNGTUTIO), 3869823 (BMARNOTO3), 952779 (SCORNONOI), 2049127 (LIVREETO2), 1824284 (GBLATUTO1), 1870588 and 1869666 (SKINBITOI), 2626505 (PROSTUTI2), SAEA03404, SAEA01744 SAEA1672, SAEA10045, SAPA04072, SAPA00149

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Nucleotide SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	100 82 04 7
	85	025818	SPLNFET01	025818H1, 025818X12, and 025818X3 (SPLNFET01), 783259H1 (MYOMNOT01), 82616251 (PDCNAMOG)
	98	438283	THYRNOT01	438283H1 and 438283X29 (THYRNOT01), SAGA01136F1, SAGA01671F1, SAGA02704F1, SAGA03722F1, SZZZ01038R1
	87	619699	PGANNOT01	619699H1, 619699X11, and 619699X18 (PGANNOT01), 646198T6 (BRSTTUT02), 1322305X20F1 (BLADNOT04), 1724376F6 (PROSNOT14)
	88	693452	SYNORATO3	118140R1 (MUSCNOT01), 693452H1 and 693452R6 (SYNORAT03), 2455538F6 and 2455538H1 (ENDANOT01), 4500333H1 (BRAVTXT02)
	68	839651	PROSTUT05	729341X12 (LUNGNOTO3), 839651CT1, 839651H1, and 839651X55 (PROSTUTO5), 839651X60 (PROSTUTO5)
	06	1253545	LUNGFET03	1253545H1 and 1254914F6 (LUNGFETO3), 1806337X13F1 and 1807402X11F1 (SINTNOT13), 2179882X22F1 (SININOT01), 2592938F6 (LUNGNOT22), 2840018F6 (DRGLNOT01)
	91	1425691	BEPINON01	2727135H1 (OVARTUTO5), 587126X29R1, 588598X17, and 587126F1 (UTRSNOTO1), 1714529F6 (UCMCNOTO2), 1381341F6 (BRAITUTO8), 1273513F6 (TESTTUTO2), 060265R1(LUNGNOTO1), 1459659F1 (COLNFETO2), 043139R1 (TBLYNOTO1), 1425691H1 (BEPINONO1)

Table 1 cont.

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Nucleotide SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Fragments
27	92	1484257	CORPNOT02	400685H1, 404702F1, 404702R6, 404702X45C1, 404702X47C1, and 404702X48C1 (TMLR3DT01), 1484257H1 (CORPNOT02), 3396312H1 (UTRSNOT16)
28	93	1732368	BRSTTUT08	920006H1 (RATRNOT02), 1732368F6 and 1732368H1 (BRSTTUT08), 2607269T6 (LUNGTUT07), 2654363F6 (THYMNOT04)
29	94	1870914	SKINBIT01	1549551R6 (PROSNOT06), 1575349H1 (LNODNOT03), 1870914H1 (SKINBIT01), 2365851T6 (ADRENOT07), SBKA00149F1
30	95	1910984	CONNTUT01	859876X12 (BRAITUT03), 1234976H1 and 1241845H1 (LUNGNOT03), 1910984F6 and 1910984H1 (CONNTUT01), 3276505H1 (PROSBPT06)
31	96	1943040	HIPONOT01	824144R1 (PROSNOT06), 930281H1 (CERVNOT01), 1420545H1 (KIDNNOT09), 1784405H1 (BRAINOT10), 1943040H1 and 1943040R6 (HIPONOT01), 2122271H1 (BRSTNOT07), 2729723H1 (OVARTUT04)
32	76	2076520	ISLTNOT01	419755RI (BRSTNOT01), 954937R1 (KIDNNOT05), 1460268H1 (COLNFET02), 1599016H1 (BLADNOT03), 2076520H1 (ISLTNOT01), 2082255F6 (UTRSNOT08), 2184150F6 (SININOT01), 2884394F6 (SINJNOT02), 3726575H1 (BRSTNOT23), 3752466H1 (UTRSNOT18), 3764971H1 (BRSTNOT24), 4412005H1 (MONOTXT01

Protein	Nucleotide			
SEQ ID NO:	SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Fragments
33	86	2291241	BRAINON01	2291241CT1 and 2291241H1 (BRAINONOI), 2500586H1 (ADRETUTOS)
34	66	2329692	COLNNOT11	158014F1 (ADENINB01), 1519462F1 (BLADTUT04), 1543875R1 (PROSTUT04), 2329692H1, 2331530R6, and 2331530T6 (COLNNOT11), 2478291F6 (SMCANOT01)
35	100	2474110	'FHP1NOT03	863265H1 (BRAITUTO3), 1313444F1 (BLADTUTO2), 1872631T6 and 1872869F6 (LEUKNOTO2), 2061219R6 (OVARNOTO3), 2171863H1 (ENDCNOTO3), 2474110H1 (THPINOTO3), 2690250H1 (LUNGNOT23), 2812791F6 (OVARNOT10)
36	101	2495790	ADRETUT05	1360349T1 (LUNGNOT12), 1689792H1 (PROSTUT10), 1795321H1 (PROSTUT05), 1905521F6 (OVARNOT07), 1907168F6 (OVARNOT07), 2495790H1 (ADRETUT05), 2587542F6 (BRAITUT22)
37	102	2661254	ADRENOT08	1241850H1 (LUNGNOTO3), 1545867R1 (PROSTUTO4), 2325561H1 (OVARNOTO2), 2661254H1 (ADRENOTO8), 2751457H1 (THP1AZSO8)
38	103	2674047	KIDNNOT19	489330H1 (HNT2AGT01), 2059316R6 (OVARNOT03), 2059316T6 (OVARNOT03), 2674047F6 and 2674047H1 (KIDNNOT19), 2805474H1 (BLADTUT08), 3076605H1 (BONEUNT01), 3080137T6 (BRAIUNT01)

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Nucleotide SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Fragments
39	104	2762174	BRAINOS12	2573448T3 (HIPOAZTO1), 2762174H1 (BRAINOS12), SBNA00508F1, SBNA01683F1, SBNA00674F1, SBNA00857F1
40	105	2765991	BRSTNOT12	082008R6 (HUVESTB01), 2127491T6 (KIDNNOT05), 2765991F6 and 2765991H1 (BRSTNOT12), 3147681H1 (PENCNOT05), SZAH01537F1, SZAH01356F1
41	106	2775157	PANCNOT15	2325410H1 (OVARNOTO2), 2506671F6 and 2506671T6 (CONUTUTO1), 2775157F6 and 2775157H1 (PANCNOT15), 3376091F6 (PENGNOT01), 3412063H1 (BRSTTUS08)
42	107	2918375	THYMFET03	227782F1 (PANCNOT01), 1225559H1 (COLNTUT02), 1511458T1 (LUNGNOT14), 2918375H1 (THYMFET03)
43	108	3149729	ADRENON04	605315F1 (BRSTTUT01), 3149729CT1 and 3149729H1 (ADRENONO4)
44	109	3705895	PENCNOT07	744201R1 (BRAITUT01), 2550322H1 (LUNGTUT06), 3705895H1 (PENCNOT07)

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Nucleotide SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Fragments
45	110	003256	HMC1NOT01	003256H1, 003256R6, 003256T6, 003256X305F1, 003256X313F, 003256X315F1, and 009404H1 (HMCINOT01), 43104R1 (TBLYNOT01), 413017F1 (BRSTNOT01)
46	111	156986	тнелеге т	010084F1 and 012909H1 (THP1PLB01), 156986H1 and 156986R1 (THP1PLB02), 1320255F1 (BLADNOT04), 1512255F1 (LUNGNOT14), 2061923T6 (OVARNOT03), 2398787F6 (THP1AZT01), 2517160H2 (LIVRTUT04)
47	112	319415	EOSIHET02	285773H1, 285773R1, 319415H1, and 319415X19F1 (EOSIHET02), 1231455H1 (BRAITUT01), 1804042F6 (SINTNOT13), 1878858F6 (LEUKNOT03)
48	113	635581	NEUTGMT01	635581H1 (NEUTGMT01), 3045776F6 (HEAANOT01)
49	114	921803	RATRNOT02	921803H1 (RATRNOT02), 1275128T6 (TESTTUT02), 1709959F6 (PROSNOT16), 2416547F6 (HNT3AZT01), 3016146H1 (MUSCNOT07), 3577260H1 (BRONNOT01)
50	115	1250492	LUNGFE'F03	691921X14F1 (LUNGTUT02), 1250492F6, 1250492H1, and 1252265F2 (LUNGFET03), 1361644F6 (LUNGNOT12), 3049358F6 (LUNGNOT25), 4044523H1 and 4048275H1 (LUNGNOT35), 4145295H1 (SINITUT04)
51	116	1427838	SINTBST01	1261181H1 (SYNORATO5), 1427838H1 and 1427838T1 (SINTBSTO1), 1733769T6 (BRSTTUTO8), 2551854H1 (LUNGTUTO6)
52	117	1448258	PLACNOT02	1448258H1 and 1448258R1 (PLACNOTO2); 1484126F1 (CORPNOTO2), 1856631F6 and 1856631x11F1 (PROSNOT18), 2690070F6 (LUNGNOT23), SAMA00131F1 and SAMA00146F1

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Nucleotide SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Fragments
53	118	1645941	PROSTUT09	831680R6 (PROSTUT04), 1645941F6 and 1645941H1 (PROSTUT09), 1748682F6 (STOMTUT02), 1870831F6 (SKINBIT01), 1877907F6 (LEUKNOT03), 2310427R6 (NGANNOT01)
54	119	1646005	PROSTUT09	1646005H1, 1646005X309F1, 1646005X312F1 and 1646883F6 (PROSTUT09), SZAH02276F1
55	120	1686561	PROSNOT15	1234124H1 (LUNGFET03), 1299156F6 (BRSTNOT07), 1425185R1 (BEPINON01), 1544751T1 (PROSTUT04), 1686561H1 (PROSNOT15), 2723108H1 (LUNGTUT10), 2752156H1 (THPIAZS08), 3335850F6 (BRAIFET01), 3502259H1 (ADRENOT11), 3857461H1 (LNODNOT03), 5069547H1 (PANCNOT23)
56	121	1821233	GBLATUT01	030744H1 (THP1NOB01), 1272043F1 (TESTTUT02), 1419549F1 (KIDNNOT09), 1433773R1 (BEPINON01), 1482848F1 (CORPNOT02), 1821233H1 (GBLATUT01), 1869022H1 (SKINBIT01)
57	122	1877278	LEUKNOT03	1871148F6 (SKINBITO1), 1877278H1 (LEUKNOTO3), 2097362T6 (BRAITUTO2), 3124246T6 (LNODNOTO5), 3450007R6 (UTRSNONO3), 4894340H1 (LIVRTUT12), SAEB02108R1
58	123	1880692	LEUKNOT03	1880692H1 (LEUKNOT03), SBAA00446F1, SARA03727F1

Table I cont.

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Nucleotide SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Fragments
59	124	2280456	PROSNON01	1557906F6 (BLADTUT04), 2280456H1 (PROSNON01), 2799446F6 (NPOLNOT01), 3519009H1 (LUNGNON03)
09	125	2284580	BRAINON01	783560H1 (MYOMNOT01), 1215190T2 (BRSTTUT01), 1458188F1 (COLNFET02), 2284580H1 (BRAINON01), 2398366F6 (THP1AZT01), 2469268H1 (THPINOT03)
61	126	2779172	OVARTUT03	487548H1 and 487548R6 (HNT2AGT01), 1421684F1 (KIDNNOT09), 2172754F6 (ENDCNOT03), 2672062F6 (ESOGTUT02), 2779172F6 and 2779172H1 (OVARTUT03), 2935502F6 (THYMFET02), 3206879F6 (PENCNOT03)
62	127	3279329	STOMFET02	885282R6 and 885282T1 (PANCNOTO5), 901139R1 (BRSTTUTO3), 1655530F6 (PROSTUTO8), 1818669T6 (PROSNOT20), 2380664F6 (ISLTNOT01), 2921229H1 (SININOT04), 3279329H1 (STOMFETO2), 3451425R6 (UTRSNON03)
63	128	3340290	SPLNNOT10	102935H1 (ADRENOR01), 1363193F6 (LUNGNOT12), 1674514H1 (BLADNOT05), 2271374H1 (PROSNON01), 2827770H1 (TLYMNOT03), 3340290H1 (SPLNNOT10), 4556330H1 (KERAUNT01)
64	129	3376404	PENGNOT01	3376404H1, 3376404X300U1, 3376404X310U1, and 3376404X323U1 (PENGNOT01), 3741323X302B1 (MENTNOT01)
65	130	4173111	SINTNOT21	1337315F6 (COLNNOT13), 2486184F6 (CONUTUT01), 4173111H1 (SINTNOT21), 4750042H1 (SMCRUNT01)

Table 2

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
1	155	S9, S16, T25, S37, S56, S57, S81, S114, T152		G38-173	sigma-54 interaction protein	вгоскѕ
2	152	S6, T83, S103, T121, S136		H99-R112	LUPUS La protein	PRINTS
-57-	304	S30, S61, S94, T109, S132, S133, T183, T236, S277, S289	N65, N294	C228-C268 C231-1255	zinc finger/RING finger protein	PFAM, BLOCKS
4	178	T8, S48, S102, Y121, T144		N18-P32	histone H3 protein	PRINTS
w	301	T58, T70, T85, S148, T165, S256, T272, S281	N191	K21-P38	filaggrin structural protein	PRINTS
و	250	S99, S126, S142, S155, T182		F203-V214	maspin/breast tumor suppressor protein	PRINTS
7	371	T25, S46, S96, T123, S128, T144, S163, S167, S205, S221, T350	N203, N222, N307,N348	EQ165-Y185 K152-L192	luman/leucine zipper/CRE protein	BLAST, BLOCKS, PRINTS

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Table 2 cont

re Identification Analytical	TSC-22 transcription factor	Ribosomal protein PFAM S6	PH-domain protein Pfam	cyclin-dependent-k BLAST inase binding protein	ribosomal protein PFAM,	zinc finger/RING PFAM, finger protein BLOCKS, MOTIFS	15 FOS transforming PRINTS
Signature Sequence		M1-E16	Q7-K112	· ·	G84-N271	C155-C191	A124-I145
Potential glycosylation sites	N144	N53	N127		N221	N86, N130, N199	N47, N101, N166, N259
Potential Phosphorylation Sites	T35, S41, S92, S105	т69	S22, T34, S53, S140, T155, T183, S225, T263, S273, S300, S308, T369, S375	T57, S62, S92, S143, S148, T166, T176, S180, T187, S191, S194, T221	S65, T88, S146, S230, S248, S272	T34, T49, S54, S122, T123, T150, S182, T209	S2, T61, T89, T193, S223, S224,
Amino Acid Residues	148	127	383	254	305	230	292
Protein SEQ ID NO:	ω	o.	10	11	12	13	14

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PCT/US99/09935

Table 2 cont.

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
15	232	T58, S72, S127, S149, T154, S191, S199, T203, T204	N56, N183, N187	E39-F73	tropomyosin	BLOCKS PRINTS
16	376	T5, T34, S53, T70, S81, T86, S105, S256, T287, T288, T310, S331, S364, S369, T365		Q97-C135	Reca DNA repair protein	BLOCKS BLAST
17	204	T100, T118, T157, S187, S199		L179-H200	annexin	PRINTS
18	713	S46, T64, T71, T95, S96, T129, T171, S260, S286, T345, S438, S485, T527, T541, Y567, Y593, S644, T656	N110, N453, N460, N595	L563-L576 L583-1596	RSP-1 /Ras-signaling protein	BLAST, PRINTS
19	360	S22, T51, S69, T106, S133, S206, T232, S248			Nucleolar protein Surf-6	BLAST
20	196	S38 S69 T23 T30 S73 S183 S37 T84	N9 N51	E76-191 R35-K58	Helix-loop-helix protein HES-1	MOTIFS BLOCKS BLAST

Table 2 cont.

Protein Seg ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
21	540	T136 S34 S69 S189 T322 S411 T7 S66 S75 T139 S193 S197 S205 T285 S324 S328 S380 S425	N240 N443	C230-H252, C260- H280, C288-H309, C316-H316, C344- H364, C372-H392, C400-H420, C428- H448, C456-H476, C484-H504, C512- H532	zinc finger protein	MOTIFS BLAST PRINTS
22	549	S123 S22 S182 T319 T465 S161 T205 S208 S332 S392 S459 S534	N167 N335 N422	C214-H234, C242- H262, C270-H290, C298-H318, C326- H346, C354-H374, C382-H402, C410- H430, C438-H458, C466-H486, C494- H514, C522-H542	zinc finger protein ZNF43	MOTIFS BLAST PRINTS
23	361	S244 T254 SB S58 S180 S193 T269 T283 S284 T26 S45 S174 T254 S314		C139-L163 C227-K263	DNA binding protein	BLOCKS BLAST
24	241	S82 S62 S119 T147 Y111		C52-H75, C83- H105, C113-H133, C141-H161, C172- H193	zinc finger protein PZF	MOTIFS PRINTS BLAST

Table 2 cont

Protein Seq ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
25	576	S90 T371 S56 T183 T195 S203 S316 T318 S347 S354 S432 S548 S37 S82 S281 T325 S343 S409 S414 S447 S466 T481 S502 S570 Y323	N42 N312 N339 N498	C507-L543, L168- L189, E262-R278	transcription factor	MOTIFS PRINTS BLOCKS BLAST
26	408	\$74 \$197 T226 \$247 T289 \$328 \$338 \$353 \$386 \$394 T14 \$199 \$234 T388	N245 N253	G164-R175	transcription factor	PRINTS BLAST
27	810	\$392 \$113 \$155 \$185 \$225 \$262 \$283 T298 \$342 \$433 T449 T665 T695 \$728 T756 T801 T79 T190 \$377 T438 Y397		C315-H335, C343- H363, C371-H391, C399-H419, C427- H447, C455-H475, C483-H503, C511- H531, C539-H559, C567-H587, C595- H615, C623-H644, C726-H747	zinc finger protein Miz-1	MOTIFS PRINTS BLOCKS
28	324	S72 T189 S209 T223 S279 S302 S156 T182 S316 Y277	N187	C74-R85	Hormone-binding transcription factor protein	PRINTS BLAST
29	292	S242 T41 S136 S137 T176 T200 S205 S284 T52 S61	N229	G62-S69	putative nucleotide-binding protein	MOTIFS PRINTS BLAST

Table 2 cont.

	7					12 30	
Analytical Methods	MOTIFS BLOCKS BLAST	MOTIFS BLOCKS BLAST	BLAST BLAST	BLAST	BLOCKS	PRINTS BLOCKS BLAST	PRINTS BLOCKS BLAST
Identification	zinc finger protein	DNA-binding protein	cell cycle protein	TRAF family member-associated NF-kB activator TANK	DNA-binding protein	cellular nucleic acid binding protein	cell-cycle control protein Hst2p
Signature Sequence	С71-Н92, С43-С71	C15-L43	E418-S450		12-855	F160-N179 S151-G185	Y33-F44 S187-L205
Potential glycosylation sites			N45 N93 N165 N805	772N		N67	N65
Potential Phosphorylation Sites	T79 S99 S180 T20 S152 S241	s52	T239 T16 S55 T56 T104 S126 S127 T156 S176 T249 S268 T269 S330 T394 S450 T484 S583 S652 S658 S795 S33 S235 T314 S343 T730 S804	722 S30 T43 S55 S108 T140 S156 S318 T320 S343 S120 S270 S311	T49 'F30 S50	S21 S57 T93	T178 S187 S230 T249
Amino Acid Residues	259	97	812	392	09	209	257
Protein Seq ID NO:	30	31	32	33	34	35	36

Table 2 cont.

Protein Seq ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
37	138	T106 T3 S27 S46		E108-Q124	nucleic acid- binding protein	BLOCKS
3.8	6 6 6	T54 S634 S89 S126 S335 S414 S442 S451 T512 T762 T792 T858 S890 T97 T994 T205 S233 T274 T491 S525 S534 T577 T600 S610 S615 S634 S677 T951 S961 Y152 Y458 Y686	N43 N532 N672 N749 N818 N943	L647-L668	DNA-binding protein	MOTIFS BLAST
39	377	T142 T254 T48 T138 S292 S71 S74 S108 S114 T138 S22 S250 T332 T364		C130-H150, C158- H178, C186-H206, C214-H234, C242- H262, C270-H290, C296-H316, C324- H344, C352-H372	zinc finger protein ZNF132	MOTIFS PRINTS BLOCKS BLAST
40	324	S28 S214 S16 S81 S114 T225 T33 S44 T66 S203 S209 T229	N47	R26-S37 S77-L115	transcription regulatory protein IRLB	PRINTS BLOCKS BLAST
41	270	S16 T123 T141 T199 S9 S52 S90 T128 T175 S194 S214	N22 N109 N192	V218-L242 P250-Q263		MOTIFS BLOCKS PRINTS

Table 2 cont.

Protein Seq ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
42	252	T20 S48 S89 S101 T127 S218 T121 S126 T152	N33 N46 N216 N230	Y9-L18, S68-F88, D159-S168	cell-cycle control protein	PRINTS BLAST
43	228	T50 T107 T2 S42 S201 T31 S51 T52 T103 T107 T134 T143 T206 S210 T215	N132 N141 N165 N197	А38-S51, Q65- P100, S59-КВ9	Transcriptional Repressor Protein	PRINTS BLOCKS BLAST
44	117	T93 T11		A86-E104	CCAAT-Binding Transcription factor	PRINTS
45	252	S83 T2 S57 T159 S250 Y102	N197	M1-S29 A85-K123	Ribosomal protein	BLOCKS
46	530	T177 S234 S461 S519 T24 T238	N217 N227	TM Domains: Y147-A167 Y242-L262 L306-F325 L332-L351 S379-F399 L470-F489	melibiose carrier protein	BLAST MOTIFS HMM

Table 2 cont.

SEQ ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
47	355	S7 S21 T127 S213 T279 S134 T276 S315 S331 S334 Y193 Y300	N37 N192 N263 N268 N337	142-E69 W160-E187 G171-G200 N234-I256	Mylein PO Protein	BLOCKS, PRINTS MOTIFS, HMM
48	136	T109 S130 T5 T69 T40 S121			geminin	BLAST, MOTIFS
49	235	T138 T142 S180 S230 S111 S120 S137 T224	N140 N198	ATP/GTP binding: G9-T16	PTB-associated splicing factor	BLAST MOTIFS
50	70	T2 S64			ninjurin	BLAST
51	169	T128 T26 S96			B locus M Beta chain 1	BLAST, MOTIFS
52	359	S55 S78 T161 S245 T292 T350 T57 T130 T289	N105	E205-S242	ribosomal protein S6 kinase 2	BLAST, MOTIFS BLOCKS, PRINTS PFAM
53	545	S235 T317 S47 S73 S114 S146 S184 S236 S241 S394 S538 S2 T84 S109 S124 T230 S231 S266 S340 T360	N45 N139 N431 N478 N511	K88-1106 A333-K362	ribosomal protein	MOTIFS BLOCKS PRINTS

Table 2 cont.

SEQ ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
54	66	T90 T43 T76			ORF E4	BLAST, MOTIFS
55	565	S27 S56 S132 T152 T197 S319 T411 T429 S475 T66 S156 S303 T390 S463 Y549	N2 N55 N165		Sec1 precursor	BLAST, MOTIFS
. 95	197	S65 T23 S102 S19 T60 T61 S136 S147	N20		Regulatory protein	BLAST, MOTIFS
57	321	S91 S119 T139 S283 S147 T300 Y238	N103 N194		putative ras effector Norel	BLAST, MOTIFS
58 8	356	T45 S85 S93 S95 T103 S114 T142 S168 T317 S340 S49 S58 T236 S258 S314 Y12 Y296	N91 N312		weak similarity to S. cerevisiae intracellular transport protein	BLAST MOTIFS
59.	299	S273 T81 S116 S120 T122 S146 S86 S151 T210 S225 T268			PI3 Kinase P85 Regulator	MOTIFS, PRINTS
09	293	T34 S218 S247 S290 S291 T240 S79 S145 T156 T199 S204 S283	N152	V47-V71 K86-F93	RWA-binding protein	BLAST, MOTIFS BLOCKS, PFAM

Table 2 cont

Seq ID NO:	Amino Acid Residues	Potential Phosphorylation Sites	Potential glycosylation sites	Signature Sequence	Identification	Analytical Methods
	777	S81 S128 S141 T230 S315 S342 S352 T519 S564 S576 S684 T699 T758 T205 S213 S236 S294 S397 T417 S470 S515 T560 S640 T746	N228 N281 N319 N453 N481 N636 N682		Zinc finger helicase	BLAST, MOTIFS
62	97	T83		C20-C28	ferredoxin	MOTIFS
63	308	S15 S81 T97 T102 S103 S135 S200 S238 S28 S131 T154 S171 S186 Y232	N58 N78 N95 N198 N236		ubiquitin- conjugating enzyme	BLAST, MOTIFS
64	290	S121 S165 S167 S248 S17 T188 T207 Y86 Y203	N55 N79	M1-A22 C60-C76 C225-C235 W249-I272	prostasin	BLAST, MOTIFS, BLO CKS, PRINTS PFAM, HMM
65	198	S7 S9 S56 T115 T34 T86	N183		transcriptional regulator	BLAST MOTIFS

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### TABLE

Nucleotide	Tiegie Pynysesion	2	
	(Fraction of Total)	Disease Class (Fraction of Total)	Vector
Nerv Repr	Nervous (0.256) Reproductive (0.209)	Cancer (0.442), Inflammation (0.279), Proliferative/Fetal (12%)	pBlueScript
Rep	Reproductive(0.274) Cardiovascular (0.194)	Cancer (0.484), Inflammation (0.145), Proliferative/Fetal (0.194)	pBlueScript
Reg	Reproductive (0.231) Cardiovascular (0.205)	Cancer (0.385), Inflammation (0.231), Proliferative/Fetal (0.205)	pBlueScript
Re He	Reproductive (0.215) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.190)	Cancer (0.397), Inflammation (0.314), Proliferative/Fetal (0.215)	pBlueScript
8 S	Reproductive (0.367) Cardiovascular (0.122)	Cancer (0.489), Inflammation (0.233), Proliferative/Fetal (0.189)	pBlueScript
Z Z	Reproductive (0.292) Nervous (0.142)	Cancer (0.469), Inflammation (0.257), Proliferative/Fetal (0.177)	psport1
œ z	Reproductive (0.261) Nervous (0.157)	Cancer (0.493), Inflammation ( 0.194), Trauma (0.142)	pSPORT1
ž ž	Reproductive (0.343) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.200)	Cancer (0.457), Inflammation (0.257), Trauma (0.229)	pINCY
žž	Reproductive (0.320) Nervous (0.160)	Cancer (0.507), Inflammation (0.187), Proliferative/Fetal (0.133)	pSPORT1
ΰž	Gastrointestinal (0.300) Nervous (0.250)	Cancer (0.400), Inflammation (0.300)	pINCY
Z Z	Reproductive (0.262) Nervous (0.180)	Cancer (0.443), Inflammation (0.262), Proliferative/Fetal (0.230)	pincy
R S	Reproductive (0.283) Nervous (0.151)	Cancer (0.509), Inflammation (0.208), Trauma (0.132)	pINCY

TABLE 3 cont.

Nucleotide Seg ID NO:	Tissue Expression (Fraction of Total)	Disease Class (Fraction of Total)	Vector
78	Cardiovascular (0.300) Nervous (0.200)	Cancer (0.450), Inflammation (0.200)	pBlueScript
79	Reproductive (0.270) Cardiovascular (0.150)	Cancer (0.440), Inflammation (0.180), Proliferative/Fetal (0.150)	pINCY
80	Reproductive (0.271) Cardiovascular (0.153)	Cancer (0.506), Inflammation (0.176), Proliferative/Fetal (0.188)	pSPORT1
81	Hematopoietic/Immune (0.312) Reproductive (0.219)	Cancer (0.344), Inflammation (0.344), Proliferative/Fetal (0.281)	pINCY
82	Nervous (0.250) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.188)	Cancer (0.500), Inflammation (0.438), Proliferative/Fetal (0.188)	pINCY
83	Hematopoietic/Immune (0.276) Reproductive (0.276)	Cancer (0.552), Inflammation (0.310)	pINCY
84	Reproductive (0.309) Nervous (0.144)	Cancer (0.526), Inflammation (0.247), Proliferative/Fetal (0.134)	pINCY
85	Reproductive (0.315) Nervous (0.152) Cardiovascular (0.130)	Cancer (0.522) Fetal (0.174) Inflammation (0.141)	PBLUESCRIPT
86	Reproductive (0.545) Hematopeoietic/Immune (0.182) Gastrointestinal (0.182)	Cancer (0.636) Fetal (0.273) Inflammation (0.182)	pbluescript
87	Reproductive (0.218) Nervous (0.200) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.200)	Cancer (0.509) Inflammation (0.236) Petal (0.164)	pSPORT1
88	Nervous (0.296) Reproductive (0.185) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.148)	Cancer (0.407) Fetal (0.259) Inflammation (0.222)	pSPORT1

# TABLE 3 cont.

Nucleotide Seg ID NO:	Tissue Expression (Fraction of Total)	Disease Class (Fraction of Total)	Vector
89	Reproductive (0.339) Nervous (0.161) Gastrointestinal (0.145) Cardiovascular (0.145)	Cancer (0.613) Fetal (0.145) Inflammation (0.129)	pSPORT1
06	Cardiovascular (0.278) Gastrointestinal (0.204) Reproductive (0.185)	Cancer (0.519) Inflammation (0.204) Fetal (0.148)	pINCY
91	Reproductive (0.228) Nervous (0.149) Gastrointestinal (0.146)	Cancer (0.411) Inflammation (0.343) Fetal (0.240)	рт7т3
92	Reproductive (0.240) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.160) Gastrointestinal (0.160)	Cancer (0.460) Inflammation (0.260) Fetal (0.180)	pINCY
93	Reproductive (0.333) Cardiovascular (0.200) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.133)	Inflammation (0.533) Cancer (0.400) Fetal (0.133)	pINCY
94	Reproductive (0.230) Gastrointestinal (0.164) Cardiovascular (0.115) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.115)	Cancer (0.443) Inflammation (0.442) Fetal (0.197)	pINCY
95	Reproductive (0.333) Cardiovascular (0.167) Gastrointestinal (0.167)	Cancer (0.750) Inflammation (0.250)	pINCY
96	Reproductive (0.369) Nervous (0.215) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.108) Gastrointestinal (0.108)	Cancer (0.508) Inflammation (0.231) Fetal (0.108)	pBLUESCRIPT
76	Reproductive (0.321) Gastrointestinal (0.179) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.161)	Inflammation (0.411) Cancer (0.393) Fetal (0.161)	pINCY
86	Reproductive (0.205) Nervous (0.192) Cardiovascular (0.164)	Cancer (0.452) Inflammation (0.342) Fetal (0.178)	pSPORT1

Nucleotide	Tissue Expression	Disease Class	
Seq ID NO:	(Fraction of Total)	(Fraction of Total)	Vector
66	Gastrointestinal (0.423) Reproductive (0.115)	Cancer (0.385) Inflammation (0.288) Fetal (0.173)	pSPORT1
100	Reproductive (0.281) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.234) Nervous (0.141)	Cancer (0.375) Fetal (0.312) Inflammation (0.312)	pINCY
101	Reproductive (0.294) Nervous (0.196) Gastrointestinal (0.118)	Cancer (0.529) Fetal (0.255)	pINCY
102	Reproductive (0.217) Nervous (0.163) Cardiovascular (0.141)	Cancer (0.435) Inflammation (0.174) Fetal (0.152)	pINCY
103	Reproductive (0.263) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.158) Musculoskeletal (0.158)	Cancer (0.526) Inflammation (0.263) Fetal (0.158)	pINCY
104	Nervous (0.400) Reproductive (0.300)	Cancer (0.400) Inflammation (0.300)	pSPORT1
105	Reproductive (0.375) Cardiovascular (0.125) Urologic (0.125)	Cancer (0.500) Inflammation (0.250) Fetal (0.208)	pINCY
106	Gastrointestinal (0.400) Reproductive (0.400) Developmental (0.100) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.100)	Cancer (0.600) Fetal (0.200) Inflammation (0.200)	pINCY
107	Reproductive (0.278) Gastrointestinal (0.152) Nervous (0.139)	Cancer (0.418) Inflammation (0.241) Fetal (0.165)	>pINCY
108	Reproductive (0.354) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.182) Nervous (0.167)	Inflammation (0.409) Cancer (0.364) Fetal (0.136)	pSPORT1

TABLE 3 con

Nucleotide Seq ID NO:	Tissue Expression (Fraction of Total)	Disease Class (Fraction of Total)	Vector
109	Nervous (0.227) Reproductive (0.205) Cardiovascular (0.136) Urologic (0.136) Gastrointestinal (0.136)	Cancer (0.568) Inflammation (0.182) Fetal (0.136)	pINCY
110	Hematopoietic/Immune (0.400) Urologic (0.400) Reproductive (0.200)	Cell proliferation (0.800) Inflammation (0.800)	pBluescript
111	Gastrointestinal (0.213) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.191) Nervous (0.191)	Cell proliferation (0.744) Inflammation (0.489)	pBluescript
112	Hematopoietic/Immune (0.405) Gastrointestinal (0.167) Cardiovascular (0.119)	Inflammation (0.619) Cell proliferation (0.381)	pBluescript
113	Hematopoietic/Immune (0.667) Cardiovascular (0.333)	Inflammation (1.000)	pSPORT1
114	Cardiovascular (0.412) Nervous (0.235) Musculoskeletal (0.118)	Cell proliferation (0.765) Inflammation (0.353)	pSPORT1
115	Cardiovascular (0.548) Reproductive (0.161) Developmental (0.129)	Cell proliferation (0.806) Inflammation (0.226)	pincy
116	Reproductive (0.267) Cardiovascular (0.233) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.233)	Cell proliferation (0.467) Inflammation (0.500)	pINCY
117	Reproductive (0.400) Cardiovascular (0.167) Gastrointestinal (0.133)	Cell proliferation (0.600) Inflammation (0.267)	pINCY
118	Nervous (0.205) Reproductive (0.205) Other (0.154)	Cell proliferation (0.461) Inflammation (0.385)	pINCY
119	Reproductive (0.500) Nervous (0.167) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.167)	Cancer (0.500) Inflammation (0.167) Neurological (0.167)	pINCY

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Nucleotide Seq ID NO:	Tissue Expression (Fraction of Total)	Disease Class (Fraction of Total)	Vector
120	Reproductive (0.396) Cardiovascular (0.125) Musculoskeletal (0.125)	Cell proliferation (0.750) Inflammation (0.209)	pINCY
121	Reproductive (0.248) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.194) Gastrointestinal (0.147)	Cell Proliferation (0.651) Inflammation (0.380)	pincy
122	Nervous (0.264) Cardiovascular (0.132) Reproductive (0.132)	Cell proliferation (0.547) Inflammation (0.396)	pincy
123	Reproductive (0.242) Nervous (0.152) Urologic (0.152)	Cell proliferation (0.788) Inflammation (0.303)	pincy
124	Nervous (0.333) Cardiovascular (0.167) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.167)	Cell proliferation (0.667) Inflammation (0.500)	pSPORT1
125	Reproductive (0.290) Cardiovascular (0.161) Hematopoietic/Immune (0.113)	Cell proliferation (0.709) Inflammation (0.306)	psport1
126	Reproductive (0.360) Nervous (0.120) Urologic (0.100)	Cell proliferation (0.680) Inflammation (0.320)	pINCY
127	Reproductive (0.364) Gastrointestinal (0.145) Nervous (0.145)	Cell proliferation (0.600) Inflammation (0.400)	pINCY
128	Cardiovascular (0.154) Gastrointestinal (0.154) Reproductive (0.154)	Cell proliferation (0.616) Inflammation (0.308)	pINCY
129	Urologic (1.000)	Cancer (1.000)	pINCY
130	Hematopoietic/Immune (0.214) Cardiovascular (0.143) Gastrointestinal (0.143)	Cell proliferation (0.428) Inflammation (0.357)	pINCY

#### TABLE 4

SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
1	001106	U937NOT01	U937NOT01 Library was constructed at Stratagene (STR937207) using RNA isolated from U937 monocyte-like cell line (ATCC CRL1593) established from malignant cells obtained from the pleural effusion of a 37-year-old Caucasian male with diffuse histiocytic lymphoma.
2	004586	HMC1NOT01	HMC1NOT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from HMC-1 human mast cell line derived from a 52-year-old female. Patient history included mast cell leukemia. Family history included atherosclerotic coronary artery disease, a joint disorder involving multiple joints, cerebrovascular disease, and diabetes insipidus.
3	052927	FIBRNOT01	FIBRNOT01 Library was constructed at Stratagene (STR937212) using RNA isolated from the WI38 lung fibroblast cell line derived from a 3-monthold Caucasian female fetus.
4	082843	HUVESTB01	HUVESTB01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from shear-stressed HUV-EC-C (ATCC CRL 1730), an endothelial cell line derived from the vein of a normal human umbilical.
5	322349	EOSIHET02	EOSIHET02 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from peripheral blood cells apheresed from a 48-year-old Caucasian male. Patient history included hypereosinophilia.
9	397663	PITUNOT02	PITUNOT02 Library was constructed using RNA (Clontech 6584-1) isolated from the pituitary gland of 87 male and female donors, 15 to 75 years old.
7	673766	CRBLNOT01	CRBLNOT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from cerebellum tissue of a 69-year-old Caucasian male, who died from chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. Patient history included heart failure, myocardial infarction, hypertension, osteoarthritis, and tobacco use.

	Library Comment	BRAITUT07 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from left frontal lobe tumor tissue removed from the brain of a 32-year-old Caucasian male during excision of a cerebral meningeal lesion. Pathology indicated low grade desmoplastic neuronal neoplasm. Family history included atherosclerotic coronary artery disease.	PITUNOT03 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from pituitary tissue of a 46-year-old Caucasian male who died from colon cancer. Patient history included arthritis and peptic ulcer disease.	SINTNOT13 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from ileum tissue removed from a 25-year-old Asian female during a partial colectomy and temporary ileostomy. Pathology indicated moderately active chronic ulcerative colitis involving colonic mucosa from the distal margin to the ascending colon. Family history included hyperlipidemia, depressive disorder, malignant cervical neoplasm, and viral hepatitis A.	LUNGFET03 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from lung tissue removed from a Caucasian female fetus who died at 20 weeks' gestation. The mother was given seven days of erythromycin treatment for bronchitis during the first trimester.	PITUNOT01 Library was constructed using RNA (Clontech 6584-2) isolated from the normal pituitary glands of 18 male and female Caucasian donors, 16 to 70 years old, who died from trauma.	CONNNOT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from mesentery fat tissue removed from a 71-year-old Caucasian male during a partial colectomy and permanent colostomy. Patient history included a cholecystectomy, viral hepatitis, and a hemagioma. Family history included atherosclerotic coronary artery disease, myocardial infarction, and extrinsic asthma.
	Library	BRAITUT07	PITUNOT03	SINTNOT13	LUNGFET03	PITUNOT01	CONNNOT01
	Clone ID	1504753	1760185	1805061	1850120	1944530	2019742
Protein	SEQ ID NO:	∞	6	01	11	13	14

7,000			
SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
15	2056042	BEPINOT01	BEPINOT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from a bronchial epithelium (NHBE) primary cell line derived from a 54-year-old Caucasian male.
16	2398682	THP1AZT01	THP1AZT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from THP-1 promonocyte cells treated for three days with 0.8 micromolar 5-aza-2'-deoxycytidine. THP-1 (ATCC TIB 202) is a human promonocyte line derived from peripheral blood of a 1-year-old Caucasian male with acute monocytic leukemia.
17	2518753	BRAITUT21	BRAITUT21 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from brain tumor tissue removed from the midline frontal lobe of a 61-year-old Caucasian female during excision of a cerebral meningeal lesion. Pathology indicated subfrontal meningothelial meningioma with no atypia. Patient history included depressive disorder; family history included cerebrovascular disease, senile dementia, hyperlipidemia, benign hypertension, atherosclerotic coronary artery disease, and congestive heart failure.
18	2709055	PONSAZT01	PONSAZTO1 Library was constructed using polyA RNA isolated from diseased pons tissue removed from the brain of a 74-year-old Caucasian male who died from Alzheimer's disease.
19	2724537	LUNGTUT10	LUNGTUT10 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from lung tumor tissue removed from the left upper lobe of a 65-year-old Caucasian female during a segmental lung resection. Pathology indicated a metastatic grade 2 myxoid liposarcoma and metastatic grade 4 liposarcoma. Patient history included soft tissue cancer, breast cancer, and secondary lung cancer. Family history included benign hypertension.
20	025818	SPLNFET01	SPLNFET01 Library was constructed at Stratagene using RNA isolated from a pool of fetal spleen tissue. 2x10 <sup>6</sup> primary clones were amplified to stabilize the library for long-term storage. Amplification may significantly skew sequence abundances.

Protein			
SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
21	438283	THYRNOT01	THYRNOT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from thyroid tissue removed from a 64-year-old Caucasian female who died from congestive heart failure.
22	619699	PGANNOT01	PGANNOT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from paraganglionic tumor tissue removed from the intra-abdominal region of a 46-year-old Caucasian male during exploratory laparotomy. Pathology indicated a benign paraganglioma and was associated with a grade 2 renal cell carcinoma, clear cell type, which did not penetrate the capsule. Surgical margins were negative for tumor.
23	693452	SYNORAT03	SYNORAT03 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from the wrist synovial membrane tissue of a 56-year-old female with rheumatoid arthritis.
24	839651	PROSTUTOS	PROSTUTO5 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from prostate tumor tissue removed from a 69-year-old Caucasian male during a radical prostatectomy. Pathology indicated adenocarcinoma (Gleason grade 3+4). Adenofibromatous hyperplasia was also present. Family history included congestive heart failure, multiple myeloma, hyperlipidemia, and rheumatoid arthritis.
25	1253545	LUNGFET03	LUNGFET03 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from lung tissue removed from a Caucasian female fetus who died at 20 weeks' gestation.
26	1425691	BEPINON01	BEPINON01 normalized bronchial epithelium library was constructed from 5.12 million independent clones from the BEPINOT01 library. RNA was made from a bronchial epithelium primary cell line derived from a 54-year-old Caucasian male. The normalization and hybridization conditions were adapted from Soares et al., PNAS (1994) 91:9228, using a longer (24-hour) reannealing hybridization period.
27	1484257	CORPNOT02	CORPNOT02 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from diseased corpus callosum tissue removed from the brain of a 74-year-old Caucasian male who died from Alzheimer's disease.

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
28	1732368	BRSTTUTO8	BRSTTUTOR Library was constructed using RNA isolated from breast tumor tissue removed from a 45-year-old Caucasian female during unilateral extended simple mastectomy. Pathology indicated invasive nuclear grade 2-3 adenocarcinoma, ductal type, with 3 of 23 lymph nodes positive for metastatic disease. Greater than 50% of the tumor volume was in situ, both comedo and non-comedo types. Immunostains were positive for estrogen/progesterone receptors, and uninvolved tissue showed proliferative changes. The patient concurrently underwent a total abdominal hysterectomy. Patient history included valvuloplasty of mitral valve without replacement, rheumatic mitral insufficiency, and rheumatic heart disease. Family history included acute myocardial infarction, atherosclerotic coronary artery disease, and type II diabetes.
29	1870914	SKINBIT01	SKINBIT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from diseased skin tissue of the left lower leg. Patient history included erythema nodosum of the left lower leg.
30	1910984	CONNTUT01	CONNTUT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from a soft tissue tumor removed from the clival area of the skull of a 30-year-old Caucasian female. Pathology indicated chondroid chordoma with neoplastic cells reactive for keratin.
31	1943040	HIPONOT01	HIPONOT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from the hippocampus tissue of a 72-year-old Caucasian female who died from an intracranial bleed. Patient history included nose cancer, hypertension, and arthritis.
32	2076520	ISLTNOT01	ISLTNOT01 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from a pooled collection of pancreatic islet cells.
	2291241	BRAINON01	BRAINON01 Library was constructed and normalized from 4.88 million independent clones from the BRAINOT03 library. RNA was made from brain tissue removed from a 26-year-old Caucasian male during cranioplasty and excision of a cerebral meningeal lesion. Pathology for the associated tumor tissue indicated a grade 4 oligoastrocytoma in the right fronto-parietal part of the brain.

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Protein		,	
SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
34	2329692	COLNNOT11	COLNNOT11 The COLNNOT11 library was constructed using RNA isolated from colon tissue removed from a 60-year-old Caucasian male during a left hemicolectomy.
35	2474110	THP1NOT03	THPINOT03 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from untreated THP-1 cells (ATCC TIB 202), a human promonocyte line derived from the peripheral blood of a 1-year-old Caucasian male with acute monocytic lenkemia
36	2495790	ADRETUT05	ADRETUTO5 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from adrenal tumor tissue removed from a 52-year-old Caucasian female during a unilateral adrenalectomy. Pathology indicated a pheochromocytoma
37	2661254	ADRENOT08	ADRENOTO8 pINCY Library was constructed using RNA isolated from adrenal tissue removed from a 20-year-old Caucasian male, who died from head trauma.
œ E	2674047	KIDNNOT19	KIDNNOT19 pINCY Library was constructed using RNA isolated from kidney tissue removed a 65-year-old Caucasian male during an exploratory laparotomy and nephroureterectomy. Pathology for the associated tumor tissue indicated a grade 1 renal cell carcinoma within the upper pole of the left kidney. Patient history included malignant melanoma of the abdominal skin, benign neoplasm of colon, cerebrovascular disease, and cerebrovascular disease, and prostate cancer.

SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
39	2762174	BRAINOS12	BRAINOS12 pSPORT1 Library was constructed from 4.9 million clones from the BRAINOT03 library by subtraction of abundantly expressed clone pools. RNA was made from brain tissue removed from a 26-year-old Caucasian male during cranioplasty and excision of a cerebral meningeal lesion. Pathology for the associated tumor tissue indicated a grade 4 oligoastrocytoma in the right fronto-parietal part of the brain.
40	2765991	BRSTNOT12	BRSTNOT12 pINCY Library was constructed using RNA isolated from diseased breast tissue removed from a 32-year-old Caucasian female during a bilateral reduction mammoplasty. Pathology indicated nonproliferative fibrocystic disease. Family history included benign hypertension and atherosclerotic coronary artery disease.
41	2775157	PANCINOT15	PANCNOT15 pINCY Library was constructed using RNA isolated from diseased pancreatic tissue removed from a 15-year-old Caucasian male during a exploratory laparotomy with distal pancreatectomy and total splenectomy. Pathology indicated islet cell hyperplasia Family history included prostate cancer and cardiovacular disease.
42	2918375	THYMFET03	THYMFET03 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from thymus tissue removed from a Caucasian male fetus.
43	3149729	ADRENON04	ADRENONO4 normalized adrenal gland library was constructed from 1.36 million independent clones from an adrenal tissue library. Starting RNA was made from adrenal gland tissue removed from a 20-year-old Caucasian male who died from head trauma. The library was normalized in two rounds using conditions adapted from Soares et al. (PNAS (1994) 91:9228-9232) and Bonaldo et al. (Genome Res (1996) 6: 791-806) and a significantly longer (48-hours/round) reannealing hybridization period.
44	3705895	PENCNOT07	PENCNOT07 Library was constructed using RNA isolated from penis right corpora cavernosa tissue removed from a male.

Protein SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
45	003256	HMC1NOT01	HMCINOT01 library was constructed using RNA isolated from the HMC-1 human mast cell line derived from a 52-year-old female. Patient history included mast cell leukemia.
46	156986	тнетель02	THPIPLB02 library was constructed by reamplification of THPIPLB01, which was made using RNA isolated from THP-1 cells cultured for 48 hours with 100 ng/ml phoxbol ester (PMA), followed by a 4-hour culture in media containing 1 ug/ml LPS. THP-1 (ATCC TIB 202) is a human promonocyte line derived from the peripheral blood of a 1-year-old male with acute monocytic leukemia (ref: Int. J. Cancer (1980) 26:171).
47	319415	EOSIHET02	EOSIHET02 library was constructed using RNA isolated from peripheral blood cells apheresed from a 48-year-old Caucasian male. Patient history included hypereosinophilia. The cell population was determined to be greater than 77% eosinophils by Wright's staining.
48	635581	NEUTCMT01	NEUTGMT01 library was constructed using RNA isolated from peripheral blood granulocytes collected by density gradient centrifugation through Ficoll-Hypaque. The cells were isolated from buffy coat units obtained from 20 unrelated male and female donors. Cells were cultured in 10 nM GM-CSF for 1 hour before washing and harvesting for total RNA preparation.
49	921803	RATRNOT02	RATRNOT02 library was constructed using RNA isolated from the right atrium tissue of a 39-year-old Caucasian male, who died from a gunshot wound.
50	1250492	LUNGFET03	LUNGFET03 library was constructed using RNA isolated from lung tissue removed from a Caucasian female fetus, who died at 20 weeks' gestation.
51	1427838	SINTBST01	SINTBST01 library was constructed using RNA isolated from ileum tissue obtained from an 18-year-old Caucasian female during bowel anastomosis. Pathology indicated Crohn's disease of the ileum, involving 15 cm of the small bowel. Family history included cerebrovascular disease and atherosclerotic coronary artery disease.

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Protein SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
52	1448258	PLACNOT02	PLACNOT02 library was constructed using RNA isolated from the placental tissue of a Hispanic female fetus, who was prematurely delivered at 21 weeks' gestation. Serologies of the mother's blood were positive for CMV (cytomegalovirus).
53	1645941	PROSTUT09	PROSTUT09 library was constructed using RNA isolated from prostate tumor tissue removed from a 66-year-old Caucasian male during a radical prostatectomy, radical cystectomy, and urinary diversion. Pathology indicated grade 3 transitional cell carcinoma. The patient presented with prostatic inflammatory disease. Patient history included lung neoplasm and benign hypertension. Family history included a malignant breast neoplasm, tuberculosis, cerebrovascular disease, atherosclerotic coronary artery disease and lung cancer.
<b>4</b> .	1646005	PROSTUT09	PROSTUTU9 library was constructed using RNA isolated from prostate tumor tissue removed from a 66-year-old Caucasian male during a radical prostatectomy, radical cystectomy, and urinary diversion. Pathology indicated grade 3 transitional cell carcinoma. The patient presented with prostatic inflammatory disease. Patient history included lung neoplasm and benign hypertension. Family history included a malignant breast neoplasm, tuberculosis, cerebrovascular disease, atherosclerotic coronary artery disease and lung cancer.
55	1686561	PROSNOT15	PROSNOT15 library was constructed using RNA isolated from diseased prostate tissue removed from a 66-year-old Caucasian male during radical prostatectomy and regional lymph node excision. Pathology indicated adenofibromatous hyperplasia: Pathology for the associated tumor tissue indicated an adenocarcinoma (Gleason grade 2+3). The patient presented with elevated prostate specific antigen (PSA). Family history included prostate cancer, secondary bone cancer, and benign hypertension.

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Drotoin			
SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
25 6	1821233	GBLATUT01	The GBLATUT01 library was constructed using RNA isolated from gallbladder tumor tissue removed from a 78-year-old Caucasian female during a cholecystectomy. Pathology indicated invasive grade 2 squamous cell carcinoma, forming a mass in the gallbladder. Patient history included diverticulitis of the colon, palpitations, benign hypertension, and hyperlipidemia. Family history included a cholecystectomy, atherosclerotic coronary artery disease, atherosclerotic coronary artery disease, hyperlipidemia, and benign hypertension.
57	1877278	LEUKNOT03	The LEUKNOT03 library was constructed using RNA isolated from white blood cells of a 27-year-old female with blood type A+. The donor tested negative for cytomegalovirus (CMV).
58	1880692	LEUKNOT03	The LEUKNOT03 library was constructed using RNA isolated from white blood cells of a 27-year-old female with blood type A+. The donor tested negative for cytomegalovirus (CMV).
59	2280456	PROSNON01	The PROSNON01 library was constructed and normalized from 4.4 Million independent clones from the PROSNOT11 library. RNA was made from prostate tissue removed from a 28-year-old Caucasian male who died from a self-inflicted gunshot wound. The normalization and hybridization conditions were adapted from Soares, M.B. et al. (1994) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:9228-9232, using a longer (19 hour) reannealing hybridization period.
09	2284580	BRAINON01	The BRAINON01 library was constructed and normalized from 4.88 million independent clones from the BRAINOT03 library. RNA was made from brain tissue removed from a 26-year-old Caucasian male during cranioplasty and excision of a cerebral meningeal lesion. Pathology for the associated tumor tissue indicated a grade 4 oligoastrocytoma in the right fronto-parietal part of the brain.

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

Protein			
SEQ ID NO:	Clone ID	Library	Library Comment
61	2779172	OVARTUT03	OVARTUTO3 library was constructed using RNA isolated from ovarian tumor tissue removed from the left ovary of a 52-year-old mixed ethnicity female during a total abdominal hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, peritoneal and lymphatic structure biopsy, regional lymph node excision, and peritoneal tissue destruction. Pathology indicated an invasive grade 3 (of 4) seroanaplastic carcinoma forming a mass in the left ovary. Patient history included breast cancer, chronic peptic ulcer, and joint pain. Family history included colon cancer, cerebrovascular disease, breast cancer, type II diabetes, esophagus cancer, and depressive disorder.
62	3279329	STOMFET02	STOMFET02 library was constructed using RNA isolated from stomach tissue removed from a Hispanic male fetus, who died at 18 weeks' gestation.
63	3340290	SPLANOTI 0	SPLNNOT10 library was constructed using RNA isolated from spleen tissue removed from a 59-year-old Caucasian male during a total splenectomy and exploratory laparotomy. Pathology for the spleen indicated splenomegaly with congestion. The lymph nodes showed reactive follicular hyperplasia. The liver showed mild, nonspecific steatosis. The patient presented with abdominal pain, bloating of the abdomen, low-grade fever, and diaphoresis. Family history included myocardial infarction, arteriosclerotic cardiovascular disease, primary tuberculous infection, cerebrovascular disease and lymphoma.
64	3376404	PENGNOT01	PENGNOT01 library was constructed using RNA isolated from glans tissue removed from the penis of a 3-year-old Black male. Pathology for the associated tumor tissue indicated invasive grade 4 urothelial carcinoma forming a soft tissue scrotal mass that invaded the cavernous body of the penis and encased both testicles.
65	4173111	SINTNOT21	SINTNOT21 library was constructed using RNA isolated from small intestine tissue obtained from a 8-year-old Black male, who died from anoxia. Serology was negative.

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#### Table

	Program	Description	Reference	Parameter Threshold
	ABI FACTURA	A program that removes vector sequences and masks ambiguous bases in nucleic acid sequences.	Perkin-Elmer Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA.	
	ABI/PARACEL FDF	A Fast Data Finder useful in comparing and annotating amino acid or nucleic acid sequences.	Perkin-Elmer Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA; Paracel Inc., Pasadena, CA.	Mismatch <50%
	ABI AutoAssembler	A program that assembles nucleic acid sequences.	Perkin-Elmer Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA.	
-85	BLAST	A Basic Local Alignment Search Tool useful in sequence similarity search for amino acid and nucleic acid sequences. BLAST includes five functions: blastp, blastn, blastx, tblastn, and tblastx.	Altschul, S.F. et al. (1990) J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410; Altschul, S.F. et al. (1997) Nucleic Acids Res. 25: 3389-3402.	ESTs: Probability value= 1.0E-8 or less Full Length sequences: Probability value= 1.0E-10 or les
5-	FASTA	A Pearson and Lipman algorithm that searches for similarity between a query sequence and a group of sequences of the same type. FASTA comprises as least five functions: fasta, tfasta, tfastx, and ssearch.	Pearson, W.R. and D.J. Lipman (1988) Proc. Natl. Acad Sci. 85:2444-2448; Pearson, W.R. (1990) Methods Enzymol. 183: 63-98; and Smith, T.F. and M. S. Waterman (1981) Adv. Appl. Math. 2:482-489.	ESTs: fasta E value=1.06E-6 Assembled ESTs: fasta identity= 95% or greater and Match length=200 bases or greater; fasts E value=1.0E-8 or less Full Length sequences: fastx score=100 or greater
	вымрs	A BLocks IMProved Searcher that matches a sequence against those in BLOCKS, PRINTS, DOMO, PRODOM, and PFAM databases to search for gene families, sequence homology, and structural fingerprint regions.	Henikoff, S and J.G. Henikoff, Nucl. Acid Res., 19:6565-72, 1991. J.G. Henikoff and S. Henikoff (1996) Methods Enzymol. 266:88-105; and Attwood, T.K. et al. (1997) J. Chem. Inf. Comput. Sci. 37: 417-424.	Score=1000 or greater; Ratio of Score/Strength = 0.75 or larger; and, if applicable, Probability value= 1.0E-3 or less
	HMMER	An algorithm for searching a query sequence against hidden Markov model (HMM)-based databases of protein family consensus sequences, such as PFAM.	Krogh, A. et al. (1994) J. Mol. Biol., 235:1501-1531; Sonnhammer, E.L.L. et al. (1988) Nucleic Acids Res. 26:320-322.	Score=10-50 bits for PFAM hits, depending on individual protein families

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## Table 5 cont.

Program	Description	Reference	Parameter Threshold
ProfileScan	An algorithm that searches for structural and sequence motifs in protein sequences that match sequence patterns defined in Prosite.	Gribskov, M. et al. (1988) CABIOS 4:61-66; Gribskov, et al. (1989) Methods Enzymol. 183:146-159; Bairoch, A. et al. (1997) Nucleic Acids Res. 25: 217-221.	Score= 4.0 or greater
Phred	A base-calling algorithm that examines automated sequencer traces with high sensitivity and probability.	Ewing, B. et al. (1998) Genome Res. 8:175-185; Ewing, B. and P. Green (1998) Genome Res. 8:186- 194.	
Phrap .	A Phils Revised Assembly Program including SWAT and CrossMatch, programs based on efficient implementation of the Smith-Waterman algorithm, useful in searching sequence homology and assembling DNA sequences.	Smith, T.F. and M. S. Waterman (1981) Adv. Appl. Math. 2:482-489; Smith, T.F. and M. S. Waterman (1981) J. Mol. Biol. 147:195-197; and Green, P., University of Washington, Seattle, WA.	Score= 120 or greater; Match length= 56 or greater
Consed	A graphical tool for viewing and editing Phrap assemblies	Gordon, D. et al. (1998) Genome Res. 8:195-202.	
SPScan	A weight matrix analysis program that scans protein sequences for the presence of secretory signal peptides.	Nielson, H. et al. (1997) Protein Engineering 10:1-6; Claverie, J.M. and S. Audic (1997) CABIOS 12: 431-439.	Score=5 or greater
Motifs	A program that searches amino acid sequences for pattems that matched those defined in Prosite.	Bairoch et al. <u>supra;</u> Wisconsin Package Program Manual, version 9, page M51-59, Genetics Computer Group, Madison, WI.	

#### What is claimed is:

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1. A substantially purified polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:1-65, and fragments thereof.

- 5 2. A substantially purified variant having at least 90% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of claim 1.
  - 3. An isolated and purified polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide of claim 1.
  - An isolated and purified polynucleotide variant having at least 70% polynucleotide sequence identity to the polynucleotide of claim 3.
- 10 5. An isolated and purified polynucleotide which hybridizes under stringent conditions to the polynucleotide of claim 3.
  - 6. An isolated and purified polynucleotide having a sequence which is complementary to the polynucleotide of claim 3.
    - 7. A method for detecting a polynucleotide, the method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) hybridizing the polynucleotide of claim 6 to at least one nucleic acid in a sample, thereby forming a hybridization complex; and
    - (b) detecting the hybridization complex, wherein the presence of the hybridization complex correlates with the presence of the polynucleotide in the sample.
- 8. The method of claim 7 further comprising amplifying the polynucleotide prior to 20 hybridization.
  - An isolated and purified polynucleotide comprising a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:66-130, and fragments thereof.
  - 10. An isolated and purified polynucleotide variant having at least 70% polynucleotide sequence identity to the polynucleotide of claim 9.
- 25 An isolated and purified polynucleotide having a sequence which is complementary to the polynucleotide of claim 9.
  - 12. An expression vector comprising at least a fragment of the polynucleotide of claim 3.
    - 13. A host cell comprising the expression vector of claim 12.
  - 14. A method for producing a polypeptide, the method comprising the steps of:
    - a) culturing the host cell of claim 13 under conditions suitable for the expression of the polypeptide; and
      - b) recovering the polypeptide from the host cell culture.
- 15. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the polypeptide of claim 1 in35 conjunction with a suitable pharmaceutical carrier.

16. A purified antibody which specifically binds to the polypeptide of claim 1.

- 17. A purified agonist of the polypeptide of claim 1.
- 18. A purified antagonist of the polypeptide of claim 1.
- 19. A method for treating or preventing a disorder associated with decreased
- 5 expression or activity of HTRM, the method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment an effective amount of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 15.
  - 20. A method for treating or preventing a disorder associated with increased expression or activity of HTRM, the method comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment an effective amount of the antagonist of claim 18.

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

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REDDY, Roopa
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125
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Ile Leu Pro Glu Thr Leu Pro Leu Thr Lys Thr Glu Glu Gln Ile
                140
                                     145
Leu Lys Arg Val Arg Arg Lys Ile Arg Asn Lys Arg Ser Ala Gln
                155
                                     160
                                                          165
Glu Ser Arg Arg Lys Lys Val Tyr Val Gly Gly Leu Glu Ser
                170
                                    175
                                                         180
Arg Val Leu Lys Tyr Thr Ala Gln Asn Met Glu Leu Gln Asn Lys
                185
                                    190
                                                         195
Val Gln Leu Leu Glu Glu Gln Asn Leu Ser Leu Leu Asp Gln Leu
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Arg Lys Leu Gln Ala Met Val Ile Glu Ile Ser Asn Lys Thr Ser
                215
                                    220
                                                         225
Ser Ser Ser Thr Cys Ile Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Phe Cys Leu
                230
                                    235
                                                         240
Leu Leu Val Pro Ala Met Tyr Ser Ser Asp Thr Arg Gly Ser Leu
                245
                                    250
Pro Ala Glu His Gly Val Leu Ser Arg Gln Leu Arg Ala Leu Pro
                260
                                    265
                                                         270
Ser Glu Asp Pro Tyr Gln Leu Glu Leu Pro Ala Leu Gln Ser Glu
                275
                                    280
                                                         285
Val Pro Lys Asp Ser Thr His Gln Trp Leu Asp Gly Ser Asp Cys
                290
                                    295
                                                         300
Val Leu Gln Ala Pro Gly Asn Thr Ser Cys Leu Leu His Tyr Met
                305
                                    310
                                                         315
Pro Gln Ala Pro Ser Ala Glu Pro Pro Leu Glu Trp Pro Phe Pro
                320
                                    325
                                                         330
Asp Leu Phe Ser Glu Pro Leu Cys Arg Gly Pro Ile Leu Pro Leu
                335
                                    340
                                                         345
Gln Ala Asn Leu Thr Arg Lys Gly Gly Trp Leu Pro Thr Gly Ser
                350
                                    355
                                                         360
Pro Ser Val Ile Leu Gln Asp Arg Tyr Ser Gly
                365
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<211> 148
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<223> Incyte clone 1504753CD1
<400> 8
Met Asn Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Val Phe Ser Ile Ala Ile Pro Val
                                      10
                                                           15
Asp Gly Asp Glu Asp Arg Asn Pro Ser Thr Ala Phe Tyr Gln Ala
                 20
                                      25
Phe His Leu Asn Thr Leu Lys Glu Ser Lys Ser Leu Trp Asp Ser
                 35
                                      40
Ala Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Ala Ile Asp Asn Lys Ile Glu Gln
                 50
                                      55
Ala Met Asp Leu Val Lys Ser His Leu Met Tyr Ala Val Arg Glu
                 65
                                      70
                                                          75
Glu Val Glu Val Leu Lys Glu Gln Ile Lys Glu Leu Val Glu Arg
                 80
                                      85
Asn Ser Leu Leu Glu Arg Glu Asn Ala Leu Leu Lys Ser Leu Ser
                 95
                                     100
                                                          105
Ser Asn Asp Gln Leu Ser Gln Leu Pro Thr Gln Gln Ala Asn Pro
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Gly Ser Thr Ser Gln Gln Gln Ala Val Ile Ala Gln Pro Pro Gln
```

<210> 8

135

30

45

125 130 Pro Thr Gln Pro Pro Gln Gln Pro Asn Val Ser Ser Ala 140 145

<210> 9 <211> 127 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1760185CD1

<400> 9 Met Arg Pro Leu Asp Ile Val Glu Leu Ala Glu Pro Glu Glu Val 10 15 Glu Val Leu Glu Pro Glu Glu Asp Phe Glu Gln Phe Leu Leu Pro 20 25 30 Val Ile Asn Glu Met Arg Glu Asp Ile Ala Ser Leu Thr Arg Glu 35 40 45 His Gly Arg Ala Tyr Leu Arg Asn Arg Ser Lys Leu Trp Glu Met 50 55 60 Asp Asn Met Leu Ile Gln Ile Lys Thr Gln Val Glu Ala Ser Glu 65 70 Glu Ser Ala Leu Asn His Leu Gln Asn Pro Gly Asp Ala Ala Glu 80 85 Gly Arg Ala Ala Lys Arg Cys Glu Lys Ala Glu Glu Lys Ala Lys 95 100 105 Glu Ile Ala Lys Met Ala Glu Met Leu Val Glu Leu Val Arg Arg 110 115 Ile Glu Lys Ser Glu Ser Ser 125

<210> 10 <211> 383 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1805061CD1 <400> 10 Met Pro Tyr Val Asp Arg Gln Asn Arg Ile Cys Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Glu Glu Asn Glu Asn Ser Gly Lys Phe Leu Arg Arg Tyr Phe 20 Ile Leu Asp Thr Arg Glu Asp Ser Phe Val Trp Tyr Met Asp Asn 35 Pro Gln Asn Leu Pro Ser Gly Ser Ser Arg Val Gly Ala Ile Lys

50

25

```
Val Leu Asn Lys Ala Ile Lys Ile Thr Val Pro Lys Gln Ser Asp
                110
                                     115
Ser Gln Pro Asn Ser Asp Asn Leu Ser Arg His Gly Glu Cys Gly
                125
                                     130
                                                         135
Lys Lys Gln Val Ser Tyr Arg Thr Asp Ile Val Gly Gly Val Pro
                140
                                     145
Ile Ile Thr Pro Thr Gln Lys Glu Glu Val Asn Glu Cys Gly Glu
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Ser Ile Asp Arg Asn Asn Leu Lys Arg Ser Gln Ser His Leu Pro
                170
                                     175
                                                         180
Tyr Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro Pro Gln Asp Ser Ala Val Ile Lys Ala
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
Gly Tyr Cys Val Lys Gln Gly Ala Val Met Lys Asn Trp Lys Arg
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Arg Tyr Phe Gln Leu Asp Glu Asn Thr Ile Gly Tyr Phe Lys Ser
                215
                                     220
                                                         225
Glu Leu Glu Lys Glu Pro Leu Arg Val Ile Pro Leu Lys Glu Val
                230
                                     235
                                                         240
His Lys Val Gln Glu Cys Lys Gln Ser Asp Ile Met Met Arg Asp
                245
                                    250
                                                         255
Asn Leu Phe Glu Ile Val Thr Thr Ser Arg Thr Phe Tyr Val Gln
                260
                                     26Ś
                                                         270
Ala Asp Ser Pro Glu Glu Met His Ser Trp Ile Lys Ala Val Ser
                275
                                    280
                                                         285
Gly Ala Ile Val Ala Gln Arg Gly Pro Gly Arg Ser Ala Ser Ser
                290
                                    295
                                                         300
Met Arg Gln Ala Arg Arg Leu Ser Asn Pro Cys Ile Gln Arg Ser
                305
                                     310
                                                         315
Ile Pro Pro Val Leu Gln Asn Pro Asn Thr Leu Ser Val Leu Pro
                320
                                    325
                                                         330
Thr Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ile Pro Gln Pro Leu Ala Ala Thr
                335
                                    340
Leu Trp Ser Gln Pro Leu Pro Trp Arg Ser Glu Asp Phe Thr Ser
                350
                                    355
                                                         360
Leu Leu Pro Arg Ser Ser Gln Gly Thr Ser Arg Ser Arg Leu Ser
                365
                                    370
Leu Gln Glu Asn Gln Leu Pro Lys
                380
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<210> 11 <211> 254 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 1850120CD1

<400> 11

Met Ser Leu Ala Arg Gly His Gly Asp Thr Ala Ala Ser Thr Ala Ala Pro Leu Ser Glu Glu Gly Glu Val Thr Ser Gly Leu Gln Ala Leu Ala Val Glu Asp Thr Gly Gly Pro Ser Ala Ser Ala Gly Lys Ala Glu Asp Glu Gly Gly Gly Arg Glu Glu Thr Glu Arg Glu Gly Ser Gly Gly Glu Glu Ala Gln Gly Glu Val Pro Ser Ala Gly Gly Glu Glu Pro Ala Glu Glu Asp Ser Glu Asp Trp Cys Val Pro Cys Ser Asp Glu Glu Val Glu Leu Pro Ala Asp Gly Gln Pro Trp 

```
Met Pro Pro Pro Ser Glu Ile Gln Arg Leu Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ala
                110
                                    115
                                                         120
Ala His Gly Thr Leu Glu Leu Gln Ala Glu Ile Leu Pro Arg Arg
                125
                                    130
                                                         135
Pro Pro Thr Pro Glu Arg Gln Ser Glu Glu Glu Arg Ser Asp Glu
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Glu Pro Glu Ala Lys Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Lys Pro His Met Pro
                155
                                    160
                                                         165
Thr Glu Phe Asp Phe Asp Asp Glu Pro Val Thr Pro Lys Asp Ser
                170
                                    175
                                                         180
Leu Ile Asp Arg Arg Arg Thr Pro Gly Ser Ser Ala Arg Ser Gln
                185
                                    190
                                                         195
Lys Arg Glu Ala Arg Leu Asp Lys Val Leu Ser Asp Met Lys Arg
                200
                                    205
                                                         210
His Lys Lys Leu Glu Glu Gln Ile Leu Arg Thr Gly Arg Asp Leu
                215
                                    220
Phe Ser Leu Asp Ser Glu Asp Pro Ser Pro Ala Ser Pro Pro Leu
                230
                                    235
Arg Ser Ser Gly Ser Ser Leu Phe Pro Arg Gln Arg Lys Tyr
                245
                                    250
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<210> 12
<211> 305
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<221> misc feature
<223> Incyte clone 1852290CD1
<400> 12
Met Ala Leu Cys Ala Leu Thr Arg Ala Leu Arg Ser Leu Asn Leu
Ala Pro Pro Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Pro Ala
                 20
                                      25
Ala Gln Met Met Asn Asn Gly Leu Leu Gln Gln Pro Ser Ala Leu
                 3.5
                                      40
Met Leu Pro Cys Arg Pro Val Leu Thr Ser Val Ala Leu Asn
                 50
                                      55
Ala Asn Phe Val Ser Trp Lys Ser Arg Thr Lys Tyr Thr Ile Thr
                 65
                                      70
Pro Val Lys Met Arg Lys Ser Gly Gly Arg Asp His Thr Gly Arg
                 80
                                      85
Ile Arg Val His Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly His Lys Gln Arg Tyr Arg
                 95
                                     100
Met Ile Asp Phe Leu Arg Phe Arg Pro Glu Glu Thr Lys Ser Gly
                110
                                    115
Pro Phe Glu Glu Lys Val Ile Gln Val Arg Tyr Asp Pro Cys Arg
                125
                                    130
Ser Ala Asp Ile Ala Leu Val Ala Gly Gly Ser Arg Lys Arg Trp
                140
                                    145
Ile Ile Ala Thr Glu Asn Met Gln Ala Gly Asp Thr Ile Leu Asn
                155
                                    160
Ser Asn His Ile Gly Arg Met Ala Val Ala Ala Arg Glu Gly Asp
                170
                                    175
```

Ala His Pro Leu Gly Ala Leu Pro Val Gly Thr Leu Ile Asn Asn

Val Glu Ser Glu Pro Gly Arg Gly Ala Gln Tyr Ile Arg Ala Ala

Gly Thr Cys Gly Val Leu Leu Arg Lys Val Asn Gly Thr Ala Ile

 WO 99/57144

 Ile Gln Leu Pro Ser Lys Arg Gln Met Gln Val Leu Glu Thr Cys 235

 Val Ala Thr Val Gly Arg Val Ser Asn Val Asp His Asn Lys Arg 245

 Val Ile Gly Lys Ala Gly Arg Asn Arg 250

 Val Ile Gly Lys Ala Gly Arg Asn Arg 265

Asn Ser Gly Arg Trp His Arg Lys Gly Gly Trp Ala Gly Arg Lys
275
280
285

Ile Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Met Lys Ser Tyr Val Lys Leu Pro Ser
290
295

Ala Ser Ala Gln Ser 305

<210> 13 <211> 230 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 1944530CD1

<400> 13 Met Gly Gln Gln Ile Ser Asp Gln Thr Gln Leu Val Ile Asn Lys 10 15 Leu Pro Glu Lys Val Ala Lys His Val Thr Leu Val Arg Glu Ser 20 25 Gly Ser Leu Thr Tyr Glu Glu Phe Leu Gly Arg Val Ala Glu Leu 40 45 Asn Asp Val Thr Ala Lys Val Ala Ser Gly Gln Glu Lys His Leu 50 55 Leu Phe Glu Val Gln Pro Gly Ser Asp Ser Ser Ala Phe Trp Lys 65 70 Val Val Val Arg Val Val Cys Thr Lys Ile Asn Lys Ser Ser Gly 80 85 Ile Val Glu Ala Ser Arg Ile Met Asn Leu Tyr Gln Phe Ile Gln 95 100 105 Leu Tyr Lys Asp Ile Thr Ser Gln Ala Ala Gly Val Leu Ala Gln 110 115 120 Ser Ser Thr Ser Glu Glu Pro Asp Glu Asn Ser Ser Ser Val Thr 125 130 135 Ser Cys Gln Ala Ser Leu Trp Met Gly Arg Val Lys Gln Leu Thr 140 145 150 Asp Glu Glu Glu Cys Cys Ile Cys Met Asp Gly Arg Ala Asp Leu 155 160 165 Ile Leu Pro Cys Ala His Ser Phe Cys Gln Lys Cys Ile Asp Lys 170 175 180 Trp Ser Asp Arg His Arg Asn Cys Pro Ile Cys Arg Leu Gln Met 185 190 195 Thr Gly Ala Asn Glu Ser Trp Val Val Ser Asp Ala Pro Thr Glu 200 205 210 Asp Asp Met Ala Asn Tyr Ile Leu Asn Met Ala Asp Glu Ala Gly 215 220 Gln Pro His Arg Pro

<210> 14

<211> 292

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

230

<220>

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Glu Met Glu Glu Glu Leu Arg Tyr Ala Pro Leu Ser Phe Arg Asn
                 65
                                     70
Pro Met Met Ser Lys Leu Arg Asn Tyr Arg Lys Asp Leu Ala Lys
                 80
                                     85
                                                          90
Leu His Arg Glu Val Arg Ser Thr Pro Leu Thr Ala Thr Pro Gly
                 95
                                     100
                                                         105
Gly Arg Gly Asp Met Lys Tyr Gly Ile Tyr Ala Val Glu Asn Glu
                110
                                    115
                                                         120
His Met Asn Arg Leu Gln Ser Gln Arg Ala Met Leu Leu Gln Gly
                125
                                    130
                                                         135
Thr Glu Ser Leu Asn Arg Ala Thr Gln Ser Ile Glu Arg Ser His
                140
                                    145
                                                         150
Arg Ile Ala Thr Glu Thr Asp Gln Ile Gly Ser Glu Ile Ile Glu
                155
                                    160
                                                         165
Glu Leu Gly Glu Gln Arg Asp Gln Leu Glu Arg Thr Lys Ser Arg
                170
                                    175
Leu Val Asn Thr Ser Glu Asn Leu Ser Lys Ser Arg Lys Ile Leu
                185
                                    190
                                                         195
Arg Ser Met Ser Arg Lys Val Thr Thr Asn Lys Leu Leu Ser
                200
                                    205
                                                         210
Ile Ile Ile Leu Leu Glu Leu Ala Ile Leu Gly Gly Leu Val Tyr
                215
                                    220
Tyr Lys Phe Phe Arg Ser His
                230
```

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<210> 16
<211> 376
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc feature
<223> Incyte clone 2398682CD1
<400> 16
Met Arg Gly Lys Thr Phe Arg Phe Glu Met Gln Arg Asp Leu Val
                                      10
Ser Fhe Pro Leu Ser Pro Ala Val Arg Val Lys Leu Val Ser Ala
                 20
                                      25
Gly Phe Gln Thr Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Glu Val Lys Pro Ser Glu
                 35
                                      40
                                                           45
Leu Ser Lys Glu Val Gly Ile Ser Lys Ala Glu Ala Leu Glu Thr
                 50
                                      55
Leu Gln Ile Ile Arg Arg Glu Cys Leu Thr Asn Lys Pro Arg Tyr
                 65
                                      70
Ala Gly Thr Ser Glu Ser His Lys Lys Cys Thr Ala Leu Glu Leu
                 80
                                      85
Leu Glu Gln Glu His Thr Gln Gly Phe Ile Ile Thr Phe Cys Ser
                                     100
                                                         105
Ala Leu Asp Asp Ile Leu Gly Gly Gly Val Pro Leu Met Lys Thr
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Thr Glu Ile Cys Gly Ala Pro Gly Val Gly Lys Thr Gln Leu Cys
                125
                                     130
                                                         135
Met Gln Leu Ala Val Asp Val Gln Ile Pro Glu Cys Phe Gly Gly
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Val Ala Gly Glu Ala Val Phe Ile Asp Thr Glu Gly Ser Phe Met
                155
                                     160
Val Asp Arg Val Val Asp Leu Ala Thr Ala Cys Ile Gln His Leu
                170
                                    175
                                                         180
Gln Leu Ile Ala Glu Lys His Lys Gly Glu Glu His Arg Lys Ala
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
```





```
Leu Glu Asp Phe Thr Leu Asp Asn Ile Leu Ser His Ile Tyr Tyr
                200
                                     205
Phe Arg Cys Arg Asp Tyr Thr Glu Leu Leu Ala Gln Val Tyr Leu
                215
                                     220
                                                          225
Leu Pro Asp Phe Leu Ser Glu His Ser Lys Val Arg Leu Val Ile
                230
                                     235
                                                          240
Val Asp Gly Ile Ala Phe Pro Phe Arg His Asp Leu Asp Asp Leu
                245
                                     250
                                                         255
Ser Leu Arg Thr Arg Leu Leu Asn Gly Leu Ala Gln Gln Met Ile
                260
                                     265
                                                          270
Ser Leu Ala Asn Asn His Arg Leu Ala Val Ile Leu Thr Asn Gln
                275
                                     280
Met Thr Thr Lys Ile Asp Arg Asn Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Pro Ala
                290
                                     295
                                                         300
Leu Gly Glu Ser Trp Gly His Ala Ala Thr Ile Arg Leu Ile Phe
                305
                                     310
                                                         315
His Trp Asp Arg Lys Gln Arg Leu Ala Thr Leu Tyr Lys Ser Pro
                320
                                     325
                                                         330
Ser Gln Lys Glu Cys Thr Val Leu Phe Gln Ile Lys Pro Gln Gly
                335
                                     340
                                                         345
Phe Arg Asp Thr Val Val Thr Ser Ala Cys Ser Leu Gln Thr Glu
                350
                                    355
Gly Ser Leu Ser Thr Arg Lys Arg Ser Arg Asp Pro Glu Glu Glu
                365
Leu
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<210> 17 <211> 204

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 2518753CD1

<400> 17

Met Ala Lys Val Gln Val Asn Asn Val Val Val Leu Asp Asn Pro Ser Pro Phe Tyr Asn Pro Phe Gln Phe Glu Ile Thr Phe Glu Cys 25 30 Ile Glu Asp Leu Ser Glu Asp Leu Glu Trp Lys Ile Ile Tyr Val 35 40 Gly Ser Ala Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr Asp Gln Val Leu Asp Ser Val 55 60 Leu Val Gly Pro Val Pro Ala Gly Arg His Met Phe Val Phe Gln 65 Ala Asp Ala Pro Asn Pro Gly Leu Ile Pro Asp Ala Asp Ala Val 80 85 Gly Val Thr Val Val Leu Ile Thr Cys Thr Tyr Arg Gly Gln Glu 95 100 Phe Ile Arg Val Gly Tyr Tyr Val Asn Asn Glu Tyr Thr Glu Thr 110 115 Glu Leu Arg Glu Asn Pro Pro Val Lys Pro Asp Phe Ser Lys Leu 125 130 135 Gln Arg Asn Ile Leu Ala Ser Asn Pro Arg Val Thr Arg Phe His 140 145 150 Ile Asn Trp Glu Asp Asn Thr Glu Lys Leu Glu Asp Ala Glu Ser 155 160 Ser Asn Pro Asn Leu Gln Ser Leu Leu Ser Thr Asp Ala Leu Pro 170 175 180 Ser Ala Ser Lys Gly Trp Ser Thr Ser Glu Asn Ser Leu Asn Val 185 190 Met Leu Glu Ser His Met Asp Cys Met

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<210> 18
 <211> 713
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <223> Incyte clone 2709055CD1
 <400> 18
Met Tyr Leu Leu Ile Gln Met Cys Tyr His Leu Ala Leu Pro Trp
                                      10
Tyr Ser Lys Tyr Phe Pro Tyr Leu Ala Leu Ile His Thr Ile Ile
                  20
                                                            30
Leu Met Ala Ser Ser Asn Phe Trp Phe Lys Tyr Pro Lys Thr Cys
                  35
                                       40
Ser Lys Val Glu His Ser Val Ser Ile Leu Gly Lys Cys Phe Glu
                  50
                                       55
                                                            60
Ser Pro Trp Thr Thr Lys Ala Leu Ser Glu Thr Ala Cys Glu Asp
                  65
                                       70
Ser Glu Glu Asn Lys Gln Arg Ile Thr Gly Ala Gln Thr Leu Pro
                  80
                                      85
                                                           90
Lys His Val Ser Thr Ser Ser Asp Glu Gly Ser Pro Ser Ala Ser
                  95
                                     100
                                                          105
Thr Pro Met Ile Asn Lys Thr Gly Phe Lys Phe Ser Ala Glu Lys
                 110
                                     115
                                                          120
Pro Val Ile Glu Val Pro Ser Met Thr Ile Leu Asp Lys Lys Asp
                 125
                                     130
                                                          135
Gly Glu Gln Ala Lys Ala Leu Phe Glu Lys Val Arg Lys Phe Arg
                 140
                                     145
                                                          150
Ala His Val Glu Asp Ser Asp Leu Ile Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Val Val
                 155
                                     160
                                                          165
Gln Thr Val Ile Lys Thr Ala Lys Phe Ile Phe Ile Leu Cys Tyr
                 170
                                     175
                                                          180
Thr Ala Asn Phe Val Asn Ala Ile Ser Phe Glu His Val Cys Lys
                 185
                                     190
                                                          195
Pro Lys Val Glu His Leu Ile Gly Tyr Glu Val Phe Glu Cys Thr
                 200
                                     205
                                                          210
His Asn Met Ala Tyr Met Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu Ile Ser Tyr Ile
                 215
                                     220
                                                          225
Ser Ile Ile Cys Val Tyr Gly Phe Ile Cys Leu Tyr Thr Leu Phe
                230
                                     235
                                                          240
Trp Leu Phe Arg Ile Pro Leu Lys Glu Tyr Ser Phe Glu Lys Val
                 245
                                     250
                                                          255
Arg Glu Glu Ser Ser Phe Ser Asp Ile Pro Asp Val Lys Asn Asp
                 260
                                     265
                                                          270
Phe Ala Phe Leu Leu His Met Val Asp Gln Tyr Asp Gln Leu Tyr
                275
                                     280
                                                          285
Ser Lys Arg Phe Gly Val Phe Leu Ser Glu Val Ser Glu Asn Lys
                290
                                     295
                                                          300
Leu Arg Glu Ile Ser Leu Asn His Glu Trp Thr Phe Glu Lys Leu
                305
                                     310
                                                          315
Arg Gln His Ile Ser Arg Asn Ala Gln Asp Lys Gln Glu Leu His
                320
                                     325
                                                          330
Leu Phe Met Leu Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Ala Val Phe Asp Leu Thr
                335
                                     340
Asp Leu Asp Val Leu Lys Leu Glu Leu Ile Pro Glu Ala Lys Ile
                350
                                     355
                                                          360
Pro Ala Lys Ile Ser Gln Met Thr Asn Leu Gln Glu Leu His Leu
                365
                                     370
                                                          375
Cys His Cys Pro Ala Lys Val Glu Gln Thr Ala Phe Ser Phe Leu
```

```
380
                                      385
                                                           390
Arg Asp His Leu Arg Cys Leu His Val Lys Phe Thr Asp Val Ala
                 395
                                      400
Glu Ile Pro Ala Trp Val Tyr Leu Leu Lys Asn Leu Arg Glu Leu
                 410
                                      415
                                                           420
Tyr Leu Ile Gly Asn Leu Asn Ser Glu Asn Asn Lys Met Ile Gly
                 425
                                      430
                                                           435
Leu Glu Ser Leu Arg Glu Leu Arg His Leu Lys Ile Leu His Val
                 440
                                      445
Lys Ser Asn Leu Thr Lys Val Pro Ser Asn Ile Thr Asp Val Ala
                 455
                                      460
                                                          465
Pro His Leu Thr Lys Leu Val Ile His Asn Asp Gly Thr Lys Leu
                 470
                                      475
                                                          480
Leu Val Leu Asn Ser Leu Lys Lys Met Met Asn Val Ala Glu Leu
                 485
                                      490
Glu Leu Gln Asn Cys Glu Leu Glu Arg Ile Pro His Ala Ile Phe
                 500
                                      505
                                                          510
Ser Leu Ser Asn Leu Gln Glu Leu Asp Leu Lys Ser Asn Asn Ile
                 515
                                     520
                                                          525
Arg Thr Ile Glu Glu Ile Ile Ser Phe Gln His Leu Lys Arg Leu
                 530
                                     535
                                                          540
Thr Cys Leu Lys Leu Trp His Asn Lys Ile Val Thr Ile Pro Pro
                 545
                                     550
                                                          555
Ser Ile Thr His Val Lys Asn Leu Glu Ser Leu Tyr Phe Ser Asn
                 560
                                     565
                                                          570
Asn Lys Leu Glu Ser Leu Pro Val Ala Val Phe Ser Leu Gln Lys
                 575
                                     580
                                                          585
Leu Arg Cys Leu Asp Val Ser Tyr Asn Asn Ile Ser Met Ile Pro
                 590
                                     595
                                                          500
Ile Glu Ile Gly Leu Leu Gln Asn Leu Gln His Leu His Ile Thr
                 605
                                     610
                                                          615
Gly Asn Lys Val Asp Ile Leu Pro Lys Gln Leu Phe Lys Cys Ile
                 620
                                     625
                                                          630
Lys Leu Arg Thr Leu Asn Leu Gly Gln Asn Cys Ile Thr Ser Leu
                635
                                     640
                                                          645
Pro Glu Lys Val Gly Gln Leu Ser Gln Leu Thr Gln Leu Glu Leu
                650
                                     655
                                                          660
Lys Gly Asn Cys Leu Asp Arg Leu Pro Ala Gln Leu Gly Gln Cys
                665
                                     670
Arg Met Leu Lys Lys Ser Gly Leu Val Val Glu Asp His Leu Phe
                680
                                     685
                                                          690
Asp Thr Leu Pro Leu Glu Val Lys Glu Ala Leu Asn Gln Asp
                695
                                     700
Asn Ile Pro Phe Ala Asn Gly Ile
                710
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<210> 19 <211> 360 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 2724537CD1

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55
Lys Ala Ala Glu His Lys Ala Lys Ser Leu Gly Glu Lys Ser Pro
                 65
Ala Ala Ser Gly Ala Arg Arg Pro Glu Ala Ala Lys Glu Glu Ala
                 80
                                     85
                                                          90
Ala Trp Ala Ser Ser Ser Ala Gly Asn Pro Ala Asp Gly Leu Ala
                 95
                                    100
                                                         105
Thr Glu Pro Glu Ser Val Phe Ala Leu Asp Val Leu Arg Gln Arg
                110
                                    115
Leu His Glu Lys Ile Gln Glu Ala Arg Gly Gln Gly Ser Ala Lys
                125
                                    130
                                                         135
Glu Leu Ser Pro Ala Ala Leu Glu Lys Arg Arg Arg Lys Gln
                140
                                    145
                                                         150
Glu Arg Asp Arg Lys Lys Arg Lys Glu Leu Arg Ala Lys
                155
                                    160
Glu Lys Ala Arg Lys Ala Glu Glu Ala Thr Glu Ala Gln Glu Val
                170
                                    175
                                                         180
Val Glu Ala Thr Pro Glu Gly Ala Cys Thr Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro
                185
                                    190
                                                         195
Pro Gly Leu Ile Phe Asn Lys Val Glu Val Ser Glu Asp Glu Pro
                200
                                    205
                                                         210
Ala Ser Lys Ala Gln Arg Arg Lys Glu Lys Arg Gln Arg Val Lys
                215
                                    220
Gly Asn Leu Thr Pro Leu Thr Gly Arg Asn Tyr Arg Gln Leu Leu
                230
                                    235
                                                         240
Glu Arg Leu Gln Ala Arg Gln Ser Arg Leu Asp Glu Leu Arg Gly
                245
                                    250
Gln Asp Glu Gly Lys Ala Gln Glu Leu Glu Ala Lys Met Lys Trp
                260
                                    265
                                                         270
Thr Asn Leu Leu Tyr Lys Ala Glu Gly Val Lys Ile Arg Asp Asp
                275
                                    280
Glu Arg Leu Leu Gln Glu Ala Leu Lys Arg Lys Glu Lys Arg Arg
                290
                                    295
                                                         300
Ala Gln Arg Gln Arg Arg Trp Glu Lys Arg Thr Ala Gly Val Val
                305
                                    310
                                                         315
Glu Lys Met Gln Gln Arg Gln Asp Arg Arg Gln Asn Leu Arg
                320
                                    325
                                                         330
Arg Lys Lys Ala Ala Arg Ala Glu Arg Arg Leu Leu Arg Ala Arg
                335
                                    340
Lys Lys Gly Arg Ile Leu Pro Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Ala Gly Leu
                                    355
```

<210> 20

<211> 196

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 025818CD1

<400> 20

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Glu Lys Ala Asp Ile Leu Glu Met Thr Val Lys His Leu Arg Asn
                 80
                                      85
Leu Gln Arg Ala Gln Met Thr Ala Ala Leu Ser Thr Asp Pro Ser
                 95
                                     100
                                                         105
Val Leu Gly Lys Tyr Arg Ala Gly Phe Ser Glu Cys Met Asn Glu
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Val Thr Arg Phe Leu Ser Ser Pro Ser Thr Pro Ala Thr Ala Ala
                125
                                     130
Pro Pro Trp Ala Pro Thr Gln Cys His Leu Pro Ala Ala Pro Arg
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Leu Arg Arg Thr Pro Cys Gly Gly Arg Gly Gly Thr Glu Gly Ala
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Gln Ala Thr Pro Pro Pro Lys Leu Pro Asn Pro Pro Leu Phe Pro
                170
                                    175
                                                         180
Pro Asp Ser Lys Gln Glu Leu Glu Tyr Trp Glu Arg Arg Gly Leu
                185
                                     190
Phe
```

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<210> 21
<211> 540
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<223> Incyte clone 438283CD1
<400> 21
Met Leu Arg Glu Glu Ala Thr Lys Lys Ser Lys Glu Lys Glu Pro
                                      10
Gly Met Ala Leu Pro Gln Gly Arg Leu Ala Fhe Arg Asp Val Ala
                 20
                                                           30
Ile Glu Phe Ser Leu Glu Glu Trp Lys Cys Leu Asn Pro Ala Gln
                                      40
                                                           45
Arg Ala Leu Tyr Arg Ala Val Met Leu Glu Asn Tyr Arg Asn Leu
                 50
                                                           60
Glu Phe Val Asp Ser Ser Leu Lys Ser Met Met Glu Phe Ser Ser
                 65
                                      70
Thr Arg His Ser Asn Thr Gly Glu Val Ile His Thr Gly Thr Leu
                 80
                                      85
Gln Arg His Lys Ser His His Ile Gly Asp Phe Cys Phe Pro Glu
                 95
                                     100
                                                          105
Met Lys Lys Asp Ile His His Phe Glu Phe Gln Trp Gln Glu Val
                110
                                     115
                                                          120
Glu Arg Asn Gly His Glu Ala Pro Met Thr Lys Ile Lys Lys Leu
                125
                                     130
Thr Gly Ser Thr Asp Arg Ser Asp His Arg His Ala Gly Asn Lys
                140
                                     145
                                                          150
Pro Ile Lys Asp Gln Leu Gly Leu Ser Phe His Ser His Leu Pro
                155
                                     160
                                                          165
Glu Leu His Met Phe Gln Thr Lys Gly Lys Ile Ser Asn Gln Leu
                170
                                     175
                                                          180
Asp Lys Ser Ile Ser Gly Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Glu Ser Gln Arg
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
Ile Ser Cys Arg Leu Lys Thr His Ile Ser Asn Lys Tyr Gly Lys
                200
                                     205
Asn Phe Leu His Ser Ser Phe Thr Gln Ile Gln Glu Ile Cys Met
                215
                                    220
                                                         225
Arg Glu Lys Pro Cys Gln Ser Asn Glu Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Asn
                230
                                     235
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Tyr Ser Ser Leu Leu Arg Arg His His Ile Thr His Ser Arg Glu
                245
                                     250
Arg Glu Tyr Lys Cys Asp Val Cys Gly Lys Ile Phe Asn Gln Lys
                260
                                     265
Gln Tyr Ile Val Tyr His His Arg Cys His Thr Gly Glu Lys Thr
                275
                                     280
                                                          285
Tyr Lys Cys Asn Glu Cys Gly Lys Thr Phe Thr Gln Met Ser Ser
                290
                                     295
                                                          300
Leu Val Cys His Arg Arg Leu His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Lys
                305
                                     310
                                                          315
Cys Asn Glu Cys Gly Lys Thr Phe Ser Glu Lys Ser Ser Leu Arg
                320
                                     325
                                                          330
Cys His Arg Arg Leu His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Lys Cys Asn
                335
                                     340
                                                          345
Glu Cys Gly Lys Thr Phe Gly Arg Asn Ser Ala Leu Val Ile His
                350
                                     355
                                                         360
Lys Ala Ile His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Lys Cys Asn Glu Cys
                365
                                     370
                                                          375
Gly Lys Thr Phe Ser Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Gln Cys His His Ile
                380
                                     385
                                                         390
Leu His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Lys Cys Glu Glu Cys Asp Asn
                395
                                     400
Val Tyr Ile Arg Arg Ser His Leu Glu Arg His Arg Lys Ile His
                410
                                     415
                                                         420
Thr Gly Glu Gly Ser Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Cys Asp Lys Ala Phe
                425
                                     430
Arg Ser Asp Ser Cys Leu Ala Asn His Thr Arg Val His Thr Gly
                440
                                     445
                                                         450
   Lys Pro Tyr Lys Cys Asn Lys Cys Ala Lys Val Phe Asn Gln
                455
                                     460
                                                         465
Lys Gly Ile Leu Ala Gln His Gln Arg Val His Thr Gly Glu Lys
                470
                                     475
                                                         480
Pro Tyr Lys Cys Asn Glu Cys Gly Lys Val Phe Asn Gln Lys Ala
                485
                                     490
                                                         495
Ser Leu Ala Lys His Gln Arg Val His Thr Ala Glu Lys Pro Tyr
                500
                                     505
                                                         510
Lys Cys Asn Glu Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Thr Gly Gln Ser Thr Leu
                515
                                    520
                                                         525
Ile His His Gln Ala Ile His Gly Cys Arg Glu Thr Leu Gln Met
                530
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<210> 22

<211> 549

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 619699CD1

<400> 22

Met Leu Glu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Leu Ala Thr Val Gly Tyr Gln Leu Phe Lys Pro Ser Leu Ile Ser Trp Leu Glu Glu Glu Ser Arg Thr Val Gln Arg Gly Asp Phe Gln Ala Ser Glu Trp Lys Val Gln Leu Lys Thr Lys Glu Leu Ala Leu Gln Gln Asp Val Leu Gly Glu Pro Thr Ser Ser Gly Ile Gln Met Ile Gly Ser His Asn Gly Gly Glu Val Ser Asp Val Lys Gln Cys Gly Asp Val Ser Ser Glu His 

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Ser Cys Leu Lys Thr His Val Arg Thr Gln Asn Ser Glu Asn Thr
                                      100
 Phe Glu Cys Tyr Leu Tyr Gly Val Asp Phe Leu Thr Leu His Lys
                 110
                                      115
                                                           120
 Lys Thr Ser Thr Gly Glu Gln Arg Ser Val Phe Ser Gln Cys Gly
                 125
                                      130
                                                           135
 Lys Ala Phe Ser Leu Asn Pro Asp Val Val Cys Gln Arg Thr Cys
                 140
                                      145
                                                          150
 Thr Gly Glu Lys Ala Phe Asp Cys Ser Asp Ser Gly Lys Ser Phe
                 155
                                      160
                                                          165
 Ile Asn His Ser His Leu Gln Gly His Leu Arg Thr His Asn Gly
                 170
                                     175
                                                           180
Glu Ser Leu His Glu Trp Lys Glu Cys Gly Arg Gly Phe Ile His
                 185
                                      190
                                                          195
Ser Thr Asp Leu Ala Val Arg Ile Gln Thr His Arg Ser Glu Lys
                 200
                                     205
                                                          210
Pro Tyr Lys Cys Lys Glu Cys Gly Lys Gly Phe Arg Tyr Ser Ala
                 215
                                     220
                                                          225
Tyr Leu Asn Ile His Met Gly Thr His Thr Gly Asp Asn Pro Tyr
                 230
                                     235
                                                          240
Glu Cys Lys Glu Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Thr Arg Ser Cys Gln Leu
                 245
                                     250
Thr Gln His Arg Lys Thr His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Lys Cys
                 260
                                     265
                                                          270
Lys Asp Cys Gly Arg Ala Phe Thr Val Ser Ser Cys Leu Ser Gln
                 27Š
                                     280
His Met Lys Ile His Val Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Glu Cys Lys Glu
                290
                                     295
                                                          300
Cys Gly Ile Ala Phe Thr Arg Ser Ser Gln Leu Thr Glu His Leu
                 305
                                     310
Lys Thr His Thr Ala Lys Asp Pro Phe Glu Cys Lys Val Cys Gly
                320
                                     325
                                                          330
Lys Ser Phe Arg Asn Ser Ser Cys Leu Ser Asp His Phe Arg Ile
                335
                                     340
                                                          345
His Thr Gly Ile Lys Pro Tyr Lys Cys Lys Asp Cys Gly Lys Ala
                350
                                     355
                                                          360
Phe Thr Gln Asn Ser Asp Leu Thr Lys His Ala Arg Thr His Ser
                365
                                     370
                                                          375
Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Glu Cys Lys Glu Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Ala
                380
                                     385
                                                          390
Arg Ser Ser Arg Leu Ser Glu His Thr Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu
                395
                                     400
Lys Pro Phe Glu Cys Val Lys Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Ala Ile Ser
                410
                                     415
                                                          420
Ser Asn Leu Ser Gly His Leu Arg Ile His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro
                425
                                     430
                                                          435
Phe Glu Cys Leu Glu Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Thr His Ser Ser Ser
                440
                                     445
                                                          450
Leu Asn Asn His Met Arg Thr His Ser Ala Lys Lys Pro Phe Thr
                455
                                     460
                                                          465
Cys Met Glu Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Lys Phe Pro Thr Cys Val Asn
                470
                                     475
                                                          480
Leu His Met Arg Ile His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Lys Cys Lys
                485
                                     490
Gln Cys Gly Lys Ser Phe Ser Tyr Ser Asn Ser Phe Gln Leu His
                500
                                    505
                                                         510
Glu Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Glu Cys Lys Glu Cys
                515
                                    520
                                                         525
Gly Lys Ala Phe Ser Ser Ser Ser Phe Arg Asn His Glu Arg
                530
                                    535
Arg His Ala Asp Glu Arg Leu Ser Ala
                545
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<210> 23
 <211> 361
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens
 <221> misc_feature
 <223> Incyte clone 693452CD1
 <400> 23
Met Ala Asp Phe Lys Val Leu Ser Ser Gln Asp Ile Lys Trp Ala
                                      10
Leu His Glu Leu Lys Gly His Tyr Ala Ile Thr Arg Lys Ala Leu
                  20
                                       25
                                                           30
Ser Asp Ala Ile Lys Lys Trp Gln Glu Leu Ser Pro Glu Thr Ser
                  35
                                       40
Gly Lys Arg Lys Lys Arg Lys Gln Met Asn Gln Tyr Ser Tyr Ile
                  50
                                      55
Asp Phe Lys Phe Glu Gln Gly Asp Ile Lys Ile Glu Lys Arg Met
                  65
                                      70
                                                           75
Phe Phe Leu Glu Asn Lys Arg Arg His Cys Arg Ser Tyr Asp Arg
                  80
                                      85
Arg Ala Leu Leu Pro Ala Val Gln Gln Glu Gln Glu Phe Tyr Glu
                  95
                                     100
                                                          105
Gln Lys Ile Lys Glu Met Ala Glu His Glu Asp Phe Leu Leu Ala
                 110
                                     115
                                                          120
Leu Gln Met Asn Glu Glu Gln Tyr Gln Lys Asp Gly Gln Leu Ile
                 125
                                     130
                                                          135
Glu Cys Arg Cys Cys Tyr Gly Glu Phe Pro Phe Glu Glu Leu Thr
                 140
                                     145
                                                          150
Gln Cys Ala Asp Ala His Leu Phe Cys Lys Glu Cys Leu Ile Arg
                155
                                     160
                                                          165
Tyr Ala Gln Glu Ala Val Phe Gly Ser Gly Lys Leu Glu Leu Ser
                170
                                     175
Cys Met Glu Gly Ser Cys Thr Cys Ser Phe Pro Thr Ser Glu Leu
                185
                                     190
                                                          195
Glu Lys Val Leu Pro Gln Thr Ile Leu Tyr Lys Tyr Tyr Glu Arg
                200
                                     205
                                                          210
Lys Ala Glu Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Tyr Ala Asp Glu Leu Val
                215
                                     220
                                                          225
Arg Cys Pro Ser Cys Ser Phe Pro Ala Leu Leu Asp Ser Asp
                                                         Val
                230
                                     235
Lys Arg Phe Ser Cys Pro Asn Pro His Cys Arg Lys Glu Thr Cys
                245
                                     250
                                                          255
Arg Lys Cys Gln Gly Leu Trp Lys Glu His Asn Gly Leu Thr Cys
                260
                                     265
Glu Glu Leu Ala Glu Lys Asp Asp Ile Lys Tyr Arg Thr Ser Ile
                275
                                     280
                                                          285
Glu Glu Lys Met Thr Ala Ala Arg Ile Arg Lys Cys His Lys Cys
                290
                                     295
                                                         300
Gly Thr Gly Leu Ile Lys Ser Glu Gly Cys Asn Arg Met Ser Cys
                305
                                     310
                                                         315
Arg Cys Gly Ala Gln Met Cys Tyr Leu Cys Arg Val Ser Ile Asn
                320
                                     325
                                                         330
Gly Tyr Asp His Xaa Cys Gln Gln Ser Arg Leu Thr Gly Ala Pro
                                     340
Phe Gln Gly Val Phe Lys Met Leu Ser Met Asp Arg Leu Gln Cys
                350
                                    355
                                                         360
Lys
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<211> 241 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 839651CD1 <400> 24 Met Trp Pro Ser Leu Glu Ala Leu Cys Ser Leu Phe Ala Ala Arg 10 Ser Thr Gly Ser Gln Ala Gln Ser Ala Pro Thr Pro Ala Trp Asp 20 25 30 Glu Asp Thr Ala Gln Ile Gly Pro Lys Arg Ile Arg Lys Ala Ala 35 40 Lys Arg Glu Leu Met Pro Cys Asp Phe Pro Gly Cys Gly Arg Ile 50 55 60 Phe Ser Asn Arg Gln Tyr Leu Asn His His Lys Lys Tyr Gln His 65 70 75 Ile His Gln Lys Ser Phe Ser Cys Pro Glu Pro Ala Cys Gly Lys 80 85 90 Ser Phe Asn Phe Lys Lys His Leu Lys Glu His Met Lys Leu His 95 100 105 Ser Asp Thr Arg Asp Tyr Ile Cys Glu Phe Cys Ala Arg Ser Phe 110 115 120 Arg Thr Ser Ser Asn Leu Val Ile His Arg Arg Ile His Thr Gly 125 130 135 Glu Lys Pro Leu Gln Cys Glu Ile Cys Gly Phe Thr Cys Arg Gln 140 145 150 Lys Ala Ser Leu Asn Trp His Gln Arg Lys His Ala Glu Thr Val 155 160 165 Ala Ala Leu Arg Phe Pro Cys Glu Phe Cys Gly Lys Arg Phe Glu 170 175 180 Lys Pro Asp Ser Val Ala Ala His Arg Ser Lys Ser His Pro Ala 185 190 195 Leu Leu Ala Pro Gln Glu Ser Pro Ser Gly Pro Leu Glu Pro 200 205 210 Cys Pro Ser Ile Ser Ala Pro Gly Pro Leu Gly Ser Ser Glu Gly 215 220 225 Ser Arg Pro Ser Ala Ser Pro Gln Ala Pro Thr Leu Leu Pro Gln 230 235 240 Gln <210> 25 <211> 576 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1253545CD1 <400> 25 Met Ala Lys Ala Gln Glu Thr Gly His Leu Val Met Asp Val Arg 1 5 10 Arg Tyr Gly Lys Ala Gly Ser Pro Glu Thr Lys Trp Ile Asp Ala 20 25 30 Thr Ser Gly Ile Tyr Asn Ser Glu Lys Ser Ser Asn Leu Ser Val 35 40 45 Thr Thr Asp Phe Ser Glu Ser Leu Gln Ser Ser Asn Ile Glu Ser

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WO 99/57144

<210> 24



				50	1				55					60
Lys	Glu	Ile	e Asr		lle	His	Asp	Glu	Ser 70	Asn	Ala	Phe	Glu	Ser 75
				80					85	)				Ser 90
Gln	Phe	Phe	e Glu	Gln 95	Gly	Ser	Ser	Asp	Ser 100	Val	. Val	Pro	Asp	Leu 105
Pro	Val	. Pro	Thr	Ile 110	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ser	Arg	Trp	Val	Trp	Asp	Gln 120
Glu	Glu	Glu	Arg	Lys 125	Arg	Gln	Glu	Arg	Trp	Gln	Lys	Glu	Gln	Asp 135
Arg	Leu	Leu	Gln	Glu 140	Lys	Tyr	Gln	Arg	Glu 145	Gln	Glu	Lys	Leu	Arg 150
Glu	Glu	Trp	Gln	Arg 155	Ala	Lys	Gln	Glu	Ala 160	Glu	Arg	Glu	Asn	Ser 165
				Glu 170					175					Met 180
				Arg 185					Ala 190	Thr				Thr 195
				Ser 200					205					Ala 210
				Arg 215					220					Glu 225
				Lys 230					235				_	240
				Gln 245					250					255
				Ala 260					265					270
				Glu 275					280					285
				Pro 290					295					300
				Gly 305					310					315
				Leu 320					325					330
				Asp 335					340					345
				Glu 350					355					360
				Gln 365					370					375
				Ile 380					385					390
				Pro 395			•		400					405
				Pro 410 Thr					415					420
				425 Gln					430					435
				440 Pro					445					450
				455 Ser					460					465
				470					475					480
Thr Leu				485					490					495
Asn				500					505					510
Gly				515					520					525
J-y	u	-73	+ <b>y</b> +	1113	neu	1172	Cys	rne	гАг	Cys	val	нта	cys	GIU

<210> 26 <211> 408 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 1425691CD1

<400> 26 Met Pro Gly His Leu Gln Glu Gly Phe Gly Cys Val Val Thr Asn Arg Phe Asp Gln Leu Phe Asp Asp Glu Ser Asp Pro Phe Glu Val Leu Lys Ala Ala Glu Asn Lys Lys Glu Ala Gly Gly Gly Val Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Lys Ser Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Gln Thr Asn Ser Asn Ala Ala Gly Lys Gln Leu Arg Lys Glu Ser Gln Lys Asp Arg Lys Asn Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Val Gly Val Val Asp Lys Lys Glu Glu Thr Gln Pro Pro Val Ala Leu Lys Lys Glu Gly Ile Arg Arg Val Gly Arg Arg Pro Asp Gln Gln Leu Gln Gly Glu Gly Lys Ile Ile Asp Arg Arg Pro Glu Arg Arg Pro Pro Arg Glu Arg Arg Phe Glu Lys Pro Leu Glu Glu Lys Gly Glu Gly Glu Phe Ser Val Asp Arg Pro Ile Ile Asp Arg Pro Ile Arg Gly Arg Gly Gly Leu Gly Arg Gly Arg Gly Arg Gly Arg Gly Met Gly Arg Gly Asp Gly Phe Asp Ser Arg Gly Lys Arg Glu Phe Asp Arg His Ser Gly Ser Asp Arg Ser Ser Phe Ser His Tyr Ser Gly Leu Lys His Glu Asp Lys Arg Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser His Asn Trp Gly Thr Val Lys Asp Glu Leu Thr Glu Ser Pro Lys Tyr Ile Gln Lys Gln Ile Ser Tyr Asn Tyr Ser Asp Leu Asp Gln Ser Asn Val Thr Glu Glu Thr Pro Glu Gly Glu Glu His His Pro Val Ala Asp Thr Glu Asn Lys Glu Asn Glu Val Glu Glu Val Lys Glu Glu Gly Pro Lys Glu Met Thr Leu Asp Glu Trp Lys Ala Ile Gln Asn Lys Asp Arg Ala Lys Val Glu Phe Asn Ile Arg Lys Pro Asn Glu Gly Ala Asp Gly Gln Trp Lys Lys Gly Phe Val Leu His Lys Ser Lys Ser Glu Glu Ala His Ala Glu Asp Ser Val Met Asp His His Phe Arg



```
340
                                                         345
Lys Pro Ala Asn Asp Ile Thr Ser Gln Leu Glu Ile Asn Phe Gly
                350
                                     355
                                                         360
Asp Leu Gly Arg Pro Gly Arg Gly Gly Arg Gly Arg Gly Gly
                365
                                     37Ō
                                                          375
Arg Gly Arg Gly Gly Arg Pro Asn Arg Gly Ser Arg Thr Asp
                                                         Lys
                380
                                     385
                                                          390
Ser Ser Ala Ser Ala Pro Asp Val Asp Asp Pro Glu Ala Phe
                                                         Pro
Ala Leu Ala
<210> 27
<211> 810
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc feature
<223> Incyte clone 1484257CD1
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<400> 27 Met Asp Phe Pro Gln His Ser Gln His Val Leu Glu Gln Leu Asn Gln Gln Arg Gln Leu Gly Leu Leu Cys Asp Cys Thr Phe Val Val Asp Gly Val His Phe Lys Ala His Lys Ala Val Leu Ala Ala Cys Ser Glu Tyr Phe Lys Met Leu Phe Val Asp Gln Lys Asp Val Val His Leu Asp Ile Ser Asn Ala Ala Gly Leu Gly Gln Val Leu Giu Phe Met Tyr Thr Ala Lys Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Asn Val Asp Asp Val Leu Ala Val Ala Thr Phe Leu Gln Met Gln Asp Ile Ile Thr Ala Cys His Ala Leu Lys Ser Leu Ala Glu Pro Ala Thr Ser Pro Giy Gly Asn Ala Glu Ala Leu Ala Gln Lys Val Cys Pro Val Pro Ser Pro Gly Gly Asp Lys Arg Ala Lys Glu Glu Lys Val Ala Thr Ser Thr Leu Ser Arg Leu Glu Gln Ala Gly Arg Ser Thr Pro Ile Gly Pro Ser Arg Asp Leu Lys Glu Glu Arg Gly Gly Gln Ala Gln Ser Ala Ala Ser Gly Ala Glu Gln Thr Glu Lys Ala Asp Ala Pro Arg Glu Pro Pro Pro Val Glu Leu Lys Pro Asp Pro Thr Ser Gly Met Ala Ala Glu Ala Glu Ala Ala Leu Ser Glu Ser Ser Glu Gln Glu Met Glu Val Glu Pro Ala Arg Lys Gly Glu Glu Glu Gln Lys Glu Gln Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Gly Ala Gly Pro Ala Glu Val Lys Glu Glu Gly Ser Gln Leu Glu Asn Gly Glu Ala Pro Glu Glu Asn Glu Asn Glu Glu Ser Ala Gly Thr Asp Ser Gly Gln Glu Leu Gly Ser Glu Ala Arg Gly Leu Arg Ser Gly Thr Tyr Gly Asp Arg Thr Glu Ser Lys Ala Tyr Gly Ser Val Ile His Lys Cys 

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Glu Asp Cys Gly Lys Glu Phe Thr His Thr Gly Asn Phe Lys Arg His Ile Arg Ile His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Phe Ser Cys Arg Glu Cys Ser Lys Ala Phe Ser Asp Pro Ala Ala Cys Glu Ala His Glu Lys Thr His Ser Pro Leu Lys Pro Tyr Gly Cys Glu Glu Cys Gly Lys Ser Tyr Arg Leu Ile Ser Leu Leu Asn Leu His Lys Lys Arg His Ser Gly Glu Ala Arg Tyr Arg Cys Glu Asp Cys Gly Lys Leu Phe Thr Thr Ser Gly Asn Leu Lys Arg His Gln Leu Val His Ser Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Gln Cys Asp Tyr Cys Gly Arg Ser Phe Ser Asp Pro Thr Ser Lys Met Arg His Leu Glu Thr His Asp Thr Asp Lys Glu His Lys Cys Pro His Cys Asp Lys Lys Phe Asn Gln Val Gly Asn Leu Lys Ala His Leu Lys Ile His Ile Ala Asp Gly Pro Leu Lys Cys Arg Glu Cys Gly Lys Gln Phe Thr Thr Ser Gly Asn Leu Lys Arg His Leu Arg Ile His Ser Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Val Cys Ile His Cys Gln Arg Gln Phe Ala Asp Pro Gly Ala Leu Gln Arg His Val Arg Ile His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Cys Gln Cys Val Met Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Thr Gln Ala Ser Ser Leu Ile Ala His Val Arg Gln His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Val Cys Glu Arg Cys Gly Lys Arg Phe Val Gln Ser Ser Gln Leu Ala Asn His Ile Arg His His Asp Asn Ile Arg Pro His Lys Cys Ser Val Cys Ser Lys Ala Phe Val Asn Val Gly Asp Leu Ser Lys His Ile Ile His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Gly Arg Gly Phe Asn Arg Val Asp Asn Leu Arg Ser His Val Lys Thr Val His Gln Gly Lys Ala Gly Ile Lys Ile Leu Glu Pro Glu Glu Gly Ser Glu Val Ser Val Val Thr Val Asp Asp Met Val Thr Leu Ala Thr Glu Ala Leu Ala Ala Thr Ala Val Thr Gln Leu Thr Val Val Pro Val Gly Ala Ala Val Thr Ala Asp Glu Thr Glu Val Leu Lys Ala Glu Ile Ser Lys Ala Val Lys Gln Val Gln Glu Glu Asp Pro Asn Thr His Ile Leu Tyr Ala Cys Asp Ser Cys Gly Asp Lys Phe Leu Asp Ala Asn Ser Leu Ala Gln His Val Arg Ile His Thr Ala Gln Ala Leu Val Met Phe Gln Thr Asp Ala Asp Phe Tyr Gln Gln Tyr Gly Pro Gly Gly Thr Trp Pro Ala Gly Gln Val Leu Gln Ala Gly Glu Leu Val Phe Arg Pro Arg Asp Gly Ala Glu Gly Gln Pro Ala Leu 

Ala Glu Thr Ser Pro Thr Ala Pro Glu Cys Pro Pro Pro Ala Glu 800 805 810

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<210> 28
<211> 324
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc feature
<223> Incyte clone 1732368CD1
<400> 28
Met Asp Trp Ser Glu Val Lys Glu Glu Lys Asp Asn Leu Glu Ile
Lys Gln Glu Glu Lys Phe Val Gly Gln Cys Ile Lys Glu Glu Leu
                 20
                                      25
                                                           30
Met His Gly Glu Cys Val Lys Glu Glu Lys Asp Phe Leu Lys Lys
                 35
                                      40
Glu Ile Val Asp Asp Thr Lys Val Lys Glu Glu Pro Pro Ile Asn
His Pro Val Gly Cys Lys Arg Lys Leu Ala Met Ser Arg Cys Glu
                 65
                                      70
Thr Cys Gly Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Tyr Arg Cys Pro Arg Cys Met
                                      85
Arg Tyr Ser Cys Ser Leu Pro Cys Val Lys Lys His Lys Ala Glu
                 95
                                     100
Leu Thr Cys Asn Gly Val Arg Asp Lys Thr Ala Tyr Ile Ser Ile
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Gln Gln Phe Thr Glu Met Asn Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Arg Phe Leu
                125
                                     130
Glu Asp Val Ala Arg Thr Ala Asp His Ile Ser Arg Asp Ala Phe
                140
                                     145
Leu Lys Arg Pro Ile Ser Asn Lys Tyr Met Tyr Phe Met Lys Asn
                155
                                     160
Arg Ala Arg Arg Gln Gly Ile Asn Leu Lys Leu Leu Pro Asn Gly
                170
                                     175
                                                         180
Phe Thr Lys Arg Lys Glu Asn Ser Thr Phe Phe Asp Lys Lys
                185
                                     190
Gln Gln Phe Cys Trp His Val Lys Leu Gln Phe Pro Gln Ser Gln
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Ala Glu Tyr Ile Glu Lys Arg Val Pro Asp Asp Lys Thr Ile Asn
                215
                                     220
Glu Ile Leu Lys Pro Tyr Ile Asp Pro Glu Lys Ser Asp Pro Val
                230
                                    235
                                                         240
Ile Arg Gln Arg Leu Lys Ala Tyr Ile Arg Ser Gln Thr Gly Val
                245
                                    250
Gln Ile Leu Met Lys Ile Glu Tyr Met Gln Gln Asn Leu Val Arg
                260
                                    265
                                                         270
Tyr Tyr Glu Leu Asp Pro Tyr Lys Ser Leu Leu Asp Asn Leu Arg
                275
                                    280
                                                         285
Asn Lys Val Ile Ile Glu Tyr Pro Thr Leu His Val Val Leu Lys
                290
                                    295
                                                         300
Gly Ser Asn Asn Asp Met Lys Val Leu His Gln Val Lys Ser Glu
                305
                                    310
                                                         315
Ser Thr Lys Asn Val Gly Asn Glu Asn
                320
```

<210> 29 <211> 292

<212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1870914CD1 <400> 29 Met Glu Glu Val Pro His Asp Cys Pro Gly Ala Asp Ser Ala Gln 1 10 Ala Gly Arg Gly Ala Ser Cys Gln Gly Cys Pro Asn Gln Arg Leu 20 Cys Ala Ser Gly Ala Gly Ala Thr Pro Asp Thr Ala Ile Glu Glu 35 40 45 Ile Lys Glu Lys Met Lys Thr Val Lys His Lys Ile Leu Val Leu 50 55 60 Ser Gly Lys Gly Gly Val Gly Lys Ser Thr Phe Ser Ala His Leu 65 70 Ala His Gly Leu Ala Glu Asp Glu Asn Thr Gln Ile Ala Leu Leu 80 85 90 Asp Ile Asp Ile Cys Gly Pro Ser Ile Pro Lys Ile Met Gly Leu 95 100 105 Glu Gly Glu Gln Val His Gln Ser Gly Ser Gly Trp Ser Pro Val 110 115 120 Tyr Val Glu Asp Asn Leu Gly Val Met Ser Val Gly Phe Leu Leu 125 130 135 Ser Ser Pro Asp Asp Ala Val Ile Trp Arg Gly Pro Lys Lys Asn 140 145 150 Gly Met Ile Lys Gln Phe Leu Arg Asp Val Asp Trp Gly Glu Val 155 160 165 Asp Tyr Leu Ile Val Asp Thr Pro Pro Gly Thr Ser Asp Glu His 170 175 180 Leu Ser Val Val Arg His Leu Ala Thr Ala His Ile Asp Gly Ala 185 190 195 Val Ile Ile Thr Thr Pro Gln Glu Val Ser Leu Gln Asp Val Arg 200 205 210 Lys Glu Ile Asn Phe Cys Arg Lys Val Lys Leu Pro Ile Ile Gly 215 220 225 Val Val Glu Asn Met Ser Gly Phe Ile Cys Pro Lys Cys Lys Lys 230 235 240 Glu Ser Gln Ile Phe Pro Pro Thr Thr Gly Gly Ala Glu Leu Met 245 250 Cys Gln Asp Leu Glu Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Arg Val Pro Leu Asp 260 265 270 Pro Leu Ile Gly Ile Gln Glu Phe Cys Asn Leu His Gln Ser Lys 275 280 Glu Glu Asn Leu Ile Ser Ser 290 <210> 30 <211> 259 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1910984CD1 <400> 30 Met Glu Cys His Leu Lys Thr His Tyr Lys Met Glu Tyr Lys Cys

10

25

Arg Ile Cys Gln Thr Val Lys Ala Asn Gln Leu Glu Leu Glu Thr

20

```
His Thr Arg Glu His Arg Leu Gly Asn His Tyr Lys Cys Asp Gln
                 35
                                      40
Cys Gly Tyr Leu Ser Lys Thr Ala Asn Lys Leu Ile Glu His Val
                 50
                                      55
                                                          60
Arg Val His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro Phe His Cys Asp Gln Cys Ser
                 65
                                      70
Tyr Ser Cys Thr Gly Lys Asp Asn Leu Asn Leu His Lys Lys Leu
                 80
                                     85
Lys His Ala Pro Arg Gln Thr Phe Ser Cys Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe
                 95
                                     100
Lys Thr Thr His Pro Phe Val Phe Ser Arg His Val Lys Lys His
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Gln Ser Gly Asp Cys Pro Glu Glu Asp Lys Lys Gly Leu Cys Pro
                125
                                    130
                                                         135
Ala Pro Lys Glu Pro Ala Gly Pro Gly Ala Pro Leu Leu Val Val
                140
                                    145
Gly Ser Ser Arg Asn Leu Leu Ser Pro Leu Ser Val Met Ser Ala
                155
                                    160
                                                         165
Ser Gln Ala Leu Gln Thr Val Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala His Gly Ser
                170
                                    175
                                                         180
Ser Ser Glu Pro Asn Leu Ala Leu Lys Ala Leu Ala Phe Asn Gly
                185
                                    190
                                                         195
Ser Pro Leu Arg Phe Asp Lys Tyr Arg Asn Ser Asp Phe Ala His
                200
                                    205
                                                         210
Leu Ile Pro Leu Thr Met Leu Tyr Pro Lys Asn His Leu Asp Leu
                215
                                    220
                                                         225
Thr Phe His Pro Pro Arg Pro Gln Thr Ala Pro Pro Ser Ile Pro
                230
                                    235
Ser Pro Lys His Ser Phe Leu Ala Tyr Leu Gly Leu Arg Glu Arg
                245
                                    250
                                                         255
Ala Glu Thr Val
```

<211> 97 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1943040CD1 <400> 31 Met Glu His His Ser Ser His Gly Gly Arg Lys Arg Tyr Ala Cys 10 Gln Gly Cys Trp Lys Thr Phe His Phe Ser Leu Ala Leu Ala Glu 20 25 30 His Gln Lys Thr His Glu Lys Glu Lys Ser Tyr Ala Leu Gly Gly 35 40 Ala Arg Gly Pro Gln Pro Ser Thr Arg Glu Pro Arg Arg Gly Leu 50 55 60 Gly Arg Ala Val Pro Gln Arg Ala Trp Arg Ala Arg Leu Pro Pro 65 70 His Pro Gln Arg Arg Gly Glu Pro Leu Cys Cys Pro Val Pro

<210> 32 <211> 812 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens

80

Glu Gly Pro Leu Cys Arg Pro

<210> 31

<220>

<221> misc feature <223> Incyte clone 2076520CD1 <400> 32 Met Ile Glu Pro Asp Gln Cys Phe Cys Arg Phe Asp Leu Thr Gly Thr Cys Asn Asp Asp Cys Gln Trp Gln His Ile Gln Asp Tyr Thr Leu Ser Arg Lys Gln Leu Phe Gln Asp Ile Leu Ser Tyr Asn Leu Ser Leu Ile Gly Cys Ala Glu Thr Ser Thr Asn Glu Glu Ile Thr Ala Ser Ala Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Lys Leu Phe Gly Val Asn Lys Asp Arg Met Ser Met Asp Gln Met Ala Val Leu Leu Val Ser Asn Ile Asn Glu Ser Lys Gly His Thr Pro Pro Phe Thr Tyr Lys Asp Lys Arg Lys Trp Lys Pro Lys Phe Trp Arg Lys Pro Ile Ser Asp Asn Ser Phe Ser Ser Asp Glu Glu Gln Ser Thr Gly Pro Ile Lys Tyr Ala Phe Gln Pro Glu Asn Gln Ile Asn Val Pro Ala Leu Asp Thr Val Val Thr Pro Asp Asp Val Arg Tyr Phe Thr Asn Glu Thr Asp Asp Ile Ala Asn Leu Glu Ala Ser Val Leu Glu Asn Pro Ser His Val Gln Leu Trp Leu Lys Leu Ala Tyr Lys Tyr Leu Asn Gln Asn Glu Gly Glu Cys Ser Glu Ser Leu Asp Ser Ala Leu Asn Val Leu Ala Arg Ala Leu Glu Asn Asn Lys Asp Asn Pro Glu Ile Trp Cys His Tyr Leu Arg Leu Phe Ser Lys Arg Gly Thr Asp Glu Val Gln Glu Met Cys Glu Thr Ala Val Glu Tyr Ala Pro Asp Tyr Gln Ser Phe Trp Thr Phe Leu His Leu Glu Ser Thr Phe Glu Glu Lys Asp Tyr Val Cys Glu Arg Met Leu Glu Phe Leu Met Gly Ala Ala Lys Gln Glu Thr Ser Asn Ile Leu Ser Phe Gln Leu Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Phe Arg Val Gln Leu His Ile Phe Thr Gly Arg Cys Gln Ser Ala Leu Ala Ile Leu Gln Asn Ala Leu Lys Ser Ala Asn Asp Gly Ile Val Ala Glu Tyr Leu Lys Thr Ser Asp Arg Cys Leu Ala Trp Leu Ala Tyr Ile His Leu Ile Glu Phe Asn Ile Leu Pro Ser Lys Phe Tyr Asp Pro Ser Asn Asp Asn Pro Ser Arg Ile Val Asn Thr Glu Ser Phe Val Met Pro Trp Gln Ala Val Gln Asp Val Lys Thr Asn Pro Asp Met Leu Leu Ala Val Phe Glu Asp Ala Val Lys Ala Cys Thr Asp Glu Ser Leu Ala Val Glu Glu Arg Ile Glu Ala Cys Leu Pro Leu Tyr Thr Asn Met Ile Ala Leu His Gln Leu Leu Glu Arg Tyr Glu Ala Ala Met Glu Leu Cys Lys Ser

manus de la companya de la companya

WO 99/57144 PCT/US99/09935

```
440
                                     445
Leu Leu Glu Ser Cys Pro Ile Asn Cys Gln Leu Leu Glu Ala Leu
                455
                                     460
Val Ala Leu Tyr Leu Gln Thr Asn Gln His Asp Lys Ala Arg Ala
                470
                                     475
                                                          480
Val Trp Leu Thr Ala Phe Glu Lys Asn Pro Gln Asn Ala Glu Val
                485
                                     490
                                                          495
Phe Tyr His Met Cys Lys Phe Phe Ile Leu Gln Asn Arg Gly Asp
                500
                                     505
                                                          510
Asn Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu Arg Lys Phe Ile Ala Ser Phe Phe Lys
                515
                                     520
                                                          525
Pro Gly Phe Glu Lys Tyr Asn Asn Leu Asp Leu Phe Arg Tyr Leu
                530
                                     535
                                                          540
Leu Asn Ile Pro Gly Pro Ile Asp Ile Pro Ser Arg Leu Cys Lys
                545
                                     550
Gly Asn Phe Asp Asp Asp Met Phe Asn His Gln Val Pro Tyr Leu
                560
                                     565
                                                          570
Trp Leu Ile Tyr Cys Leu Cys His Pro Leu Gln Ser Ser Ile Lys
                575
                                     580
                                                          585
Glu Thr Val Glu Ala Tyr Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly Val Ala Met Arg
                590
                                     595
                                                          600
Cys Asp Ile Val Gln Lys Ile Trp Met Asp Tyr Leu Val Phe Ala
                605
                                     610
Asn Asn Arg Ala Ala Gly Ser Arg Asn Lys Val Gln Glu Phe Arg
                620
                                     625
                                                          630
Phe Fhe Thr Asp Leu Val Asn Arg Cys Leu Val Thr Val Pro Ala
                635
                                     640
Arg Tyr Pro Ile Pro Phe Ser Ser Ala Asp Tyr Trp Ser Asn Tyr
                650
                                     655
                                                          660
Glu Fhe His Asn Arg Val Ile Phe Phe Tyr Leu Ser Cys Val Pro
                665
                                     670
Lys Thr Gln His Ser Lys Thr Leu Glu Arg Phe Cys Ser Val Met
                680
                                     685
                                                          690
Pro Ala Asn Ser Gly Leu Ala Leu Arg Leu Leu Gln His Glu
                                                         Trp
                                                          705
                695
                                     700
Glu Glu Ser Asn Val Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Gln Ala Lys Met
                                                         Phe
                710
                                     715
                                                          720
Thr Tyr Asn Ile Pro Thr Cys Leu Ala Thr Trp Lys Ile Ala
                                                         Ile
                725
                                     730
                                                          735
Ala Ala Glu Ile Val Leu Lys Gly Gln Arg Glu Val His Arg
                                                         Leu
                740
                                     745
                                                          750
Tyr Glm Arg Ala Leu Glm Lys Leu Pro Leu Cys Ala Ser Leu
                                                         Trp
                755
                                     760
Lys Asp Gln Leu Leu Phe Glu Ala Ser Glu Gly Gly Lys Thr Asp
                770
                                     775
                                                          780
Asn Leu Arg Lys Leu Val Ser Lys Cys Gln Glu Ile Gly Val Ser
                785
                                     790
                                                          795
Leu Asn Glu Leu Leu Asn Leu Asn Ser Asn Lys Thr Glu Ser Lys
                800
                                     805
Asn His
```

```
<210> 33
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Met Asp Ala Leu Val Glu Asp Asp Ile Cys Ile Leu Asn His Glu

<sup>&</sup>lt;211> 392

<sup>&</sup>lt;212> PRT

<sup>&</sup>lt;213> Homo sapiens

<sup>&</sup>lt;220>

<sup>&</sup>lt;221> misc\_feature

<sup>&</sup>lt;223> Incyte clone 2291241CD1

<sup>&</sup>lt;400> 33



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10
Lys Ala His Lys Arg Asp Thr Val Thr Pro Val Ser Ile Tyr Ser
                 20
Gly Asp Glu Ser Val Ala Ser His Phe Ala Leu Val Thr Ala Tyr
                 35
                                      40
Glu Asp Ile Lys Lys Arg Leu Lys Asp Ser Glu Lys Glu Asn Ser
                  50
                                      55
Leu Leu Lys Lys Arg Ile Arg Phe Leu Glu Glu Lys Leu Ile Ala
                  65
                                      70
Arg Phe Glu Glu Glu Thr Ser Ser Val Gly Arg Glu Gln Val Asn
                 80
                                      85
Lys Ala Tyr His Ala Tyr Arg Glu Val Cys Ile Asp Arg Asp Asn
                 95
                                     100
                                                          105
Leu Lys Ser Lys Leu Asp Lys Met Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Glu Ser
                110
                                     115
                                                          120
Leu Lys Val Leu Asn Glu Gln Leu Gln Ser Lys Glu Val Glu Leu
                125
                                     130
                                                         135
Leu Gln Leu Arg Thr Glu Val Glu Thr Gln Gln Val Met Arg Asn
                140
                                     145
                                                          150
Leu Asn Pro Pro Ser Ser Asn Trp Glu Val Glu Lys Leu Ser Cys
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Asp Leu Lys Ile His Gly Leu Glu Gln Glu Leu Glu Leu Met Arg
                170
                                     175
Lys Glu Cys Ser Asp Leu Lys Ile Glu Leu Gln Lys Ala Lys Gln
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
Thr Asp Pro Tyr Gln Glu Asp Asn Leu Lys Ser Arg Asp Leu Gln
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Lys Leu Ser Ile Ser Ser Asp Asn Met Gln His Ala Tyr Trp Glu
                215
                                     220
                                                         225
Leu Lys Arg Glu Met Ser Asn Leu His Leu Val Thr Gln Val Gln
                230
                                     235
Ala Glu Leu Leu Arg Lys Leu Lys Thr Ser Thr Ala Ile Lys Lys
                245
                                     250
                                                         255
Ala Cys Ala Pro Val Gly Cys Ser Glu Asp Leu Gly Arg Asp Ser
                260
                                     265
                                                         270
Thr Lys Leu His Leu Met Asn Phe Thr Ala Thr Tyr Thr Arg His
                275
                                     280
                                                         285
Pro Pro Leu Leu Pro Asn Gly Lys Ala Leu Cys His Thr Thr Ser
                290
                                     295
Ser Pro Leu Pro Gly Asp Val Lys Val Leu Ser Glu Lys Ala Ile
                305
                                     310
                                                         315
Leu Gln Ser Trp Thr Asp Asn Glu Arg Ser Ile Pro Asn Asp Gly
                320
                                     325
Thr Cys Phe Gln Glu His Ser Ser Tyr Gly Arg Asn Ser Leu Glu
                335
                                     340
Asp Asn Ser Trp Val Phe Pro Ser Pro Pro Lys Ser Ser Glu Thr
                350
                                     355
Ala Phe Gly Glu Thr Lys Thr Lys Thr Leu Pro Leu Pro Asn Leu
                365
                                     370
                                                         375
Pro Pro Leu His Tyr Leu Asp Gln His Asn Gln Asn Cys Leu
                380
                                     385
Lys Asn
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<210> 34

<211> 60

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 2329692CD1

<400> 34

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Met Ile Tyr Phe Phe Ile Ile Ile Val Glu Tyr Phe Tyr Gly Lys
                                      10
Ile Phe Val Val Leu Ile Ile Pro Ile Lys Ile Met Pro Asn Thr
                  20
                                                           30
Lys Tyr Glu Phe Tyr Asp Val His Phe Val Leu Gly Ile Lys Arg
                                      40
Lys Lys His Thr Ser Trp Lys Ser Val Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu
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<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc feature
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Met Asp Pro Ser Asp Ile Tyr Ala Val Ile Gln Ile Pro Gly Ser
                                      10
Arg Glu Phe Asp Val Ser Phe Arg Ser Ala Glu Lys Leu Ala Leu
                 20
Phe Leu Arg Val Tyr Glu Glu Lys Arg Glu Gln Glu Asp Cys Trp
                                      40
Glu Asn Phe Val Val Leu Gly Arg Ser Lys Ser Ser Leu Lys Thr
                 50
                                                           60
Leu Phe Ile Leu Phe Arg Asn Glu Thr Val Asp Val Glu Asp Ile
                 65
                                      70
Val Thr Trp Leu Lys Arg His Cys Asp Val Leu Ala Val Pro Val
                 80
                                      85
                                                          90
Lys Val Thr Asp Arg Phe Gly Ile Trp Thr Gly Glu Tyr Lys Cys
                 95
                                     100
                                                         105
Glu Ile Glu Leu Arg Gln Gly Glu Gly Gly Val Arg His Leu Pro
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Gly Ala Phe Phe Leu Gly Ala Glu Arg Gly Tyr Ser Trp Tyr Lys
                125
                                     130
                                                         135
Gly Gln Pro Lys Thr Cys Phe Lys Cys Gly Ser Arg Thr His Met
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Ser Gly Ser Cys Thr Gln Asp Arg Cys Phe Arg Cys Arg Glu Glu
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Gly His Leu Ser Pro Tyr Cys Arg Lys Gly Ile Val Cys Asn Leu
                170
                                     175
                                                         180
Cys Gly Lys Arg Gly His Ala Phe Ala Gln Cys Pro Lys Ala Val
                185
                                    190
His Asn Ser Val Ala Ala Gln Leu Thr Gly Val Ala Gly His
                200
                                     205
<210> 36
<211> 257
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<223> Incyte clone 2495790CD1
<400> 36
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10

Met Val Gly Ala Gly Ile Ser Thr Pro Ser Gly Ile Pro Asp Phe



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Arg Ser Pro Gly Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Asn Leu Gln Gln Tyr Asp
                 20
Leu Pro Tyr Pro Glu Ala Ile Phe Glu Leu Pro Phe Phe His
                  35
                                      40
Asn Pro Lys Pro Phe Phe Thr Leu Ala Lys Glu Leu Tyr Pro Gly
                  50
                                      55
                                                           60
Asn Tyr Lys Pro Asn Val Thr His Tyr Phe Leu Arg Leu Leu His
                 65
                                      70
Asp Lys Gly Leu Leu Leu Arg Leu Tyr Thr Gln Asn Ile Asp Gly
                 80
                                      85
Leu Glu Arg Val Ser Gly Ile Pro Ala Ser Lys Leu Val Glu Ala
                 95
                                     100
                                                         105
His Gly Thr Phe Ala Ser Ala Thr Cys Thr Val Cys Gln Arg Pro
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Phe Pro Gly Glu Asp Ile Arg Ala Asp Val Met Ala Asp Arg Val
                125
                                     130
                                                         135
Pro Arg Cys Pro Val Cys Thr Gly Val Val Lys Pro Asp Ile Val
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Phe Phe Gly Glu Pro Leu Pro Gln Arg Phe Leu Leu His Val Val
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Asp Phe Pro Met Ala Asp Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly Thr Ser Leu
                170
                                     175
                                                         180
Glu Val Glu Pro Phe Ala Ser Leu Thr Glu Ala Val Arg Ser Ser
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
Val Fro Arg Leu Leu Ile Asn Arg Asp Leu Val Gly Pro Leu Ala
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Trp His Pro Arg Ser Arg Asp Val Ala Gln Leu Gly Asp Val Val
                215
                                     220
                                                         225
His Gly Val Glu Ser Leu Val Glu Leu Leu Gly Trp Thr Glu Glu
                230
                                    235
                                                         240
Met Arg Asp Leu Val Gln Arg Glu Thr Gly Lys Leu Asp Gly Pro
                245
Asp Lys
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<210> 37 <211> 138 <212> PRT

<220>

<213> Homo sapiens

<221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 266

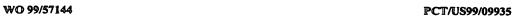
<223> Incyte clone 2661254CD1

<400> 37 Met Ala Thr Lys Arg Leu Phe Gly Ala Thr Arg Thr Trp Ala Gly Trp Gly Ala Trp Glu Leu Leu Asn Pro Ala Thr Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Ala Arg Asp Tyr Ala Lys Lys Pro Val Met Lys Gly Ala Lys 4.5 Ser Gly Lys Gly Ala Val Thr Ser Glu Ala Leu Lys Asp Pro Asp Val Cys Thr Asp Pro Val Gln Leu Thr Thr Tyr Ala Met Gly Val Asn Ile Tyr Lys Glu Gly Gln Asp Val Pro Leu Lys Pro Asp Ala Glu Tyr Pro Glu Trp Leu Phe Glu Met Asn Leu Gly Pro Pro Lys Thr Leu Glu Glu Leu Asp Pro Glu Ser Arg Glu Tyr Trp Arg Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln Asn Ile Trp Arg His Asn Arg Leu Ser Lys Asn 



Lys Arg Leu

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<210> 38
<211> 999
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<221> misc_feature
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<400> 38
Met Gly Pro Ser Arg Leu Arg Leu Gly Phe Phe Xaa Lys Arg Gly
                                      10
Cys Ser Arg Ala Met Val Glu Ile Glu Leu Phe Arg Ala Ser Gly
                  20
                                      25
Asn Leu Val Ile Thr Arg Glu Ile Asp Val Ala Lys Asn Gln Ser
                  35
                                      40
                                                           45
Phe Trp Phe Ile Asn Lys Lys Ser Thr Thr Gln Xaa Ile Val Glu
                  50
                                      55
Glu Lys Val Ala Ala Leu Asn Ile Gln Val Gly Asn Leu Cys Gln
                  65
                                                           75
Phe Leu Pro Glm Asp Lys Val Gly Glu Phe Ala Lys Leu Ser Lys
                 80
                                      85
Ile Glu Leu Leu Glu Ala Thr Glu Lys Ser Ile Gly Pro Pro Glu
                 95
                                     100
                                                          105
Met His Lys Tyr His Cys Glu Leu Lys Asn Leu Arg Glu Lys Glu
                110
                                     115
                                                          120
Lys Gln Leu Glu Thr Ser Cys Lys Glu Lys Thr Glu Tyr Leu Gln
                125
                                     130
                                                          135
Lys Met Val Gln Arg Asn Glu Arg Tyr Lys Gln Asp Val Glu Arg
                140
                                     145
                                                          150
Phe Tyr Glu Arg Lys Arg His Leu Asp Leu Ile Glu Met Leu Glu
                155
                                     160
                                                          165
Ala Lys Arg Pro Trp Val Glu Tyr Glu Asn Val Arg Gln Glu Tyr
                170
                                     175
                                                          180
Glu Glu Val Lys Leu Val Arg Asp Arg Val Lys Glu Glu Val Arg
                185
                                     190
                                                          195
Lys Leu Lys Glu Gly Gln Ile Pro Ile Thr Cys Arg Ile Glu Glu
                200
                                     205
                                                          210
Met Glu Asn Glu Arg His Asn Leu Glu Ala Arg Ile Lys Glu Lys
                215
                                     220
Ala Thr Asp Ile Lys Glu Ala Ser Gln Lys Cys Lys Gln Lys Gln
                230
                                     235
                                                          240
Asp Val Ile Glu Arg Lys Asp Lys His Ile Glu Glu Leu Gln Gln
                245
                                     250
                                                         255
Ala Leu Ile Val Lys Gln Asn Glu Glu Leu Asp Arg Gln Arg Arg
                260
                                     265
                                                         270
Ile Gly Asn Thr Arg Lys Met Ile Glu Asp Leu Gln Asn Glu Leu
                275
                                     280
                                                         285
Lys Thr Thr Glu Asn Cys Glu Asn Leu Gln Pro Gln Ile Asp Ala
                290
                                     295
                                                         300
Ile Thr Asn Asp Leu Arg Arg Ile Gln Asp Glu Lys Ala Leu Cys
                305
                                     310
Glu Gly Glu Ile Ile Asp Lys Arg Arg Glu Arg Glu Thr Leu Glu
                320
                                     325
Lys Glu Lys Lys Ser Val Asp Asp His Ile Val Arg Phe Asp Asn
                335
                                     340
                                                         345
Leu Met Asn Gln Lys Glu Asp Lys Leu Arg Gln Arg Phe Arg Asp
                350
                                    355
                                                         360
Thr Tyr Asp Ala Val Leu Trp Leu Arg Asn Asn Arg Asp Lys Phe
                                    370
```



		-												
				380	)				385	5				t Lys 390
				395	5				400	)				r Asn 405
				410	)				415	5				Val 420
				425	)				430	)				n Ala 435
				440	)				445	5				Arg
Ser	Leu	Asn	Glu	Leu 455	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Gly	Phe 460	Phe	Sei	туг	Let	1 Arg 465
				470	)				. Met	Ser				Cys 480
				485	)				Gly 490	Thr				Arg 495
				500					Thr 505	Arg				Ile 510
Tyr	Thr	Ala	Glu	Glu 515	Lys	Tyr	Val	Val	Lys 520	Thr	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Ser 525
				530					Leu 535	Lys				Phe 540
				545					Arg 550	Arg				Glu 555
				560					Gln 565	Ala				Gly
				5/5					580					Asp 585
				590		Lys			595					Thr
				605		Gln			610				_	615
				620		Asp			625					630
				635		Ile			640					645
				650		Thr			655					660
				665		Asp			670					675
				680		Leu			685					690
				695		Glu			700					705
				/10		Gln			715					720
				725		Leu			730					735
				740		Pro			745					750
				755		Gln			760					765
				//0		Glu			775					780
				785		Ile			790					795
				800		Thr			805					210
				812		Glu			820					225
				830		Glu			835					Lys 840
Phe	Ser	Asn	Phe	Phe 845	Ser	Ser	Met	Gln	Cys 850	Ala	Gly	Glu	Val	Asp 855



WO 99/57144 PCT/US99/09935 Leu His Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Asp Tyr Asp Lys Tyr Gly Ile Arg 

Ile Arg Val Lys Phe Arg Ser Ser Thr Gln Leu His Glu Leu Thr Pro His His Gln Ser Gly Gly Glu Arg Ser Val Ser Thr Met Leu 

Tyr Leu Met Ala Leu Gln Glu Leu Asn Arg Cys Pro Phe Arg Val 91Õ Val Asp Glu Ile Asn Gln Gly Met Asp Pro Ile Asn Glu Arg Arg

Val Phe Glu Met Val Val Asn Thr Ala Cys Lys Glu Asn Thr Ser

Gln Tyr Phe Phe Ile Thr Pro Lys Leu Leu Gln Asn Leu Pro Tyr 

Ser Glu Lys Met Thr Val Leu Phe Val Tyr Asn Gly Pro His Met Leu Glu Pro Asn Thr Trp Asn Leu Lys Ala Phe Gln Arg Arg 

Arg Arg Ile Thr Phe Thr Gln Pro Ser 

<210> 39

<211> 377 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 2762174CD1

<400> 39

Met Ala Glu Leu Glu Ser His Pro Cys Asp Ile Cys Gly Pro Ile Leu Lys Asp Thr Leu His Leu Ala Lys Tyr His Gly Gly Lys Ala Arg Gln Lys Pro Tyr Leu Cys Gly Ala Cys Gly Lys Gln Phe Trp Phe Ser Thr Asp Phe Asp Gln His Gln Asn Gln Pro Asn Gly Gly Lys Leu Phe Pro Arg Lys Glu Gly Arg Asp Ser Val Lys Ser Cys Arg Val His Val Pro Glu Lys Thr Leu Thr Cys Gly Lys Gly Arg Arg Asp Phe Ser Ala Thr Ser Gly Leu Leu Gln His Gln Ala Ser Leu Ser Ser Met Lys Pro His Lys Ser Thr Lys Leu Val Ser Gly Phe Leu Met Gly Gln Arg Tyr His Arg Cys Gly Glu Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Thr Arg Lys Asp Thr Leu Ala Arg His Gln Arg Ile His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Glu Cys Asn Glu Cys Gly Lys Phe Phe Ser Gln Ser Tyr Asp Leu Phe Lys His Gln Thr Val His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Glu Cys Ser Glu Cys Gly Lys Phe Phe Arg Gln Ile Ser Gly Leu Ile Glu His Arg Arg Val His Thr Gly Glu Arg Leu Tyr Gln Cys Gly Lys Cys Gly Lys Phe Phe Ser Ser Lys Ser 

Asn Leu Ile Arg His Gln Glu Val His Thr Gly Ala Arg Pro Tyr



```
Val Cys Ser Glu Cys Gly Lys Glu Phe Ser Arg Lys His Thr Leu
                245
                                     250
Val Leu His Gln Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Glu Cys
                260
                                     265
                                                         270
Ser Glu Cys Gly Lys Ala Phe Ser Gln Ser Ser His Leu Asn Val
                275
                                     280
                                                         285
His Trp Arg Ile His Ser Ser Asp Tyr Glu Cys Ser Arg Cys Gly
                290
                                     295
                                                         300
Lys Ala Phe Ser Cys Ile Ser Lys Leu Ile Gln His Gln Lys Val
                305
                                     310
                                                         315
His Ser Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Glu Cys Ser Lys Cys Gly Lys Ala
                320
                                     325
                                                         330
Phe Thr Gln Arg Pro Asn Leu Ile Arg His Trp Lys Val His Thr
                335
                                     340
                                                         345
Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Val Cys Ser Glu Cys Gly Arg Glu Phe Ile
                350
                                    355
                                                         360
Arg Lys Gln Thr Leu Val Leu His Gln Arg Val His Ala Gly Glu
                                    370
Lys Leu
```

<210> 40 <211> 324 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 2765991CD1

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```
Lys Pro Ile Asn Leu Leu Ser Gln Gln Met Lys Pro Gly Met Lys
                 245
                                     250
 Arg Gln Arg Ser Leu Tyr Arg Glu Ile Leu Phe Leu Ser Leu Val
                 260
                                      265
                                                          270
 Ser Leu Gly Arg Glu Asn Ile Asp Ile Glu Ala Phe Asp Asn Glu
                 275
                                      280
                                                          285
 Tyr Gly Ile Ala Tyr Asn Ser Leu Ser Ser Glu Ile Leu Glu Arg
                 290
                                     295
                                                          300
 Leu Gln Lys Ile Asp Ala Pro Pro Ser Ala Ser Val Glu Trp Cys
                 305
                                     310
 Arg Lys Cys Phe Gly Ala Pro Leu Ile
                 320
 <210> 41
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<220>
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<223> Incyte clone 2775157CD1
<400> 41
Met Pro Cys Pro Met Leu Leu Pro Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Asp Gln
                                      10
                                                           15
Ser Thr Leu Glu Lys Cys Asn Arg Ser Glu Ala Thr Trp Gly Arg
                                      25
Val Pro Ser Asp Pro Phe Thr Gly Val Ala Phe Thr Pro His Ser
                 35
                                      40
                                                           45
Gln Pro Leu Pro His Pro Ser Leu Lys Ala Arg Ile Asp His Phe
                 50
                                      55
Leu Leu Gln His Ser Ile Pro Gly Cys His Leu Leu Gly Arg Ala
                 65
Gln Thr Ala Leu Ala Val Ile Pro Ser Ser Ile Val Leu Pro Ser
                 80
                                      85
                                                           90
Gln Lys Arg Lys Ile Glu Gln Ala Glu His Val Pro Asp Ser Asn
                 95
                                     100
                                                          105
Phe Gly Val Asn Ala Ser Cys Phe Ser Ala Thr Ser Pro Leu Val
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Leu Pro Thr Thr Ser Glu His Thr Ala Lys Lys Met Lys Ala Thr
                125
                                     130
                                                         135
Asn Glu Pro Ser Leu Thr His Met Asp Cys Ser Thr Gly Pro Leu
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Ser His Glu Gln Lys Leu Ser Gln Ser Leu Glu Ile Ala Leu Ala
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Ser Thr Leu Gly Ser Met Pro Ser Phe Thr Ala Arg Leu Thr Arg
                170
                                     175
                                                         180
Gly Gln Leu Gln His Leu Gly Thr Arg Gly Ser Asn Thr Ser Trp
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
Arg Pro Gly Thr Gly Ser Glu Gln Pro Gly Ser Ile Leu Gly Pro
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Glu Cys Ala Ser Cys Lys Arg Val Phe Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Lys
                215
                                     220
                                                         225
Glu Pro Val Tyr Gln Leu Pro Cys Gly His Leu Leu Cys Arg Pro
                230
                                     235
                                                         240
Cys Leu Gly Glu Lys Gln Arg Ser Leu Pro Met Thr Cys Thr Ala
                245
                                     250
                                                         255
Cys Gln Arg Pro Val Ala Ser Gln Asp Val Leu Arg Val His Phe
                260
                                     265
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<210> 42 <211> 252

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<212> PRT
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<400> 42
Met Leu Arg Lys Gly Ile Cys Glu Tyr His Glu Lys Asn Tyr Ala
  1
                                      10
                                                           15
Ala Ala Leu Glu Thr Phe Thr Glu Gly Gln Lys Leu Asp Ser Ala
                 20
                                      25
Asp Ala Asn Phe Ser Val Trp Ile Lys Arg Cys Gln Glu Ala Gln
                 35
                                      40
                                                           45
Asn Gly Ser Glu Ser Glu Val Trp Thr His Gln Ser Lys Ile Lys
                 50
                                      55
Tyr Asp Trp Tyr Gln Thr Glu Ser Gln Val Val Ile Thr Leu Met
                 65
                                      70
Ile Lys Asn Val Gln Lys Asn Asp Val Asn Val Glu Phe Ser Glu
                 80
                                      85
Lys Glu Leu Ser Ala Leu Val Lys Leu Pro Ser Gly Glu Asp Tyr
                 95
                                     100
                                                          105
Asn Leu Lys Leu Glu Leu Leu His Pro Ile Ile Pro Glu Gln Ser
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Thr Phe Lys Val Leu Ser Thr Lys Ile Glu Ile Lys Leu Lys Lys
                125
                                     130
                                                          135
Pro Glu Ala Val Arg Trp Glu Lys Leu Glu Gly Gln Gly Asp Val
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Pro Thr Pro Lys Gln Phe Val Ala Asp Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Pro
                155
                                    160
                                                         165
Ser Ser Ser Pro Tyr Thr Arg Asn Trp Asp Lys Leu Val Gly Glu
                170
                                     175
                                                         180
Ile Lys Glu Glu Glu Lys Asn Glu Lys Leu Glu Gly Asp Ala Ala
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
Leu Asn Arg Leu Phe Gln Gln Ile Tyr Ser Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Val Lys Arg Ala Met Asn Lys Ser Phe Met Glu Ser Gly Gly Thr
                215
                                    220
                                                         225
Val Leu Ser Thr Asn Trp Ser Asp Val Gly Lys Arg Lys Val Glu
                230
                                    235
Ile Asn Pro Pro Asp Asp Met Glu Trp Lys Lys Tyr
```

```
<210> 43
<211> 228
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

<220> <221> misc feature

<223> Incyte clone 3149729CD1

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```
Leu Val Ala Gln Gln Val Ala Gln Gln Tyr Ala Thr Pro Pro Pro
                 65
Pro Lys Lys Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Lys Gln Asp Lys Glu
                 80
                                     85
Lys Pro Glu Lys Asp Lys Glu Ile Ser Pro Ser Val Thr Lys Lys
                 95
                                    100
                                                         105
Asn Thr Asn Lys Lys Thr Lys Pro Lys Ser Asp Ile Leu Lys Asp
                110
                                    115
                                                         120
Pro Pro Ser Glu Ala Asn Ser Ile Gln Ser Ala Asn Ala Thr Thr
                125
                                    130
                                                         135
Lys Thr Ser Glu Thr Asn His Thr Ser Arg Pro Arg Leu Lys Asn
                140
                                    145
                                                         150
Val Asp Arg Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu Ala Val Thr Val Gly Asn
                155
                                    160
                                                         165
Val Thr Val Ile Ile Thr Asp Phe Lys Glu Lys Thr Arg Ser Ser
                170
                                    175
                                                         180
Ser Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Val Thr Ser Ser Ala Gly Ser Glu Gln
                185
                                    190
                                                         195
Gln Asn Gln Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Glu Ser Thr Asp Lys Gly Ser
                200
                                    205
                                                         210
Ser Arg Ser Ser Thr Pro Lys Gly Asp Met Ser Ala Val Asn Asp
                215
Glu Ser Phe
```

```
<210> 44
<211> 117
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<223> Incyte clone 3705895CD1
Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Ser Gly Thr Pro Arg Glu Glu
                                     10
Glu Gly Pro Ala Gly Glu Ala Ala Ala Ser Gln Pro Gln Ala Pro
                                     25
                                                          30
Thr Ser Val Pro Gly Ala Arg Leu Ser Arg Leu Pro Leu Ala Arg
                                     40
Val Lys Ala Leu Val Lys Ala Asp Pro Asp Val Thr Leu Ala Gly
                                                          60
Gln Glu Ala Ile Phe Ile Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala Glu Leu Phe Val
                 65
                                     70
Glu Thr Ile Ala Lys Asp Ala Tyr Cys Cys Ala Gln Gln Gly Lys
                 80
                                     85
                                                          90
Arg Lys Thr Leu Gln Arg Arg Asp Leu Asp Asn Ala Ile Glu Ala
                 95
                                    100
Val Asp Glu Phe Ala Phe Leu Glu Gly Thr Leu Asp
                110
                                    115
```

<210> 45 <211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 003256CD1

```
<400> 45
Met Thr Pro Lys Leu Gly Arg Gly Val Leu Glu Gly Asp Asp Val
                                      10
Leu Phe Tyr Asp Glu Ser Pro Pro Pro Arg Pro Lys Leu Ser Ala
                 20
                                      25
Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Ala Ala Ile Thr Lys Leu Arg Ala
                                      40
                                                           45
Lys Gly Gln Val Leu Thr Lys Thr Asn Pro Asn Ser Ile Lys Lys
                 50
                                      55
                                                           60
Lys Gln Lys Asp Pro Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu Val Lys Glu Arg Val
                 65
                                      70
                                                           75
Glu Lys Asn Thr Met Phe Ser Ser Gln Ala Glu Asp Glu Leu Glu
                 80
                                     85
                                                          90
Pro Ala Arg Lys Lys Arg Arg Glu Gln Leu Ala Tyr Leu Glu Ser
                 95
                                     100
Glu Glu Phe Gln Lys Ile Leu Lys Ala Lys Ser Lys His Thr Gly
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Ile Leu Lys Glu Ala Glu Ala Glu Met Gln Glu Arg Tyr Phe Glu
                125
                                     130
                                                         135
Pro Leu Val Lys Lys Glu Gln Met Glu Glu Lys Met Arg Asn Ile
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Arg Glu Val Lys Cys Arg Val Val Thr Cys Lys Thr Cys Ala Tyr
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Thr His Phe Lys Leu Leu Glu Thr Cys Val Ser Glu Gln His Glu
                170
                                     175
                                                         180
Tyr His Trp His Asp Gly Val Lys Arg Phe Phe Lys Cys Pro Cys
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
Gly Asn Arg Ser Ile Ser Leu Asp Arg Leu Pro Asn Lys His Cys
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Ser Asm Cys Gly Leu Tyr Lys Trp Glu Arg Asp Gly Met Leu
                215
                                     220
Glu Lys Thr Gly Pro Lys Ile Gly Gly Glu Thr Leu Leu Pro Arg
                230
                                     235
                                                         240
Gly Glu Glu His Ala Lys Phe Leu Asn Ser Leu Lys
                245
                                    250 -
```

```
<210> 46
<211> 530
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<223> Incyte clone 156986CD1
<400> 46
Met Ala Lys Gly Glu Gly Ala Glu Ser Gly Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu
                                     10
Leu Pro Thr Ser Ile Leu Gln Ser Thr Glu Arg Pro Ala Gln Val
                 20
                                                          30
Lys Lys Glu Pro Lys Lys Lys Gln Gln Leu Ser Val Cys Asn
                 35
                                     40
Lys Leu Cys Tyr Ala Leu Gly Gly Ala Pro Tyr Gln Val Thr Gly
                 50
                                     55
                                                          60
Cys Ala Leu Gly Phe Phe Leu Gln Ile Tyr Leu Leu Asp Val Ala
                 65
                                      70
Gln Val Gly Pro Phe Ser Ala Ser Ile Ile Leu Phe Val Gly Arg
                 80
                                     85
                                                          90
Ala Trp Asp Ala Ile Thr Asp Pro Leu Val Gly Leu Cys Ile Ser
                 95
                                    100
                                                         105
Lys Ser Pro Trp Thr Cys Leu Gly Arg Leu Met Pro Trp Ile
                                                        Ile
                                    115
                                                         120
```





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wo	99/57	144												Ī
Phe	Ser	Thr	Pro	Leu 125		Val	Ile	Ala	Tyr 130		Leu	Ile	Trp	Phe 135
Val	Pro	Asp	Phe		His	Gly	Gln	Thr	Tyr 145	Trp	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Phe 150
Tyr	Суѕ	Leu	Phe			Met	Val	Thr	Cys 160	Phe	His	Val	Pro	Tyr 165
Ser	Ala	Leu	Thr	Met 170	Phe	Ile	Ser	Thr	Glu 175	Gln	Thr	Glu	Arg	Asp 180
Ser	Ala	Thr	Ala	Tyr 185	Arg	Met	Thr	Val	Glu 190	Val	Leu	Gly	Thr	Val 195
				200					Val 205					Thr 210
				215					Thr 220					225
				230					His 235					240
				245					Val 250					255
				260					Arg 265					270
				275					Ala 280			_	_	285
				290					Ile 295					300
				305					Leu 310					315
				320					Phe 325					330
				335					Ala 340					345
				350					Gly 355					360
				365					Phe 370 Tyr					375
				380					385 Leu					390
				395					400 Leu					405
				410					415 Phe					420
				425					430 Ile					435
				440					445 Cys					450
				455					460 Thr					465
				470					475 Lys					480
				485 Arg					490 Ala					495
				500					505					510
Asp	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly	Cys	Ser	Glu	Thr	Asp	Ser	Thr	Glu
Leu				515 Leu					520					525
				530										

<210> 47 <211> 355 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<223> Incyte clone 319415CD1
<400> 47
Met Gly Cys Val Phe Gln Ser Thr Glu Asp Lys Cys Ile Phe Lys
                                      10
Ile Asp Trp Thr Leu Ser Pro Gly Glu His Ala Lys Asp Glu Tyr
                 20
                                      25
Val Leu Tyr Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Leu Ser Val Pro Ile Gly Arg Phe
                  35
                                      40
                                                           45
Gln Asn Arg Val His Leu Met Gly Asp Ile Leu Cys Asn Asp Gly
                 50
                                      55
                                                           60
Ser Leu Leu Gln Asp Val Gln Glu Ala Asp Gln Gly Thr Tyr
                 65
                                      70
Ile Cys Glu Ile Arg Leu Lys Gly Glu Ser Gln Val Phe Lys Lys
                 80
                                      85
                                                           90
Ala Val Val Leu His Val Leu Pro Glu Glu Pro Lys Glu Leu Met
                 95
                                     100
                                                          105
Val His Val Gly Gly Leu Ile Gln Met Gly Cys Val Phe Gln Ser
                110
                                     115
                                                          120
Thr Glu Val Lys His Val Thr Lys Val Glu Trp Ile Phe Ser Gly
                125
                                     130
                                                          135
Arg Arg Ala Lys Glu Glu Ile Val Phe Arg Tyr Tyr His Lys Leu
                140
                                     145
                                                          150
Arg Met Ser Val Glu Tyr Ser Gln Ser Trp Gly His Phe Gln Asn
                155
                                     160
                                                          165
Arg Val Asn Leu Val Gly Asp Ile Phe Arg Asn Asp Gly Ser Ile
                170
                                     175
                                                          180
Met Leu Gln Gly Val Arg Glu Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Tyr Thr Cys
                185
                                     190
Ser Ile His Leu Gly Asn Leu Val Phe Lys Lys Thr Ile Val Leu
                200
                                     205
                                                          210
His Val Ser Pro Glu Glu Pro Arg Thr Leu Val Thr Pro Ala Ala
                215
                                     220
                                                         225
Leu Arg Pro Leu Val Leu Gly Gly Asn Gln Leu Val Ile Ile Val
                230
                                     235
                                                         240
Gly Ile Val Cys Ala Thr Ile Leu Leu Leu Pro Val Leu Ile Leu
                245
                                     250
                                                         255
Ile Val Lys Lys Thr Cys Gly Asn Lys Ser Ser Val Asn Ser Thr
                260
                                     265
                                                         270
Val Leu Val Lys Asn Thr Lys Lys Thr Asn Pro Glu Ile Lys Glu
                275
                                     280
                                                         285
Lys Pro Cys His Phe Glu Arg Cys Glu Gly Glu Lys His Ile Tyr
                290
                                     295
                                                         300
Ser Pro Ile Ile Val Arg Glu Val Ile Glu Glu Glu Glu Pro Ser
                305
                                     310
                                                         315
Glu Lys Ser Glu Ala Thr Tyr Met Thr Met His Pro Val Trp Pro
                320
                                     325
                                                         330
Ser Leu Arg Ser Asp Arg Asn Asn Ser Leu Glu Lys Lys Ser Gly
                335
                                     340
                                                         345
Gly Gly Met Pro Lys Thr Gln Gln Ala Phe
                350
```

<210> 48

<211> 136

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 635581CD1

<210> 49

<400> 48 Met Val Gly Gln Thr Glu Asp Asp Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu Val Pro 15 Thr Cys Gly Met Lys Gly Val Gly Glu Arg Ile Val Glu Tyr Val 30 Ser Asn Ile Pro Ala Leu Gln Arg Ala Thr Pro Lys Gly Leu Ala 35 40 45 Ser Val Ser Pro Asp Leu Glu His Arg Gln Glu Trp Thr Tyr Ser 50 55 Lys Ser Pro Leu Met Gly Lys Gly Thr Arg Leu Glu Ala Ser Glu 65 70 75 Asn Lys Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Ala Ala Pro Glu Asn Leu Lys 80 85 Tyr His Arg Gln Ile Ala Gln Gly Ala Lys Asp Tyr Glu Ile Leu 95 100 105 Lys Lys Glu Thr Asn Lys Phe Ile Leu Arg Ile Tyr Thr His Trp 110 115 120 Ser Arg Arg Ser Ile Leu Arg Lys Gly Ser Lys Gly Met Gln Asn 130 Leu

```
<211> 230
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<223> Incyte clone 921803CD1
<400> 49
Met Lys Leu Ile Val Gly Ile Gly Gly Met Thr Asn Gly Gly Lys
                                      10
                                                           15
Thr Thr Leu Thr Asn Ser Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Pro Asn Cys Cys
                 20
Val Ile His Gln Asp Asp Phe Phe Lys Pro Gln Asp Gln Ile
                                      40
Val Gly Glu Asp Gly Phe Lys Gln Trp Asp Val Leu Glu Ser Leu
                 50
                                                           60
Asp Met Glu Ala Met Leu Asp Thr Val Gln Ala Trp Leu Ser Ser
                 65
                                      70
Pro Gln Lys Phe Ala Arg Ala His Gly Val Ser Val Gln Pro Glu
                 80
                                      85
                                                           90
Ala Ser Asp Thr His Ile Leu Leu Leu Glu Gly Phe Leu Leu Tyr
                 95
                                     100
Ser Tyr Lys Pro Leu Val Asp Leu Tyr Ser Arg Arg Tyr Phe Leu
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Thr Val Pro Tyr Glu Glu Cys Lys Trp Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg Asn
                125
                                     130
                                                          135
Tyr Thr Val Pro Asp Pro Pro Gly Leu Phe Asp Gly His Val Trp
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Pro Met Tyr Gln Lys Tyr Arg Gln Glu Met Glu Ala Asn Gly Val
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Glu Val Val Tyr Leu Asp Gly Met Lys Ser Arg Glu Glu Leu Phe
                170
                                    175
                                                         180
Arg Glu Val Leu Glu Asp Ile Gln Asn Ser Leu Leu Asn Arg Ser
                185
                                    190
                                                         195
Gln Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Pro Ala Arg Pro Ala Arg Thr Gln Gly
                                    205
```

```
Pro Gly Arg Gly Cys Gly His Arg Thr Ala Arg Pro Ala Ala Ser 215 220 225 Gln Gln Asp Ser Met 230
```

<210> 50 <211> 70 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1250492CD1 <400> 50

<210> 51 <211> 169 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220>

<221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1427838CD1

<400> 51 Met Leu Ala Phe Ser Glu Met Pro Lys Pro Pro Asp Tyr Ser Glu 10 Leu Ser Asp Ser Leu Thr Leu Ala Val Gly Thr Gly Arg Phe Ser 20 25 30 Gly Pro Leu His Arg Ala Trp Arg Met Met Asn Phe Arg Gln Arg 40 Met Gly Trp Ile Gly Val Gly Leu Tyr Leu Leu Ala Ser Ala Ala 50 55 Ala Phe Tyr Tyr Val Phe Glu Ile Ser Glu Thr Tyr Asn Arg Leu 65 70 Ala Leu Glu His Ile Gln Gln His Pro Glu Glu Pro Leu Glu Gly 80 85 90 Thr Thr Trp Thr His Ser Leu Lys Ala Gln Leu Leu Ser Leu Pro 95 100 105 Phe Trp Val Trp Thr Val Ile Phe Leu Val Pro Tyr Leu Gln Met 110 115 120 Phe Leu Phe Leu Tyr Ser Cys Thr Arg Ala Asp Pro Lys Thr Val 125 130 135 Gly Tyr Cys Ile Ile Pro Ile Cys Leu Ala Val Ile Cys Asn Arg 140 145 150 His Gln Ala Phe Val Lys Ala Ser Asn Gln Ile Ser Arg Leu Gln 160 Leu Ile Asp Thr

```
<210> 52
 <211> 359
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens
 <221> misc_feature
 <223> Incyte clone 1448258CD1
 <400> 52
Met Gly Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Gln Thr Asn Ile Gly Ile Ile Glu
                                      10
Asn Lys Leu Leu Glu Ala Pro Asp Val Leu Cys Leu Arg Leu Ser
                  20
                                      25
                                                           30
Thr Glu Gln Cys Gln Ala His Glu Glu Lys Gly Ile Glu Glu Leu
                  35
                                                           45
                                      40
Ser Asp Pro Ser Gly Pro Lys Ser Tyr Ser Ile Thr Glu Lys His
                  50
                                      55
                                                           60
Tyr Ala Gln Glu Asp Pro Arg Met Leu Phe Val Ala Ala Val Asp
                  65
                                      70
His Ser Ser Ser Gly Asp Met Ser Leu Leu Pro Ser Ser Asp Pro
                  80
                                      85
                                                           90
Lys Phe Gln Gly Leu Gly Val Val Glu Ser Ala Val Thr Ala Asn
                 95
                                     100
                                                          105
Asn Thr Glu Glu Ser Leu Phe Arg Ile Cys Ser Pro Leu Ser Gly
                 110
                                     115
                                                          120
Ala Asn Glu Tyr Ile Ala Ser Thr Asp Thr Leu Lys Thr Glu Glu
                125
                                     130
                                                          135
Val Leu Leu Phe Thr Asp Gln Thr Asp Asp Leu Ala Lys Glu Glu
                 140
                                     145
                                                          150
Pro Thr Ser Leu Phe Gln Arg Asp Ser Glu Thr Lys Gly Glu Ser
                155
                                     160
                                                          165
Gly Leu Val Leu Glu Gly Asp Lys Glu Ile His Gln Ile Phe Glu
                170
                                     175
                                                          180
Asp Leu Asp Lys Lys Leu Ala Leu Ala Ser Arg Phe Tyr Ile Pro
                185
                                     190
                                                          195
Glu Gly Cys Ile Gln Arg Trp Ala Ala Glu Met Val Val Ala Leu
                200
                                     205
                                                          210
Asp Ala Leu His Arg Glu Gly Ile Val Cys Arg Asp Leu Asn Pro
                215
                                     220
                                                          225
Asn Asn Ile Leu Leu Asn Asp Arg Gly His Ile Gln Leu Thr Tyr
                230
                                     235
                                                          240
Phe Ser Arg Trp Ser Glu Val Glu Asp Ser Cys Asp Ser Asp Ala
                245
                                     250
Ile Glu Arg Met Tyr Cys Ala Pro Glu Val Gly Ala Ile Thr Glu
                260
                                     265
                                                          270
Glu Thr Glu Ala Cys Asp Trp Trp Ser Leu Gly Ala Val Leu Phe
                275
                                     280
Glu Leu Leu Thr Gly Lys Thr Leu Val Glu Cys His Pro Ala Gly
                290
                                     295
                                                         300
Ile Asn Thr His Thr Thr Leu Asn Met Pro Glu Cys Val Ser Glu
                305
                                     310
                                                          315
Glu Ala Arg Ser Leu Ile Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Phe Asn Pro Leu
                320
                                     325
                                                         330
Glu Arg Leu Gly Ala Gly Val Ala Gly Val Glu Asp Ile Lys Ser
                335
                                     340
His Pro Phe Phe Thr Pro Val Asp Trp Ala Glu Leu Met Arg
                                     355
```

<210> 53 <211> 545

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1645941CD1 <400> 53 Met Ser Arg Lys Gln Asn Gln Lys Asp Ser Ser Gly Phe Ile Phe Asp Leu Gln Ser Asn Thr Val Leu Ala Gln Gly Gly Ala Phe Glu Asn Met Lys Glu Lys Ile Asn Ala Val Arg Ala Ile Val Pro Asn Lys Ser Asn Asn Glu Ile Ile Leu Val Leu Gln His Phe Asp Asn Cys Val Asp Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Phe Met Glu Gly Ser Ala Ser Glu Val Leu Lys Glu Trp Thr Val Thr Gly Lys Lys Lys Asn Lys Lys Lys Lys Asn Lys Pro Lys Pro Ala Ala Glu Pro Ser Asn Gly Ile Pro Asp Ser Ser Lys Ser Val Ser Ile Gln Glu Glu Ger Ala Pro Ser Ser Glu Lys Gly Gly Met Asn Gly Tyr His Val Asn Gly Ala Ile Asn Asp Thr Glu Ser Val Asp Ser Leu Ser Glu Gly Leu Glu Thr Leu Ser Ile Asp Ala Arg Glu Leu Glu Asp Pro Glu Ser Ala Met Leu Asp Thr Leu Asp Arg Thr Gly Ser Met Leu Gln Asn Gly Val Ser Asp Phe Glu Thr Lys Ser Leu Thr Met His Ser Ile His Asn Ser Gln Gln Pro Arg Asn Ala Ala Lys Ser Leu Ser Arg Pro Thr Thr Glu Thr Gln Phe Ser Asn Met Gly Met Glu Asp Val Pro Leu Ala Thr Ser Lys Lys Leu Ser Ser Asn Ile Glu Lys Ser Val Lys Asp Leu Gln Arg Cys Thr Val Ser Leu Ala Arg Tyr Arg Val Val Lys Glu Glu Met Asp Ala Ser Ile Lys Lys Met Lys Gln Ala Phe Ala Glu Leu Glu Ser Cys Leu Met Asp Arg Glu Val Ala Leu Leu Ala Glu Met Asp Lys Val Lys Ala Glu Ala Met Glu Ile Leu Leu Ser Arg Gln Lys Lys Ala Glu Leu Leu Lys Lys Met Thr His Val Ala Val Gln Met Ser Glu Gln Gln Leu Val Glu Leu Arg Ala Asp Ile Lys His Phe Val Ser Glu Arg Lys Tyr Asp Glu Asp Leu Gly Arg Val Ala Arg Phe Thr Cys Asp Val Glu Thr Leu Lys Lys Ser Ile Asp Ser Phe Gly Gln Val Ser His Pro Lys Asn Ser Tyr Ser Thr Arg Ser Arg Cys Ser Ser Val Thr Ser Val Ser Leu Ser Ser Pro Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Thr Cys Ala Ser Pro Pro Ser Leu Thr Ser Ala Asn Lys Lys Asn Phe 





```
WO 99/57144
                                                             PCT/US99/09935
 Ala Pro Gly Glu Thr Pro Ala Ala Ile Ala Asn Ser Ser Gly Gln
                 425
                                      430
 Pro Tyr Gln Pro Leu Arg Glu Val Leu Pro Gly Asn Arg Arg Gly
                 440
                                      445
                                                           450
 Gly Gln Gly Tyr Arg Pro Gln Gly Gln Lys Ser Asn Asp Pro Met
                 455
                                      460
                                                           465
 Asn Gln Gly Arg His Asp Ser Met Gly Arg Tyr Arg Asn Ser Ser
                 470
                                      475
                                                           480
 Trp Tyr Ser Ser Gly Ser Arg Tyr Gln Ser Ala Pro Ser Gln Ala
                 485
                                      490
                                                           495
 Pro Gly Asn Thr Ile Glu Arg Gly Gln Thr His Ser Ala Gly Thr
                 500
                                      505
                                                          510
 Asn Gly Thr Gly Val Ser Met Glu Pro Ser Pro Pro Thr Pro Ser
                 515
                                     520
                                                          525
 Phe Lys Lys Gly Leu Pro Gln Arg Lys Pro Arg Thr Ser Gln Thr
                 530
Glu Ala Val Asn Ser
                 545
<210> 54
<211> 99
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc feature
<223> Incyte clone 1646005CD1
<400> 54
Met Asn Trp Val Ala Val Leu Cys Pro Leu Gly Ile Val Trp Met
                                      10
                                                           15
Val Gly Asp Gln Pro Pro Gln Val Leu Ser Gln Ala Ser Ser Leu
                 20
                                      25
                                                           30
Ala Val Tyr Leu Arg Ala Ala Pro Tyr Pro Asp Val Thr Ala Lys
                 35
                                      40
                                                           45
Lys Leu Arg His Asp Thr Asn Cys Gly Phe Pro Arg Gln Gln Arg
                 50
                                      55
                                                           60
Met Ala Arg Gly His Glu Gly Arg Ala Pro Leu Leu Asp Arg Pro
                 65
                                      70
Thr Leu Lys Ser Arg Tyr Leu Arg Ala Asn His Lys Ile Asn Thr
                 80
Phe Glu Glu Ile Thr Ala Met Pro Ser
<210> 55
<211> 565
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<223> Incyte clone 1686561CD1
<400> 55
Met Asn Arg Ser Ile Pro Val Glu Val Asp Glu Ser Glu Pro Tyr
 1
                                     10
Pro Ser Gln Leu Lys Pro Ile Pro Glu Tyr Ser Pro Glu Glu
                 20
```

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25

40

45

60

Glu Ser Glu Pro Pro Ala Pro Asn Ile Arg Asn Met Ala Pro Asn

Ser Leu Ser Ala Pro Thr Met Leu His Asn Ser Ser Gly Asp Phe

35

50

Ser Gln Ala His Ser Thr Leu Lys Leu Ala Asn His Gln Arg Pro Ser Arg Gln Val Thr Cys Leu Arg Thr Gln Val Leu Glu Asp Ser Glu Asp Ser Phe Cys Arg Arg His Pro Gly Leu Gly Lys Ala Phe Pro Ser Gly Cys Ser Ala Val Ser Glu Pro Ala Ser Glu Ser Val Val Gly Ala Leu Pro Ala Glu His Gln Phe Ser Phe Met Glu Lys Arg Asn Gln Trp Leu Val Ser Gln Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Pro Asp Thr Gly His Asp Ser Asp Lys Ser Asp Gln Ser Leu Pro Asn Ala Ser Ala Asp Ser Leu Gly Gly Ser Gln Glu Met Val Gln Arg Pro Gln Pro His Arg Asn Arg Ala Gly Leu Asp Leu Pro Thr Ile Asp Thr Gly Tyr Asp Ser Gln Pro Gln Asp Val Leu Gly Ile Arg Gln Leu Glu Arg Pro Leu Pro Leu Thr Ser Val Cys Tyr Pro Gln Asp Leu Pro Arg Pro Leu Arg Ser Arg Glu Phe Pro Gln Phe Glu Pro Gln Arg Tyr Pro Ala Cys Ala Gln Met Leu Pro Pro Asn Leu Ser Pro His Ala Pro Trp Asn Tyr His Tyr His Cys Pro Gly Ser Pro Asp His Gln Val Pro Tyr Gly His Asp Tyr Pro Arg Ala Ala Tyr Gln Gln Val Ile Gln Pro Ala Leu Pro Gly Gln Pro Leu Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Arg Gly Leu His Pro Val Gln Lys Val Ile Leu Asn Tyr Pro Ser Pro Trp Asp Gln Glu Glu Arg Pro Ala Gln Arg Asp Cys Ser Phe Pro Gly Leu Pro Arg His Gln Asp Gln Pro His His Gln Pro Pro Asn Arg Ala Gly Ala Pro Gly Glu Ser Leu Glu Cys Pro Ala Glu Leu Arg Pro Gln Val Pro Gln Pro Pro Ser Pro Ala Ala Val Pro Arg Pro Pro Ser Asn Pro Pro Ala Arg Gly Thr Leu Lys Thr Ser Asn Leu Pro Glu Glu Leu Arg Lys Val Phe Ile Thr Tyr Ser Met Asp Thr Ala Met Glu Val Val Lys Phe Val Asn Phe Leu Leu Val Asn Gly Phe Gln Thr Ala Ile Asp Ile Phe Glu Asp Arg Ile Arg Gly Ile Asp Ile Ile Lys Trp Met Glu Arg Tyr Leu Arg Asp Lys Thr Val Met Ile Ile Val Ala Ile Ser Pro Lys Tyr Lys Gln Asp Val Glu Gly Ala Glu Ser Gln Leu Asp Glu Asp Glu His Gly Leu His Thr Lys Tyr Ile His Arg Met Met Gln Ile Glu Phe Ile Lys Gln Gly Ser Met Asn Phe Arg Phe Ile Pro Val Leu Phe Pro Asn Ala Lys Lys Glu His Val Pro Thr Trp Leu Gln Asn Thr His Val Tyr Ser Trp Pro Lys Asn Lys Lys Asn Ile Leu



Leu Arg Leu Leu Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Val Ala Pro Pro Arg Gly
545 . 550 . 555

Pro Leu Pro Thr Leu Gln Val Val Pro Leu
560 . 565

<210> 56 <211> 197 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1821233CD1 <400> 56 Met Thr Pro Thr Ser Ser Phe Val Ser Pro Pro Pro Pro Thr Ala 10 Ser Pro His Ser Asn Arg Thr Thr Pro Pro Glu Ala Ala Gln Asn 20 25 Gly Gln Ser Pro Met Ala Ala Leu Ile Leu Val Ala Asp Asn Ala 35 40 Gly Gly Ser His Ala Ser Lys Asp Ala Asn Gln Val His Ser Thr 50 55 Thr Arg Arg Asn Ser Asn Ser Pro Pro Ser Pro Ser Ser Met Asn 65 70 75 Gln Arg Arg Leu Gly Pro Arg Glu Val Gly Gly Gln Gly Ala Gly 80 85 90 Asn Thr Gly Gly Leu Glu Pro Val His Pro Ala Ser Leu Pro Asp 95 100 Ser Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Ala Pro Leu Cys Cys Thr Leu Cys His 110 115 Glu Arg Leu Glu Asp Thr His Phe Val Gln Cys Pro Ser Val Pro 125 130 135 Ser His Lys Phe Cys Phe Pro Cys Ser Arg Gln Ser Ile Lys Gln 140 145 150 Gln Gly Ala Ser Gly Glu Val Tyr Cys Pro Ser Gly Glu Lys Cys 155 160 165 Pro Leu Val Gly Ser Asn Val Pro Trp Ala Phe Met Gln Gly Glu 170 175 180 Ile Ala Thr Ile Leu Ala Gly Asp Val Lys Val Lys Glu Arg 185 Asp Ser

<210> 57 <211> 321 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220>

<221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 1877278CD1

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```
Glu Glu Glu Gly Thr Leu Ile Ile Glu Gly Leu Leu Asn Ile Ala
Trp Gly Leu Arg Arg Pro Ile Arg Leu Gln Met Gln Asp Asp Arg
                 65
                                      70
Glu Gln Val His Leu Pro Ser Thr Ser Trp Met Pro Arg Arg Pro
                 80
                                      85
Ser Cys Pro Leu Lys Glu Pro Ser Pro Gln Asn Gly Asn Ile Thr
                 95
                                     100
                                                         105
Ala Gln Gly Pro Ser Ile Gln Pro Val His Lys Ala Glu Ser Ser
                110
                                     115
                                                         120
Thr Asp Ser Ser Gly Pro Leu Glu Glu Ala Glu Glu Ala Pro Gln
                125
                                     130
                                                         135
Leu Met Arg Thr Lys Ser Asp Ala Ser Cys Met Ser Gln Arg Arg
                140
                                     145
                                                         150
Pro Lys Cys Arg Ala Pro Gly Glu Ala Gln Arg Ile Arg Arg His
                155
                                     160
                                                         165
Arg Phe Ser Ile Asn Gly His Phe Tyr Asn His Lys Thr Ser Val
                170
                                     175
                                                         180
Phe Thr Pro Ala Tyr Gly Ser Val Thr Asn Val Arg Val Asn Ser
                185
                                     190
                                                         195
Thr Met Thr Thr Leu Gln Val Leu Thr Leu Leu Leu Asn Lys Phe
                200
                                     205
                                                         210
Arg Val Glu Asp Gly Pro Ser Glu Phe Ala Leu Tyr Ile Val His
                215
                                     220
                                                         225
Glu Ser Gly Glu Arg Thr Lys Leu Lys Asp Cys Glu Tyr Pro Leu
                230
                                     235
                                                         240
Ile Ser Arg Ile Leu His Gly Pro Cys Glu Lys Ile Ala Arg Ile
                245
                                     250
                                                         255
Phe Leu Met Glu Ala Asp Leu Gly Val Glu Val Pro His Glu Val
                260
                                     265
                                                         270
Ala Gln Tyr Ile Lys Phe Glu Met Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Phe Val
                275
                                     280
                                                         285
Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Glu Glu Arg Glu Ile Ile Lys Leu Thr
                290
                                     295
                                                         300
Met Lys Phe Gln Ala Leu Arg Leu Thr Met Leu Gln Arg Leu Glu
                305
                                     310
Gln Leu Val Glu Ala Lys
                320
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<210> 58 <211> 356 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<223> Incyte clone 1880692CD1

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Asp Lys Ile Phe Glu Gln Val Leu Ser Glu Leu Glu Pro Leu Cys
                110
                                     115
Leu Ala Glu Gln Asp Phe Ile Ser Lys Phe Phe Lys Leu Gln Gln
                125
                                     130
                                                          135
His Gln Ser Met Pro Gly Thr Met Ala Glu Ala Glu Asp Leu Asp
                140
                                     145
                                                          150
Gly Gly Thr Leu Ser Arg Gln His Asn Cys Gly Thr Pro Leu Pro
                155
                                     160
                                                          165
Val Ser Ser Glu Lys Asp Met Ile Arg Gln Met Met Ile Lys Ile
                170
                                     175
                                                          180
Phe Arg Cys Ile Glu Pro Glu Leu Asn Asn Leu Ile Ala Leu Gly
                185
                                     190
                                                          195
Asp Lys Ile Asp Ser Phe Asn Ser Leu Tyr Met Leu Val Lys Met
                200
                                     205
                                                          210
Ser His His Val Trp Thr Ala Gln Asn Val Asp Pro Ala Ser Phe
                215
                                     220
                                                          225
Leu Ser Thr Thr Leu Gly Asn Val Leu Val Thr Val Lys Arg Asn
                230
                                     235
                                                          240
Phe Asp Lys Cys Ile Ser Asn Gln Ile Arg Gln Met Glu Glu Val
                245
                                     250
                                                          255
Lys Ile Ser Lys Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ile Leu Pro Phe Val Ala
                260
                                     265
                                                         270
Glu Phe Glu Glu Phe Ala Gly Leu Ala Glu Ser Ile Phe Lys Asn
                275
                                     280
                                                         285
Ala Glu Arg Arg Gly Asp Leu Asp Lys Ala Tyr Thr Lys Leu Ile
                290
                                     295
                                                          300
Arg Gly Val Phe Val Asn Val Glu Lys Val Ala Asn Glu Ser Gln
                305
                                     310
                                                         315
Lys Thr Pro Arg Asp Val Val Met Met Glu Asn Phe His His Ile
                320
                                     325
                                                         330
Phe Ala Thr Leu Ser Arg Leu Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu Glu Ala Glu
                335
                                     340
Lys Lys Glu Ala Ala Ile Asn His Lys Phe Phe
                350
                                     355
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<210> 59 <211> 299 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220>

<221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 2280456CD1

<400> 59 Met Glu Glu Leu Leu Pro Asp Gly Gln Ile Trp Ala Asn Met Asp Pro Glu Glu Arg Met Leu Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Phe Thr His Ile Cys Ala Gly Gln Gly Glu Gly Asp Val Arg Arg Glu Ala Gln Ser Ile Gln Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Ser Lys Ala Ser Val Ala Pro Gly Lys Arg Pro Ala Leu Pro Val Gln Leu Gln Tyr Pro His Val Glu Ser Asn Val Pro Ser Glu Thr Val Ser Glu Ala Ser Gln Arg Leu Arg Lys Pro Val Met Lys Arg Lys Val Leu Arg Arg Lys Pro Asp Gly Glu Val Leu Val Thr Asp Glu Ser Ile Ile Ser Glu Ser Glu Ser 11.5 Gly Thr Glu Asn Asp Gln Asp Leu Trp Asp Leu Arg Gln Arg Leu 

```
Met Asn Val Gln Phe Gln Glu Asp Lys Glu Ser Ser Phe Asp Val
                                    145
Ser Gln Lys Phe Asn Leu Pro His Glu Tyr Gln Gly Ile Ser Gln
                155
                                     160
Asp Gln Leu Ile Cys Ser Leu Gln Arg Glu Gly Met Gly Ser Pro
                170
                                     175
                                                          180
Ala Tyr Glu Gln Asp Leu Ile Val Ala Ser Arg Pro Lys Ser Phe
                185
                                     190
                                                          195
Ile Leu Pro Lys Leu Asp Gln Leu Ser Arg Asn Arg Gly Lys Thr
                200
                                     205
                                                          210
Asp Arg Val Ala Arg Tyr Phe Glu Tyr Lys Arg Asp Trp Asp Ser
                215
                                     220
                                                         225
Ile Arg Leu Pro Gly Glu Asp His Arg Lys Glu Leu Arg Trp Gly
                230
                                     235
                                                         240
Val Arg Glu Gln Met Leu Cys Arg Ala Glu Pro Gln Ser Lys Pro
                245
                                    250
                                                         255
Gln His Ile Tyr Val Pro Asn Asn Tyr Leu Val Pro Thr Glu Lys
                260
                                    265
Lys Arg Ser Ala Leu Arg Trp Gly Val Arg Cys Asp Leu Ala Asn
                275
                                    280
                                                         285
Gly Val Ile Pro Arg Lys Leu Pro Phe Pro Leu Ser Pro Ser
                290
                                    295
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<210> 60 <211> 293 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 2284580CD1 <400> 60 Met Ala Thr Phe Ser Gly Pro A. 1 5 Pro Gln Glu Asp Val Glu Phe G.

Met Ala Thr Phe Ser Gly Pro Ala Gly Pro Ile Leu Ser Leu Asn Pro Gln Glu Asp Val Glu Phe Gln Lys Glu Val Ala Gln Val Arg Lys Arg Ile Thr Gln Arg Lys Lys Gln Glu Gln Leu Thr Pro Gly Val Val Tyr Val Arg His Leu Pro Asn Leu Leu Asp Glu Thr Gln Ile Phe Ser Tyr Phe Ser Gln Phe Gly Thr Val Thr Arg Phe Arg Leu Ser Arg Ser Lys Arg Thr Gly Asn Ser Lys Gly Tyr Ala Phe Val Glu Phe Glu Ser Glu Asp Val Ala Lys Ile Val Ala Glu Thr Met Asn Asn Tyr Leu Phe Gly Glu Arg Leu Leu Glu Cys His Phe Met Pro Pro Glu Lys Val His Lys Glu Leu Phe Lys Asp Trp Asn Ile Pro Phe Lys Gln Pro Ser Tyr Pro Ser Val Lys Arg Tyr Asn Arg Asn Arg Thr Leu Thr Gln Lys Leu Arg Met Glu Glu Arg Phe Lys Lys Lys Glu Arg Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Ala Lys Lys Gly 17Õ Ile Asp Tyr Asp Phe Pro Ser Leu Ile Leu Gln Lys Thr Glu Ser Ile Ser Lys Thr Asn Arg Gln Thr Ser Thr Lys Gly Gln Val Leu 

```
Arg Lys Lys Lys Lys Val Ser Gly Thr Leu Asp Thr Pro Glu
                215
                                    220
Lys Thr Val Asp Ser Gln Gly Pro Thr Pro Val Cys Thr Pro Thr
                230
                                    235
                                                         240
Phe Leu Glu Arg Arg Lys Ser Gln Val Ala Glu Leu Asn Asp Asp
                245
                                    250
                                                         255
Asp Lys Asp Asp Glu Ile Val Phe Lys Gln Pro Ile Ser Cys Val
                260
                                    265
                                                         270
Lys Glu Glu Ile Gln Glu Thr Gln Thr Pro Thr His Ser Arg Lys
                275
                                    280
Lys Arg Arg Arg Ser Ser Asn Gln
                290
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<210> 61 <211> 777 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 2779172CD1 <400> 61 Met Val Leu Cys His Ser Phe Leu Tyr Arg Ile Leu Thr Val Gln Gln His Gly Phe Phe Phe Gly His Asp Arg Arg Pro Ala Asp Gly Glu Lys Gln Ala Ala Thr His Val Ser Leu Asp Gln Glu Tyr Asp Ser Glu Ser Ser Gln Gln Trp Arg Glu Leu Glu Glu Gln Val Val Ser Val Val Asn Lys Gly Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Phe His Pro Thr Gln Tyr Cys Leu Asn Ser Tyr Ser Asp Asn Ser Arg Phe Pro Leu Ala Val Val Glu Glu Pro Ile Thr Val Glu Val Ala Phe Arg Asn Pro Leu Lys Val Leu Leu Leu Thr Asp Leu Ser Leu Leu Trp Lys Phe His Pro Lys Asp Phe Ser Gly Lys Asp Asn Glu Glu Val Lys Gln Leu Val Thr Ser Glu Pro Glu Met Ile Gly Ala Glu Val Ile Ser Glu Phe Leu Ile Asn Gly Glu Glu Ser Lys Val Ala Arg Leu Lys Leu Phe Pro His His Ile Gly Glu Leu His Ile Leu Gly Val Val Tyr Asn Leu Gly Thr Ile Gln Gly Ser Met Thr Val Asp Gly Ile Gly Ala Leu Pro Gly Cys His Thr Gly Lys Tyr Ser Leu Ser Met Ser Val Arg Gly Lys Gln Asp Leu Glu Ile Gln Gly Pro Arg Leu Asn Asn Thr Lys Glu Glu Lys Thr Ser Val Lys Tyr Gly Pro Asp Arg Arg Leu Asp Pro Ile Ile Thr Glu Glu Met Pro Leu Leu Glu Val Phe Phe Ile His Phe Pro Thr Gly Leu Leu Cys Gly Glu Ile Arg Lys Ala Tyr Val Glu Phe Val Asn Val Ser Lys Cys 

Pro Leu Thr Gly Leu Lys Val Val Ser Lys Arg Pro Glu Phe Phe Thr Phe Gly Gly Asn Thr Ala Val Leu Thr Pro Leu Ser Pro Ser Ala Ser Glu Asn Cys Ser Ala Tyr Lys Thr Val Val Thr Asp Ala Thr Ser Val Cys Thr Ala Leu Ile Ser Ser Ala Ser Ser Val Asp Phe Gly Ile Gly Thr Gly Ser Gln Pro Glu Val Ile Pro Val Pro Leu Pro Asp Thr Val Leu Leu Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Gln Leu Pro Met Trp Leu Arg Gly Pro Asp Glu Glu Gly Val His Glu Ile Asn Phe Leu Phe Tyr Tyr Glu Ser Val Lys Lys Gln Pro Lys Ile Arg His Arg Ile Leu Arg His Thr Ala Ile Ile Cys Thr Ser Arg Ser Leu Asn Val Arg Ala Thr Val Cys Arg Ser Asn Ser Leu Glu Asn Glu Glu Gly Arg Gly Gly Asn Met Leu Val Phe Val Asp Val Glu Asn Thr Asn Thr Ser Glu Ala Gly Val Lys Glu Phe His Ile Val Gln Val Ser Ser Ser Lys His Trp Lys Leu Gln Lys Ser Val Asn Leu Ser Glu Asn Lys Asp Thr Lys Leu Ala Ser Arg Glu Lys Gly Lys Phe Cys Phe Lys Ala Ile Arg Cys Glu Lys Glu Glu Ala Ala Thr Gln Ser Ser Glu Lys Tyr Thr Phe Ala Asp Ile Ile Phe Gly Asn Glu Gln Ile Ile Ser Ser Ala Ser Pro Cys Ala Asp Phe Phe Tyr Arg Ser Leu Ser Ser Glu Leu Lys Lys Pro Gln Ala His Leu Pro Val His Thr Glu Lys Gln Ser Thr Glu Asp Ala Val Arg Leu Ile Gln Lys Cys Ser Glu Val Asp Leu Asn Ile Val Ile Leu Trp Lys Ala Tyr Val Val Glu Asp Ser Lys Gln Leu Ile Leu Glu Gly Gln His His Val Ile Leu Arg Thr Ile Gly Lys Glu Ala Phe Ser Tyr Pro Gln Lys Gln Glu Pro Pro Glu Met Glu Leu Leu Lys Phe Phe Arg Pro Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Ser Ser Arg Pro Ser Val Glu Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Ile Lys Thr Ser Leu His Tyr Pro Glu Ser Phe Asn His Pro Phe His Gln Lys Ser Leu Cys Leu Val Pro Val Thr Leu Leu Ser Asn Cys Ser Lys Ala Asp Val Asp Val Ile Val Asp Leu Arg His Lys Thr Thr Ser Pro Glu Ala Leu Glu Ile His Gly Ser Phe Thr Trp Leu Gly Gln Thr Gln Tyr Lys Leu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gln Glu Ile His Ser Leu Gln Leu Lys Ala Cys Phe Val His Thr Gly Val Tyr Asn Leu Gly Thr Pro Arg Val Phe Ala Lys Leu Ser Asp Gln Val Thr Val Phe Glu Thr Ser Gln Gln 

Asn Ser Met Pro Ala Leu Ile Ile Ile Ser Asn Val 770 . 775

<210> 63

<210> 62 <211> 97 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 3279329CD1 <400> 62 Met Pro Pro Gly Thr Val Leu Arg Tyr Val Gln Cys Leu Phe Leu 5 10 Asp Leu Cys Ile Cys His Glu Ala Pro Cys Gly Leu Cys Met Lys 20 30 Leu Leu Cys Phe Trp Val Asn Arg Cys Ala Cys Gln Leu Ala 35 40 45 Cys Val Leu Ser Lys Phe His Lys Leu Lys Val Phe Lys Gly Cys 50 55 60 Val Val Ser Glu Leu Tyr Val Ser Phe Leu Ser Leu Tyr Leu Gln 65 70 Arg Val Arg Asn Glu Ile Tyr Thr Ser Lys Val Ser Leu Ile Asn 80 85 Met Ala Phe Cys Phe Ser Met

<211> 308 <212> PRT <213> Homo sapiens <220> <221> misc\_feature <223> Incyte clone 3340290CD1 <400> 63 Met Ser Val Ser Gly Leu Lys Ala Glu Leu Lys Phe Leu Ala Ser 10 Ile Phe Asp Lys Asn His Glu Arg Phe Arg Ile Val Ser Trp Lys 20 Leu Asp Glu Leu His Cys Gln Phe Leu Val Pro Gln Gln Gly Ser 35 40 Pro His Ser Leu Pro Pro Pro Leu Thr Leu His Cys Asn Ile Thr 50 55 60 Glu Ser Tyr Pro Ser Ser Ser Pro Ile Trp Phe Val Asp Ser Glu 65 70 Asp Pro Asn Leu Thr Ser Val Leu Glu Arg Leu Glu Asp Thr Lys 80 85 90 Asn Asn Asn Leu Asn Gly Thr Thr Glu Glu Val Thr Ser Glu Glu 95 100 105 Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Met Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Asp Leu Asp 110 115 120 His Tyr Glu Met Lys Glu Glu Glu Pro Ile Ser Gly Lys Lys Ser 125 130 135 Glu Asp Glu Gly Ile Glu Lys Glu Asn Leu Ala Ile Leu Glu Lys 140 145 150 Ile Arg Lys Thr Gln Arg Gln Asp His Leu Asn Gly Ala Val Ser 155 160 165

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Gly Ser Val Gln Ala Ser Asp Arg Leu Met Lys Glu Leu Arg Asp
                170
                                    175
Ile Tyr Arg Ser Gln Ser Tyr Lys Thr Gly Ile Tyr Ser Val Glu
                185
                                    190
                                                         195
Leu Ile Asn Asp Ser Leu Tyr Asp Trp His Val Lys Leu Gln Lys
                200
                                    205
                                                         210
Val Asp Pro Asp Ser Pro Leu His Ser Asp Leu Gln Ile Leu Lys
                215
                                    220
                                                         225
Glu Lys Glu Gly Ile Glu Tyr Ile Leu Leu Asn Phe Ser Phe Lys
                230
                                    235
                                                         240
Asp Asn Phe Pro Phe Asp Pro Pro Phe Val Arg Val Val Leu Pro
                245
                                    250
                                                         255
Val Leu Ser Gly Gly Tyr Val Leu Gly Gly Gly Ala Leu Cys Met
                260
                                    265
Glu Leu Leu Thr Lys Gln Asn Gln Tyr Asn Leu Ala Arg Ala Gln
                275
                                    280
                                                         285
Gln Ser Tyr Asn Ser Ile Val Gln Ile His Glu Lys Asn Gly
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                                    295
Tyr Thr Pro Pro Lys Glu Asp Gly
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<211> 290 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

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<223> Incyte clone 3376404CD1

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```
Trp Leu Gln Ala Gly Val Ile Ser Trp Gly Glu Gly Cys Ala Arg
                 245
                                      250
 Gln Asn Arg Pro Gly Val Tyr Ile Arg Val Thr Ala His His Asn
                 260
                                      265
 Trp Ile His Arg Ile Ile Pro Lys Leu Gln Phe Gln Pro Ala Arg
                 275
                                      280
                                                           285
 Leu Gly Gly Gln Lys
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Asn Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Asp Asn Asp Glu Ile Met Ala Leu Cys
                  20
                                      25
                                                           30
Asp Thr Val Thr Asn Arg Leu Val Gln Pro Gln Asp Arg Gln Asp
                  35
                                      40
Ala Val His Ala Ile Leu Ala Tyr Ser Gln Ser Ala Glu Glu Leu
                  50
                                      55
                                                           60
Leu Arg Arg Arg Lys Val His Arg Glu Val Ile Phe Lys Tyr Leu
                  65
                                      70
Ala Thr Gln Gly Ile Val Ile Pro Pro Ala Thr Glu Lys His Asn
                  80
                                      85
                                                           90
Leu Ile Gln His Ala Lys Asp Tyr Trp Gln Lys Gln Pro Gln Leu
                  95
                                     100
Lys Leu Lys Glu Thr Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Lys Thr Glu Asp Ile
                110
                                     115
                                                          120
His Leu Phe Gln Gln Gln Val Lys Glu Asp Lys Lys Ala Glu Lys
                125
                                     130
Val Asp Phe Arg Arg Leu Gly Glu Glu Phe Cys His Trp Phe Phe
                140
                                     145
                                                          150
Gly Leu Leu Asn Ser Gln Asn Pro Phe Leu Gly Pro Pro Gln Asp
                155
                                     160
Glu Trp Gly Pro Gln His Phe Trp His Asp Val Lys Leu Arg
                                                         Phe
                170
                                     175
                                                          180
Tyr Tyr Asn Thr Ser Glu Gln Asn Val Met Gly Leu Thr Met Glu
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                                     190
Pro Glu Ser
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 tgttccctat atacgacact tgataattaa gatgatcaag aaccagaaga tctgtgaaga 720 aatgaaataa aatggtattt agtaagaaat ctctattta agaaaaaaag taaaacctgt 780
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taaatggtgc aactctgggt cccaggaaga gggatatagc cagtaccaac gtatgctgag 300 cacgctgtct caatgtgaat tttcaatggg caaaacttta ctagtatatg atatgaatct 360
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<221> misc feature
<223> Incyte clone 082843CB1
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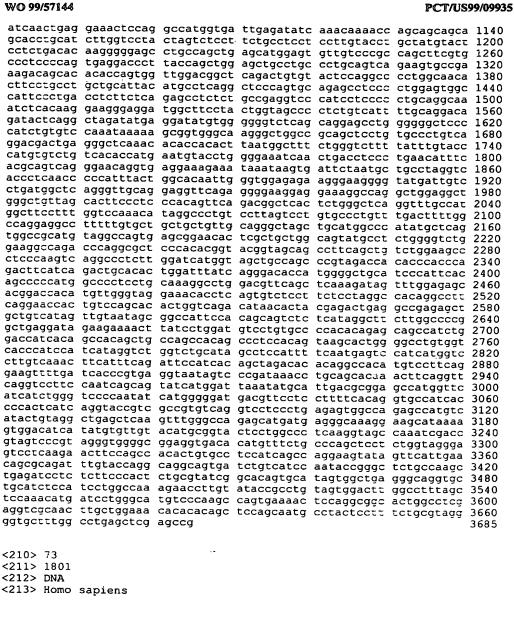


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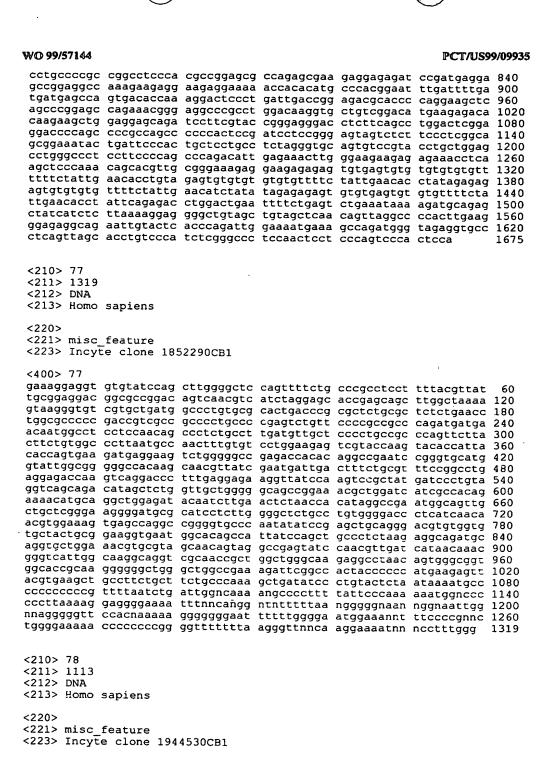
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1963

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1325

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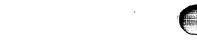


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